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THE Bombay Gazette.

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PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

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LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing 2-30 p.m.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1913				
7th June	SALSETTE ..	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
14th "	ARABIA	8000	.....	.....
21st "	DELTA	8000	MOREA	11000
28th "	INDIA	8000	.....	.....
5th July.	SALSETTE ..	6000	MARMORA	10500
12th "	HIMALAYA.	7000	.....	.....
19th "	SALSETTE ..	6000	MEDINA	12300
26th "	EGYPT	8000	.....	.....
2nd Aug.	SALSETTE ..	6000	MOLDAVIA ..	10000
9th "	PERSIA. ...	8000	.....	.....
16th "	SALSETTE ..	6000	MALOJA	12500
23rd "	CALEDONIA	8000	.....	.....
30th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA ...	10000
6th Sept.	ARABIA	8000	.....	.....
13th "	INDIA	8000	MACEDONIA ...	10500

All the above steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to connecting Steamers at Port Said.

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The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on Wednesday, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and return tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information, apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.

Bombay.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILINGS FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1913.

Steamers.	Tons.	Capts.	Leave Bombay
			1913.
Massilia ..	5091	J. Thomson ..	9th June
Olympia ..	5124	J. Kinnaird ..	15th June.
*Circassia ..	6722	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	5th July.
Scindia ..	5106	Wm. Kelso ..	19th July
*Castalia ..	6388	G. Mitchell ..	3rd Aug.
*Elysia ..	6368	J. A. Coverley ..	17th Aug.
Massilia ..	5091	J. Thomson ..	1st Sept.
Olympia ..	5124	J. Kinnaird ..	17th Sept.
*Circassia ..	6722	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	4th Oct
Scindia ..	5106	Wm. Kelso ..	15th Oct.
*Castalia ..	6388	G. Mitchell ..	26th Oct.
*Elysia ..	6368	J. A. Coverley	11th Nov.
Massilia ..	5091	J. Thomson ..	29th Nov.
Olympia ..	5124	J Kinnaird ..	13th Dec.
			1914
*Circassia ..	6722	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	4th Jan.
Scindia ..	5106	Wm. Kelso ..	16th Jan.
*Castalia ..	6388	G. Mitchell ..	31st Jan.

*Fitted with Marconi Wireless Telegraphy.

FARES,

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Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Port Said	„ 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	„ 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	„ 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	„ 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	„ 605	957
Bombay to New York	„ 841	1,429
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W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
AGENTS, Bombay.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE (GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE). BOMBAY TO EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.

THE following steamers will SAIL :—

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	To Sail about
Kanzler	3000	Schapp	21st June 1913
* Konig	4900	Coltzau	2nd July 1913
Markgraf	3680	Kasch	21st July 1913

Taking passengers and cargo for SEYCHELLES, LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS, DURBAN and CAPE.

* Wireless Telegraphy Twin-screw

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Bombay, 20th May, 1913.

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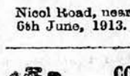

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Weekly from Victoria Docks.

Steamers from Sailing Date Time Route via.
Kola .....1205 Thurs. 12th June. 9 a.m. direct.
Dwarka.....1635 Friday 20th June 10 a.m. direct.
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(Weekly.)

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(Weekly).

S.S. "Barala," 3,148, tons, on Thursday the 12th June, calling at Karachi, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Dubai, Bahrein Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR SEYCHELLES, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Fortnightly.)

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Sailing on
*Purnea	3306	Thursday, 12th June.
†Pundua	3305	„ 26th June.
*Palamcotta	3413	„ 10th July.
†Lindula	3358	„ 24th July.

*Calls at Seychelles, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

†Calls at Mombassa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay, and Durban.

Passengers may book through to Cape Colony Ports transhipping at Durban, to the steamers of the Union Castle or other line.

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6th June, 1913.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

French Mail Steamers.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	To sail on
"Ville de La Ciotat"	6378	Lafont	2nd July, 1913.
Nera	5635	Cousiz	30th July, 1913
Sydney	4142	Rao	27th Aug. 1913

PASSAGE FARES.

	1st	2nd	3rd
To Marseilles (single) .. Rs.	594	495	225
Do. (return) .. „	891	743	405
To London (single) .. „	660	528	270
Do. return) .. „	990	797	495

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RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd or the Italian Line at reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

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FOR BRINDISI AND VENICE (transhipping at PORT SAID.)

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Sardegna	5255	A. Muzio	June 15, 1913
Sicilia	5229	D. Maganzini	July 15, 1913

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER, AND ELECTRIC FANS.

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Single Ticket from	Rs. 450 to 550	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
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BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE AND KOBE.

Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Capri	4196	E. Portunato	June 21, 1913

SALOON FARES to SINGAPORE, Rs. 175; to KOBE, Rs. 250; DECK FARES to SINGAPORE, Rs. 45; and to KOBE, Rs 70.

Subject to alterations; for further particulars, apply to—

G. FERRERO,
Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY. Agent

BANKS.

THE Mercantile Bank of India, Limited.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL £1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... £ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS ..... £ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS ..... £ 415.000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), DELHI, RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, KOTA, BAHRU (Kelantan), PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.		
Bombay	Cochin	Zanzibar
Madras	Chittagong	Mombassa
Karachi	Rangoon	Nairobi
Lahore	Mandalay	Nakuru
Armitsar	Colombo	Kisumu
Delhi	Kandy	Jinja
Cawnpore	Newara-Eliya	Kampala
Tuticorin	Aden (Camp).	Entebbe
	Aden (Steamer point).	

The Bank negotiates and collects bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs.1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising interest and dividends when due

A SCOTT SMITH,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital ..... $ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability for Proprietors $15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund $17,200,000
Gold Reserve Fund ..... $ 1,593,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Amoy	Ipok	Johore
Bangkok	Johore	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	London	Singapore
Canton	Lyons	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taipeh
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tsingtau
Hangkow	New York	Yokohama
Harbin	Pekin	Yloilo
Hongkong	Penang	
	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNT.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs.1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

40, Church Gate Street.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yen.	48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	„	30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS.....	„	18,200,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKAHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT :—

Antung-Hsien	Fengtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Pekin
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur.
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liuyaang	Tilnling
London	Tienstin
Lyons	Tokyo
Los Angeles, Cal, U.S.A.	Harbin (North Manchuria

CURRENT DEPOSITS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed on two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

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Post Box No. 207, Sub-Manager.
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BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..... £2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL £1,000,000
RESERVE FUND £1,000,000

HEAD OFFICE :—
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E.C.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta	Cochin	Zanzibar
Bombay	Chittagong	Mombassa
Madras	Rangoon	Nairobi
Karachi	Mandalay	Nakuru
Lahore	Colombo	Kisumu
Armitsar	Kandy	Jinja
Delhi	Newara-Eliya	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp).	Entebbe
Tuticorin	Aden (Steamer point).	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives deposits FIXED for one year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 and up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed, when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased and collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities and Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS granted on approved securities.

Post Box No. 141, RALPH KIDD,
BOMBAY. Acting Manager.

THE ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LIMITED.

CAPITAL (paid up) .....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) .....Rs. 29,00,000

HEAD OFFICE :—SIMLA.

BRANCHES :—

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoroie, Murree, Rawalpindi, Delhi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS.

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Interest on the accounts of individuals and private firms allowed half yearly at 2½ per cent. per annum to the 31st May next on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 and thereafter at 2 per cent., but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK.—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description treatment. RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable on application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

COX & CO., BANKERS & AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act, 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP £400,000
RESERVE £50,000

HEAD OFFICE :—16, CHARING CROSS RD., LONDON.

BRANCHES :—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawalpindi, Muree, and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received. Rates of INTEREST to be obtained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Bank's Current Rates of exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made. ADDRESSES for cabling purposes registered free of charge.

INSURANCE of every description effected.

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A copy of the Half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE :

CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE :—Gresham Buildings.

PAID UP CAPITAL .....Rs. 15,00,000
RESERVE FUND .....Rs. 1,00,000
Banking business of every description transacted.

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Payable in 15 day's notice 2½ per cent. under Bank Rate.
Payable at 30 days' notice 2 per cent under Bank Rate.
Payable at 60 days' notice 1 per cent under Bank Rate.

NO CHANCE OF LOSING MONEY DEPOSITED IN THIS BANK.

The following figures of the Working Capital show the Bank's progress in 1912

31st January, 1912 ..	Rs.	8,00,000
30th April, „	Rs.	24,00,000
31st July „	Rs.	52,60,0000
30th December „	Rs.	100,00,000

S. N. POCHKHANAWALA (C.A.I.B.), London, Manager.

BANKS

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E.C.
BRANCHES AT
Bombay, Calcutta, and Bagdad.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..... £1,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL ..... £ 400,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 15,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS ..... £ 600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS :—
The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, Kt.
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EMILE FRANCQUI, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique).
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J. S. HASKELL, Esq. (Messrs. E D Sassoon & Co.)
G. BROMLEY-MARTIN, Esq. (of Martins Bank, Ltd.)

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E. J. MOSES, Esq.
SORABJI COWASJI PETIT, Esq.
MATHURADAS GOCULDAS, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE :
Corner of Hornby Rd., and Churchgate St

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained on application.

Interest allowed on SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS AT 3½ per cent per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE PURCHASED, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASE AND SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.

SECURITIES received for Safe Custody, and interest and dividends collected for clients.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

International Banking Corporation.

HEAD OFFICE : NEW YORK.

Capital Paid up ..	Gold $	3,250,000,00
Reserve Fund	„ „	3,250,000,00
Undivided Profits....	„ „	627,775

LONDON OFFICE :—36, Bishopsgate E. C.—

BRANCHES :—

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Mexico.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Panama.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Colon.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Empire.
Manila.	Kobe.	

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and Cable Transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China, and Japan, buys bills of exchange, Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNT opened, on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances, from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SUPPLIED.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43 Church Gate Street.

Allahabad Bank, Ltd.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL..... Rs. 40,00,000
CAPITAL (paid up) „ 25,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in GOVT. PAPER)... „ 36,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:—ALLAHABAD

BRANCHES :—At Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, Lucknow, Bareilly, Jhansi, Nagpore, Jubbulpore, Nainital, and Meerut.

SUB-AGENCIES :—Amritsar, Benares, Chandousi, Hathras, Moradabad, and Sitapur.

Fixed Deposit, Current and Savings Bank Accounts opened on terms which can be ascertained.

Banking Business of every description transacted.

Copy of Rules may be had on application.

H. H. WHITE,
Agent,
Bombay Branch.
101, Hornby Road.

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The Finest Polish FOR all metal works is

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"The Suites" and some of the "Forty-eight Preludes and Fugues" ... ...Bach
Excerpts from the pianoforte works ... ...Mozart
Some of the thirty-two sonatas ... ...Beethoven
"Hilarite" and "Moto Continuo" ... ...Weber
"Impromptu" in B flat ... ...Schubert
"Andante and Rondo Capriccioso," "Lieder Ohne Worte" ...Mendelssohn
The "Liebestraum" and one of the Rhapsodies ...Liszt
"Impromptu" in A flat, "Nocturne" in F minor Op. 55, "Valse" in C sharp minor, "Ballade" in a A flat "Berceuse" in D flat Op. 57 and the "Preludes," "Etudes" and "Scherzos" ... ...Chopin
The "Intermezzi," "Novellette" in F, "Arabesque" and "Sonata" in G minor ... ...Schumann
"Menuette" in G, "Nocturne" in E flat and "Variations" in A ... ...Paderewski
"Valse Caprice," "Romance" in E flat, "Melody" in F ... ...Rubinstein
"Lytischstucke," the "Bridal Procession" and "Wedding Day" ... ...Greig
"Ten Preludes" and "A melody" in C sharp ... ...Rachmaninoff
Some of the Preludes ... ...Blumenfeld
"A Menuette Pomposo" and A "Book of five short pieces" ... ...Albanesi
The "Miniature Suite No. 1" and "First Ballade" ...York Bowen
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Any or all of the charming compositions by ... ...Arensky.

A knowledge of the foregoing will provide the pianist with a remarkable REPERTOIRE of moderately difficult first class piano music, both in "Music of the Past" as well as "Music of the Present" and to which of course may be added AD LIB many beautiful compositions which can be found in the comprehensive Albums published of the Great Masters of the piano.

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PIANO AND MUSIC DEPARTMENT.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES.
C. COLONNELLO SON & CO.,
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PURE ITALIAN OLIVE OIL, unsurpassable for purity.
ITALIAN WHITE WINE VINEGAR, the produce of the grape only.
MACCARONI, VERMICELLI, and SOUP PASTES, always in stock, consignments received by every Italian Steamer Monthly.
EGGS MACCARONI, (a speciality) prepared with Eggs.
HOR'S D'OUVRE in glass jars and in tins of different varieties from the best Home Firms.
WINES and LIQUEURS, from the best Houses in France and Italy.
ALMONDS and WALNUTS (Italian) in soft shell; MALAGA RAISINS, and DESSERT SMYRNA FIGS in boxes; and ITALIAN HAZELNUTS.
SINGAPORE CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, EASY CHAIRS, and TABLES of various patterns and designs always in stock.
Our famous GRIGNOLINO CLARET (purely Grape Wine) in great demand.

MONGINI BROTHERS.

THE FIRM FOR
CHOCOLATES.
PETER'S AND NESTLE'S SWISS CHOCOLATES,
CADBURY'S AND FRY'S ENGLISH CHOCOLATES,
MORIONDS AND GARIGLIO'S ITALIAN CHOCOLATES
HELLERS' AUSTRIAN CHOCOLATES,
KING GEORGE'S CHOCOLATES,
And Regal and Tudor Assortment of Chocolates.
NUT CHOCOLATE, MILK CHOCOLATE, CHOCOLATE NOUGAT, Chocolate Biscuits, Liqueur Chocolate, Chocolate Pralines, Chocolate in tablets, Chocolate in tins, and a large assortment of beautiful chocolate boxes suitable for presentation.

MONGINI BROTHERS,
CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

DO YOU GET FEVER?
A CERTAIN CURE FOR FEVER, AGUE, AND INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE, IS
BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE AND PILLS
Price Re. 1 each.
BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS
For pale people is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc., etc. Re. 1-8 each.
BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER
Is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs, Ans. 4 each.
BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT
Cures ring-worm, Dhobies itch, etc., etc., in a day. Ans. 4 each.
OF ALL DEALERS, OR OF
DR. H. L. BATLIWALA J. P.,
WORLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE.

WITH reference to Railway Board's advertisement dated 7th April, 1913, calling for Tenders for the construction and supply of wagons for the Indian States Railways, notice is hereby given that the TIME for the submission of Tenders for the construction and supply of 100 metre gauge bogie, I. C. goods wagons, 43 ft. long, Sheffield Twinberrow type, is extended to noon of TUESDAY, the 24th June, 1913.

T. RYAN,
Officiating Secretary,
Railway Board.

Simla, 26th May, 1913.

☞ WHISKY NOGGIN.

WE SELL this miniature whisky jug mounted in Silver. It holds just one gill and is cleaner and more elegant in use than the pegmeasure of the refreshment bar type. As each guest is served with one for his exclusive own it becomes unnecessary to urge the importunate question of quantity. The noggin is a silent and home like suggestion of "just help yourself," while the obtrusive "half or full peg Sir?" sounds too business like.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

WANTED AT ONCE.

A SMART European advertising CANVASSER, those who have had experience in Newspaper Canvassing only need apply. Good pay to a first class man who can prove himself worthy of recognition.

Apply to MANAGER,
The "Bombay Gazette."

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co., GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASSWARE, on sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat furniture.

GOSSAGE'S SOAPS

Empress Dale
AND
Housewife's Friend

Fine Household Soaps

Can be obtained everywhere

GOSSAGE'S SOAPS.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention Best. Schools near. Terms Moderate. Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd., Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines, Bombay.

J. V. MAVLAKHI & CO.,

DEALERS IN STATIONERY,

SURVEYING,
ENGINEERING,
AND
DRAWING
INSTRUMENTS, Etc.,
ARTISTS'
MATERIALS, Etc.,

No. 9-13 KANTA BUILDING,
KALBADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

THE REARING
OF
CHILDREN.

A Lecture delivered
BY
LT.-COL. COLLIE, I. M. S.

PRICE ANNAS TWO; POSTAGE ½ ANNA

To be had from the "Bombay Gazette."

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES—"Gazette Commercial" of the following sizes :—

3½ inch by 4½ inch...Rs. 1 per hundred
3½ inch by 4½ inch...As. 14 per „ *
* If printed on flap there will be an additional charger Rs. 3 per 1,000.
6 13-16 inch by 3½ inch, Rs. 2½ per thousand *
* If printed on flap, Rs. 4 per thousand

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorial Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates Special terms for contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR.

HAVE YOU SEEN HER?

SALOME

This is your

LAST CHANCE

LEO GANN

THE DANCING COMEDIAN.

FULL FILM PROGRAMME

TO-MORROW,

The Greatest Film in the World

QUO VAD IS?

Brought Straight from Italy.

CANVAS

David Corsar & Sons

Best Flax Canvas

For full particulars apply to—

SHALABHOY TYEBJI & SONS,

BANK STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

LONDON
HOTEL WINDSOR.

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER.

(*Near the Houses of Parliament.*)

FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.

CONTAINING 250 Apartments, moderate charges.

Tariff and full particulars on application to the

PROPRIETOR.

Telegraphic address "EARNESTNESS" LONDON.

● SELF CURE NO FICTION! ●
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections

THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.

THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force.

Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The LeClerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.

THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.

SOLD BY TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA

ACCIDENT INSURANCE

HAVE YOU A POLICY OF THIS DESCRIPTION? IF NOT IT WOULD BE ADVISABLE TO WRITE TO

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.

the Branch Managers of the

NORWICH and LONDON.

ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

PLEASE REFER TO ADVERT. IN THE INSURANCE COLUMN

COMMERCE
The leading Financial Paper in the East.

COMMERCE
The leading Insurance medium in the East.

COMMERCE
The leading Banking organ in the East.

COMMERCE
The leading Commercial Paper in the East.

COMMERCE
The leading Advertising medium in the East.

A free copy will be forwarded post free on application from any well-known firm.

LARGE CIRCULATION throughout INDIA, BURMA and CEYLON.

COMMERCE

HEAD OFFICE :—
25-26 Waterloo Street,
CALCUTTA.

AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA-INDIA THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT!

GRAND NEW PROGRAMME. PLENTY OF GOOD THINGS.

GIRL WITH THE LANTERN.

THE THRILLING STORY OF A RAILROAD HEROINE.

THE MARTYRS.

A STORY OF ANCIENT ROME. (Pathecolour).

THE COMICS ARE SIMPLY GREAT

WHICH OF THE TWO?

WONDERFUL HAIR-RESTORER.

BETTY AND A BALL OF STRING.

4 SHOWS NIGHTLY,

at 7, 8-30, 10 and 11-15 P. M.

PRIZE SHOWS—SATURDAY and SUNDAY, 5-30 to 6-30 P. M.

CHARNI ROAD. Tel. No. 1271.

IN THE PRESS **PRICE Rs. 5.**

THE

Bombay Gazette

EXCHANGE TABLES.

(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.
RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 64ths

FROM

1s. 3 3/4d. to 1s. 4 23/32d.

ALSO

Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

THIRD EDITION,

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,

HOMJI STREET, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, FORT BOMBAY.

1913

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD

This remarkable compound, the latest discovery of modern times for all phases of brain and nerve wreckage and exhaustion, sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, &c., whether induced by worry, overwork, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excesses, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to those who had so recently seemed played out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatics, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, blood poison, secondary symptoms, eczema, leper, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, wounds, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground. Registered Trade Mark, "VETARZO."

Sole Proprietors: THE VETARZO REMEDIES Co., GOSPEL OAK, LONDON, ENGLAND.

Legal proceedings will be taken against all persons infringing the Proprietors' rights.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A NEW medical work on certain vitally important matters with which every young man should be acquainted. Post free in plain sealed envelope on receipt of Postal Order sixpence from THE VETARZO REMEDIES Co., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines. Agents for South Africa: LENNON LTD. (all Branches). Agents for India: TREACHER & Co. LTD., BOMBAY.

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., (INDIA), LIMITED.

GRAHAM'S BUILDINGS,

FORT,

BOMBAY.

IMPORTERS OF THE FAMOUS

SHELL MOTOR SPIRIT

BEST ON EARTH BEST IN AIR

SHELL MEANS SATISFACTION

SHELL MEANS SPEED

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

TWO PERFORMANCES NIGHTLY.

FOR THE FIRST TIME IN INDIA.

GRAND BOMBAY "DANCING FESTIVAL"

A grand spectacular Performance at which the STAR DANCERS of all the European Capitals will appear.

Augmented by Special Cinema Films.

6-30—Carriages at **8-30.** **9-30**—Carriages at **11-30.**

Commencing SATURDAY, JUNE 7th.

Prices:—Private Boxes from Rs. 12 to Rs. 3; Orchestra Stalls, Rs. 2 Stalls, Re. 1; Circle, Re. 1; Balcony, Annas 8; and Gallery, Annas 4.

PLAN AT ROSE'S.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only advertisements for clerks, servants, &c., Goods for sale or wanted are accepted in this column.

RATES. (Cash Only.) Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge, Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover postage is previously paid.

PLATE POWDER.—Preserve your silver and electroplated ware by using the BATTLE-AXE PLATE POWDER. The finest preparation for producing a beautiful and lasting polish upon all articles of silver and electroplate. It contains no poison We use it ourselves to make our stock of silver and plate to look always bright and fresh. PRICE ANNAS 8 PER TIN ONLY. MARKOS & Co., Ltd., JEWELLERS & SILVERSMITHS, BOMBAY & POONA.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at HOMJEE STREET, where a complete electric installation supplies the motive power for working of the machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The management is therefore able to offer constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotations given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding. Stationery, etc.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works, Homjee Street, Fort.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" when available, are supplied at the following special prices: If of a date over one and within 3 months, eight annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee a copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance

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SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial" of the following sizes—9½ inch by 4½ inch, Rupee 1 per hundred. 9½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 12 per hundred (if printed on flap there will be an extra charge of Rs. 3 per thousand.) 6 13/16 inch by 3½ inch Rupee 2½ per thousand, (if printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.)

TO LET AT COLABA, near Bombay Green, a LARGE HOUSE, suitable for Hotel Club. Rent Rs. 300. Apply to D. NANJEE, 17, Elphinstone Circle.

TO BE LET promptly at a very moderate Rent, 1ST FLOOR, Sunny Side, Club Road, Byculla, airy and open all round. Six Bed Rooms, one large Hall, Dining Room. Open for inspection. Apply sharp A. M. JIVANJI & Co., Parsi Bazar, 30-36, Fort,

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TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs 10. Apply to Box No. 419, care of the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

THE GREATEST PROBLEM OF LIFE

is how to keep it thoroughly fit and well and to attain the highest pitch of happiness. To make life and work a pleasure, it is of absolute necessity that the system should be so kept as to meet the demands made upon it. Are you aware of this?

ATANK NIGRAH PILLS

have at last solved the greatest problems by providing a food tonic of prompt and sure results with a definite specific action on blood and nerves. They bring youth and strength back and keep the whole organism strong up to the pitch of perfect health.

PRICE.—Re. 1 for a tin of 32 Pills.

Vaidya Shastri,
MANISHANKER GOVINDJI,
ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY,
Jmnagar Kathiawar.
KALBADEVI ROAD,
BOMBAY.

CLARKES B 41 PILLS.

A waranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

WANTED.

WANTED.—APPLICANTS for employment, whole or spare time. Those experienced in Commercial Correspondence preferred, but this is not absolutely essential. Remuneration about Rs. 100 p. m. to start with. Apply Box No. 35, "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED.—NIGHT SUB-EDITOR, for morning daily. None but experienced men need apply.—"M." care of this Office.

WANTED AGENTS. Apply to MANAGING DIRECTOR, The Empire of India Provident Society, Ltd., Faridabad, Dacca.

WANTED, from 1st June, a SMALL ROOM, Furnished or Unfurnished, any where in the Fort. State lowest terms and particulars to Box No. 946, care of Bombay Gazette.

WANTED.—TWO ENGLISH GENTLEMEN to join two others in a Chummerie. For further particulars, apply to Box No. 916, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.

THE Cooperage nearly opposite the Bandstand TO LET, to English married couple as paying guests. Nicely Furnished Bedroom with Verandah, with over-head Fan and Electric Light. Private Bathrooms, Shower, and W.C. Use of Dining-room, etc. Overlooking sea and Improvement Trust Gardens. Telephone installation. Good English Table on the English principle. Terms moderate. Apply Box N. 928, care of "Bombay Gazette."

TO BE LET.—TWO FLOORS of a Building, at C. P. Tank out of Fort, open on all sides. Rent moderate. Apply Box No. 942, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.—An EXCELLENT OFFICE, on Hornby Road, close to Victoria Terminus. Electric Lights, Fans and Lift. Apply to Box No. 933, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.—A Big BUNGALOW, on Neapean Sea Road, open on all sides. Apply Box No. 925, care of this Paper.

BY APPOINTMENT TO

H. H. The MAHARAJA

GAEKWAR OF BARODA.

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR & Co.

OCULISTS AND SCIENTIFIC REFRACTIONISTS.

Opp. Telegraph Office, 7, Hornby Road,

BOMBAY.

THE FIRST AND ONLY FIRM

Who offer their patrons free services of a duly qualified Ophthalmic Surgeon from various Eye Hospitals of Europe holding genuine diplomas.

PHIROZE M. DASTOOR.

Eyesight Specialist,

WITH 23 YEARS' PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE.

Holds Exceptional Testimonials from H. H. The Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior the Hon'ble Sir Lawrence Jenkins, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batty, Mrs. Batty, the Hon'ble Sir N. G. Chandavarkar, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor, Mr. H. G. Gell, M.V.O., Lt.-Col. G. H. Bull, M.D., I.M.S., Lt.-Col. R. H. Foreman, R.A.M.C., P.M.O. Bo. Brigade, and other high personages.

Entirely New Stock of :—Spectacles Eye-glass, Glare and Dust Eye-protectors, Motor Goggles, Powerful Binoculars, Opera Glasses, Clinical Thermometers, etc., etc.

Prices Extremely Moderate

Pocket Manual "The Human Eye and its Scientific Correction," free on application.

FOR SALE.

AT PANCHGANI freehold property 5½ acres, stone mortar built furnished house zinc roofed, six rooms, four bathrooms, two godowns, verandah room, outhouses, coach house, stables, garden, tennis court, excellent well, grounds private, magnificent view. Apply Major COOKE, Goona Cantts.

FOR SALE.—As a going concern, a DAIRY FARM. Apply Box No. 935, care of this Paper.

FOR SALE.—An EXCELLENT PROPERTY, situated near Colaba Causeway, suitable for office as well as residential purposes. For particulars apply to Box No. 919 care of this Paper.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000, in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons, and the balance made payable to one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

ACCIDENTS AND DISEASES

INCLUDING

SMALL-POX, PLAGUE,

ENTERIC FEVER

INSURED AGAINST BY

THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE COMPANY.

£6 Indian Agents £7

MESSRS. KING, KING & CO,

BOMBAY.

And the North British and Mercantile Insurance Co.'s Offices, 4 and 5 Koila Ghat Street, and 100 Clive Street, Calcutta.

THE
"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

	Discount Rate.
Yearly	Rs. 20 0
Half-yearly	„ 11 0
Quarterly	„ 6 0
Monthly...	„ 2 0
SINGLE COPY... ...	ONE ANNA.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly	Rs. 26 0
Half-yearly	„ 13 8
Quarterly...	„ 7 0
Monthly...	„ 2 8
SINGLE COPY	TWO ANNAS.

N. B.—To obtain the benefit of the discount rate, payment must always be made in advance.

For rates of old Issues of the "Bombay Gazette."

See Special Short Advertisements Column.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required, Change of Residence, and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows :—

Not exceeding three lines Rs. 1-0
Each succeeding line ... „ 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee. Payment must, in all cases, be made in advance.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Insertion ...	Rs. 6-0 per Inch.
Second Insertion ...	„ 3-8 do.
Third Insertion ...	„ 3-0 do.
Fourth Insertion ...	„ 2-8 do.
Fifth and upwards ...	„ 2-0 do.
Minimum charge ...	„ 6-0 do.

In the Native Languages, double the above rates.

For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for any length of time, special contracts are made.

AMUSEMENT COLUMN.

For insertions in the amusement Column ... Re. 1½ per inch.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 29 June, 2017

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

TRAIN NOTICE.

THE following are particulars of the proposed Train service for to-day :—

SUBURBAN TRAINS.
Full Service.

POONA TRAINS.
Full Service.

NORTH-EAST TRAINS.

DOWN TRAINS.

No.	Train.	Leaving Bombay.
27	Delhi Express	7-30
11	Passenger	9-40
1	Nagpur Mail	14-0
13	Passenger	16-30
7	Jubbulpore Mail	21-0
157	Itarsi Passenger	22-45

UP TRAINS.

No.	Train.	Due to arrive in Bombay.
30	Delhi Express	6-40
12	Passenger	12-5
14	Passenger	20-35
2	Nagpur Mail	8-45
8	Jubbulpur Mail.	13-20

(expected)

SOUTH-EAST TRAINS.

DOWN TRAINS.

No.	Train.	Leaving Bombay.
17	Passenger	0-20 on 7th inst.
15	Passenger	10-10
9	Madras Mail	22-0

UP TRAINS.

No.	Train.	Due to arrive in Bombay.
10	Madras Mail	6-0
18	Passenger	23-30 expected.

The Up and Down Punjab Mail Trains will only run between Itarsi and Delhi. Passengers by these trains will be conveyed between Bombay and Itarsi by the Jubbulpore Mail Trains.

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 6th June, 1913.

RAILWAY DISPUTES IN INDIA.

NEED OF A CONCILIATION BOARD.

The strike on the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway has brought to light an anomalous situation in the railway administration in India. At home, when a railway strike takes place, the railway directors and the Board of Trade representatives assemble at once on the spot, look into all the pros and cons of the claims of the strikers, and confer personally with representatives of kindred public bodies. This procedure, as a matter, of course, has proved successful. In India, however, writes the Simla correspondent of the "Statesman" the Railway Board, representing the State which owns the lines, have their headquarters at Simla; the boards of director, who are responsible for the management of the lines are located in London and the net result is that the man on the spot alone, the Agent, is left to do his best in dealing with such situations. It may be pointed out that a railway strike generally is the outcome of a protest agnainst some action of the Agent, and it is, therefore, unfair to that officer and the strikers that the settlement of the dispute should be conferred on the two contending and interested parties. In the famous strike on the E. I. Railway a few years ago, the Railway Board was fortunately at the time in Calcutta, and Sir Fredrick Upcott, the chairman, was in constant consultation with the railway authorities, and kept himself fully in formed of the various phases of the strike movement. He afterwards presideded over the deliberations of a conciliation Board, which was formed after communication with all the interested parties, and the strike was brought to an amicable end. It was also then settled that in future all strikes should be considered by similar Conciliation Boards, and it seems strange that this procedure has not been adopted in the present case. On the contrary, the Railway Board have so far remained content by watching the aspect of affairs from Simla, and seem to have left the solution of the difficulties in the hands of the local management of the railway system. The general impression is that the Railway Board would have done better if they had taken immediate steps to enquire into matters on the spot, and endeavoured to arrive at some satisfactory arrangements. The policy of non-interference, which the Railway Board have apparently adopted, is regarded as a distinct and unwise departure from the practice which Sir Frederick Upcott, as Chairman of the Board, initiated. Moreover, in connection with the E. I. Ry. strike it was under contemplation to deal with railway strikes by legislation, but so far as is known nothing in this direction has been done which is probably due to a strong divergence of opinion between the Government of India and the Home Boards of the Indian Railway Companies as to the justification and wisdom of undertaking legislation.

Guns are being issued by the Burma Government to headmen in those district of the Pegu division where armed dacoities have been most numerous where it is thought that a headman can be trusted, one or two guns are issued to him on condition that he keeps them securely guarded in his house, and uses them only against dacoits, if at any time his village is attacked. This is an important experiment which says the the "Englishman" if successfull will have to be introduced into other parts of India notably Bengal.

JJ&S

PURE POT STILL WHISKEY.

The quality of this fine old mild flavoured Whiskey is guaranteed the same to-day as for the past **130** years.

JOHN JAMESON & SON, LD., DUBLIN.

Distillers to H. M. The King.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Leslie 2499 tons, Captain C. W. Henderson, arrived in Bombay harbour on Thursday from Glasgow, April 26 in a Berkinhead with a general cargo.

The steamer Srecarrell 2479 tons, Captain C. Lower arrived here on Wednesday evening from Alexandria 20th May with ballast.

The German East Africa Line steamer Kenzler 1865 tons, Captain T, Schapp, arrived in Bombay harbour on Thursday from Durban 7th May with a general cargo 10 cabin and 132 passengers.

The steamer Gallia, 555 tons, Captain W Jones, sailed yesterday for Bhownagar with a general cargo.

The City Line steamer City of Naples, 3714 tons, Captain R. Pine, will sail to-day for Karachi with the same bottom cargo.

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

R. I. M. VESSELS.

H M S Lawrence Finnis.....R I M
R I M S Dufferin ..Comdr Henley .....R I M
R I M S Hardinge...Comdr Hamilton ..R I M
R I M S Palinurus...Comdr Headlam ...R I M
R I M S Investigator.....Capt Hickman Survey Str.

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—JUNE 5.

Clan Leslie ...2499 Henderson .....J F and Co
China .....4161 Tocque .....P & O Co
Cairnross .... 2516 Hyslop .....W & A G & Co
Carthusion.....2576 Davies .....
Farara .....717 Feathers .....
Homayun.....2154 Murch .....T M & Co
Ilwen.....2615 Jenkins .....J F and Co
Islami.....1604 Hughes.....T M & Co
Koronna.....2267 Purkis...W and A G and Co
Kt Templar...4602 Kendall...K Nixon and Co
Kanzler.....1865 Schopp .....A S Co
Marmaris ...Comdr Muhlis ...Turkish G Boat
Malvern Range...2328 Fox Worthy,T M and Co
Markomannia.....2840 Fapps...W & A G & Co
Ninian .....4068 Williams .....W & A G & Co
Nurani .....2870 Atkin.....T M and Co
Oolobavia .....3437 Raddick .....M M and Co
Risaldar .....3091 Jones .....T M and Co
Romera.....3159 Burns .....
Sutherland...2274 Longstaff ..The Bombay Co
Sildra .....2097 Bryan .....C M and Sons
Sutton Hall .....2870 Jenkins... K N and Co
Schwarzenfels...2443 Ketsevich,W & A G & Co
Stephanotis ...2584 Goodridge. A Yule and Co
Sardegna .....3225 Pescetto .....R Line
Trecarrell..... 2479 Lower.....Ralli Brothers
Tracas.....2657 Laidman .....
Uganda.....3451 Archdeacon...Calcutta ... M M and Co
Urlana.....3383 Pratt .....M M and Co
Ujina.....3426 Hill .....M M and Co
Vellore ...3168 Midleton ...W and A G and Co
Wachtfels...3627 Helpers .....W & A G & Co
Yeddo.....2958 Gardiner .....S N and Co
Zamani .....2472 Driver.....T M & Co
F Portios ...1959 Roberts.....G. & A G & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK. JUNE 5.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Hannington Court					...3217 Wilson ...7-3 W and A G and Co
B Clan Macintyre					...3052 Eastt...J Finlay & Co
C&R Wardenfels					2792 Spillman 12-6TM & Co
D&E Havraise					...3549 Salido...M Maritimes Co
E Royal Prince					.....3515 Coull...K N and Co
K Lancefield					...3671 Meikle .....J F & Co
N Purnea					.....2127 Williams .....M M 2nd Co
N Beckburgen					...2447 deHond...7-6 T M & Co
O Ville-de-Bordeaux					...3004...Giulloh J M & Co
P Weissenfels					.....2433 Khumchaff .....Kabi 5-6...W & AG & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1	Olympia				...2639 Kincaird,Wand A G and Co
2	Massilia				...3250 Thomson...W and A G & Co
4	Ariosto				.....2750 Book .....J F and Co
5	Westminister				...2764 Williams ...T M & Co
5	Cloutsham				...3075 Weddess,W&A G and Co
6	City of Naples				...3414 Pine ...K N and Co
7	Penang Mara				.....3145 Nowa Kobe...13-3 N Y Kaisha
8	E F Ferdinand				...3906 Leva ...Kobe...7-6 A L S N Co
9	Trafford Hall				...3433 Mail.....K N and Co
10 & 11	Nordmark				.....3173 Leining ..... W and A G and Co
14	Linga				.....949 Butler .....M M and Co
15	Warturm				...3127 Krull .....W & A G & Co

H W P D

Kaveri	.....553 Fakura	Bo S N Co
Saraswati	.....443 Ebrahim	Bo S N Co

Off Side K

Bahmani 1872	.....Mc Intyre.....	T M & Co

M W D D

Arabia	.....4098 Palmer	P and O Co

ARRIVALS.

June	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
4	Trecarrell ...	Lower	A'dria, May 20
	Clan Leslie...	Henderson.	G'gow, Apr 26
	Kanzler	Schapp.....	Durban, May 1

DEPARTURES.

June	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
5	Hohenfels ...	Schmetz ...	Calcutta, &c
	Dumra	Burtridge	P Gulf, &c
	Baroda	Horscraft...	Busreh, &c
	Gallia	Jones	Bhownagar

The steamer City of Naples, Captain Pine obtained porclearance yesterday for Karachi

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—

Steamer Kanzler, for Durban, &c.
" Purnea, for Durban, &c.
" Trecarrell, for Port Said.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Societa' Nazionale Di Servizi Marittimi Co's. steamer "Sicilia," from Bombay arrived at Naples on the 4th instant. The same Co's. steamer "Capri," left Singapore forPenang and Bombay on the 4th instant.

The Austrian Lloyd Co's. steamer "Nippon," left Trieste on the 3rd instant and is due here about the 20th instant.

The Anchor Line Co's. steamer "Elysia" Homeward bound arrived at Marseilles on the 4th instant.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "India" with the outward mails of the 30th ultimo, passed Suez at 4-30 a.m. on Thursday.

The Army Committee of the French Chamber in mail week adopted, by seven votes to two, with 18 abstentions the principle of a proposal for the exemption from a third year of service of all young men above the number required, the selection to be made by drawing lots.

"Death from drowning after jumping off a bridge in a sprit of bravado whilst under the influence of drink" was the verdict at an inquest at Middlesbrough on Daniel McAllister, aged 30, who jumped from the transporter bridge across the Tees.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

REGULAR daily through Service between Bombay and the principal Cities in the United Provinces, Oudh, the Punjab and North-West Frontier Provinces.

BOGIE STOCK, RESTAURANT CARS, ELECTRIC LIGHTS AND FANS.

BASE, COMFORT AND LUXURY ENSURED.

Through carriages between Bombay and Lucknow; Bombay and Kalka (for Simla); Jhansi and Dehra Dun.

BETWEEN BOMBAY AND PESHAWAR.

DOWN from Bombay. H. M.		UP to Bombay. H. M.
19-15...Dep.	Bombay .....Arr.	12-35
0-44...Arr.	Manmad .....Dep.	7- 0
10-18... "	Bhopal ..... "	21- 1
12-52... "	Bina ..... "	18-25
15-13... "	Jhansi ..... "	15-50
17- 8... "	Gwalior ..... "	13-51
19-41... "	Agra Cantonment "	11-17
20-42... "	Muttra ..... "	10-18
23- 0... "	Delhi ..... Dep.	8- 0
23-25...Dep.	Delhi ..... Arr.	7-28
3-17... "	Amballa Cantonment ..... Dep.	3-55
5-39... "	Ludhiana ..... "	1-16
6- 2... "	Phillaur ..... "	0-47
6-45... "	Jullundur ..... "	0- 9
8-29... "	Amritsar ..... "	22-29
11-43... "	Lahore ..... "	21-22
14-33... "	Lala Musa ..... "	15-43
18-51... "	Rawalpindi ..... "	11-44
23-18...Arr.	Peshawar Cantonment ..... "	6-54

BETWEEN BOMBAY AND SIMLA.

DOWN H. M.			UP H. M.
19-15.....Dep.	Bombay ...Arr.		12-35
23- 0.....Arr.	Delhi	Dep.	8- 0
23-25.....Dep.		Arr.	7-28
2-52.....Arr.	Amballa	Dep.	3-55
3-45.....Dep.		Arr.	2-51
5-38.....Arr.	Kalka	Dep.	1- 0
6-15.....Dep.		Arr.	0-12
12-42.....Arr.	Simla .....Dep.		18- 0

BETWEEN

DOWN BOMBAY AND LUCKNOW. UP

H. M.		H. M.
19-15.....Dep.	Bombay .....Arr.	12-35
16-15..... "	Jhansi .....Dep.	15-50
18-13..... "	Orai ..... "	13-14
20-30..... "	Cawnpore ... "	11- 8
21-45.....Arr.	Lucknow ..... "	9-45

For up journey read from bottom to top on right hand side.

A. C. Rumboll,
GENERAL TRAFFIC MANAGER.

DAILY EXPORTS. JUNE 5.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Massilia s—440 cwts gingillyseed oil cakes, 100 cwts groundnut oil cakes, R Dorabji and Co; 500 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 20 bales wool E Shioji; 22 bales wool, D Sasoon and Co; 12 bales cow hides, V Esmail and Co; 19 bales wool, R Agarchand.

Olympia s—5,760 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros; 8,440 cwts wheat L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR BARCELONA.

Massilia s—100 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR HULL.

Cloutsham s—14,000 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co

Ariosto s—50 bales hemp, K Reeve and Co.

Cairuross s—2,000 cwts cottonseed, T Hirji.

FOR GLASGOW.

Olympia s—4,950 cwts masoor, 19,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Olympia s—15,740 cwts wheat, 2,000 cwts gram, 2,000 cwts poppyseed, 10,000 cwts castorseed, 3,500 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros; 2,000 cwts wheat, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Salsette s—25 lbs tortoise shell, R Mahomsd and Co.

Arabia s—19 cwts malbar oanes, D S Postwalla; 66 casks goat skins, Nizamuddin and Co; 202 cwts old rubber, A H A Shaivalla; 50 cwts kajoo kernals, G Sojpal.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Koranna s—55 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons; 800 cwts buffalo horns, E Mahomed; 2,100 cwts linseed L Pragjee; 25 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 4,000 cwts linseed Sanday and Co.

Ville de Bordeaux s—6,400 cwts linseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Beckbergen s—558 bales cotton, 100 cwts kangseed, 200 cwts mustardseed, Walkart Bros 6,000 cwts linseed, 10,000 cwts rapeseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

Werdenfels s—55 bales cotton, F F Campbell and Co; 165 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co; 1,000 cwts castorseed J M Billimoria and Co.

Hannington Court s—105 cwts Gum Arabic, R Dawji and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Weisenfels s—220 bales cotton, S H Amar and Co; 1001 cwts linseed E D Sassoon and Co.

Nordmark s—440 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co.

Markomanuia s—495 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 1001 cwts groundnut cake, R Jewandas and Co; 27 cwts shellac, C Hummel; 6200 cwts castorseed, 9997 Grondnuts 9997 cwts, Kelseed, 10,000, rapeseed, 3,000 cwts linseed, Railli Bros: 1020 cwts crushed bones, Hollingshurst and Co; 1001 cwts. Myrabollams, J M Bilimoria and Co; 4000 cwts, castorseed Volkart Bros.

Warturm s—458 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 165 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 495 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co; 20 cwts animal guts, Ad. Meyer; 181 cwts dairy products A C Kohler; 220 bales cotton, I H Amar and Co; 88 bones sinews, R Kadarbhoy.

Royal Prince s—220 bales, F F Campbell and Co; 385 bales cotton M Nathoobhoy 110 bales cotton, W Wolf, 1,045 bales cotton 500 cwts ajowanseed, 100 cwts mustardseed, 1,000 cwts poppyseed Volkart Bros; 2,000 cwts poppyseed, 600 cwts nigerseed, 1000 cwts gingellyseed, L Dreyfus and Co 210 turmeric, M Jafferbhoy.

FOR GENOA.

Sardegna s—500 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 150 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 1501 cwts linseed, C Baggiano and Co.

Royal Prince s—100 bales cotton A Blascheck and Co; 110 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 200 bales cotton, W Pavri and Co; 50 bales cotton, J A 11,880 cwts linseed, 5000 cwts wheat, Belgie and Co. 1,000 cwts teelseed, 24,000 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Bros; 134 ton old iron, M Sheriff and Co; 33 old iron G Hakimji and Co.

FOR NAPLES.

Sardegna s—25 bales cotton, J A Begbie and Co; 100 bales cotton N F and O Corporation; 150 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 150 bales cotton, J Finlay and Co; 300 bales cotton E Spinner and Co; 50 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 7000 cwts wheat, 2000 cwts castorseed, 1001 cwts linseed, C Baggiano and Co; 3300 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR ANCONA.

Sardegna s—100 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 100 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR CATANIA.

Sardegna s—6000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR MESSINA.

Sardegna s—1000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR PALERMO.

Sardegna s—6000 cwts wheat. Ralli Bros.

FOR PORF SAID, (for orders)

Trecarrell s—125800 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Penang Maru s—100 bales cotton, N M K Kaisha.

FOR HONGKONG.

E F Ferdinand s—700 bales cotton, W Wolfand Sons.

FOR BREMEN.

Warturm s—228 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

DAILY IMPORTS—JUNE 5.

Steamer Olympia from Liverpool Agent W. and A. Graham and Co; 322 cask cement, 92 cask 1 case 4200 case tiles, 5 barrels gum, 17 cases locks. 2 cases 4 hhds lampware, 4 cases window glass, 498 crates bottles, 49 drum caustic 67 cask soda ash 12 coils 1 case 9 truss 21 bales rope, 76 cases nails, 315 hhds ale, 20 beer (lager), 1 case gin, 25 cases rum, 44 cases wine, 897 cases 2 hhds 8 casks whisky, 53 cases spirits, 70 drums oil, 8 barrels olive oil, 10 cases sperm oil, 20 drums cylinder oil, 3 barrels 67 casks lubricating oil, 327 rewbets tar, 172 cases confectionery 161 cases biscuits 35 cases soap, 4 cases toilet soap 2 cases 1 drum colour, 392 bales 29 cases paper, 3374 cases 1360 bales cotton goods 573 bales 181 cases cotton yarn, 4 cases 112 bales dyed cotton goods, 411 bales 22 cases grey cotton goods 261 cases 5 bales bleached cotton 39 cases printed cotton goods, 8 cases cotton and silk, 10 cases 32 bales 1 trass woolen goods 12 cases 1 bale cotton and woolen, 31 bales canvas, 300 bales cotton, 2 cases silkens, 9 cases silk, 3 cases linnen yarn, 3 cases umbrellas.

Steamer Penang Maru from Japan Agent N. Y. Kaisha, 137 cases clocks, 1 case quinine, 21 cases 4 pkgs glass beads, 268 pkgs bangles, 3 cases plates, 13 bundles gunnies, 3 cases 200 bags rice, 44 cases bottles, 74 cases camphor, 62 cases lamware, 34 cases perfumery, 9 cases soap, 7 cases toilet soap, 392 bags betelnuts, 150 bags ginges, 589 bag sago flour, 5 pkgs paper, 270 cases cotton goods, 51 cases cotton yarn, 56 bales cotton yarns, 18 cases 2 boxes silk goods, 89 cases silk yarn, 51 bags sugar, 75 bags sugar candy 221 cases tea, 52 case wax, 25 cases woolens, 16,714 2,600 crates 1400 packets 373 bales tiles 50 bags gum, 8 bundles rides, 15 bundles skins, 51 cases wine, 60 cases vermonth 2 casks lampware 5 cases olive oil, 1 cases perfumery, 90 cases 3 bales paper, 33 barrels, 303 cases 3 cask 46 drum colour, 20 cases milk 110 cases condenseed milk, 50 cases Stirelized milk, 107 cases twine, 400 bags cummim seed, 15 cases ghee, 50 bags almonds, 50 cases sugar 49 bale. bales cotton, 591 cases cotton goods 106 bales cotton yarn 10531 planks, 1609 bundles rattans, 948 sleepers, 67 bundles sandalwoods, 11 cases silkens, 3 cases silk yarn, 1 cases woolens, 2 cigarettes.

Steamer Sardegna from Genoa Agents—S N de S Maritimi, 38 cases rope.

Steamer Kauzler from Durban Agents—A S and Co; 28 pieces ivory, 1 case beer, 100 bags cowries, 1 bag shells, 2 cases shells, 510 bags potatoes, 22 bags pipri 56 bags oilseeds, 296 cases ghee.

Steamer E F Ferdinand (supplementary) 3,000 cement, 2 cases glass beads, 83 cases glass bangles, 108 bales paper 27 cases cotton goods, 24 bales cotton yarn, 3 cases colours, 8 cases woolens, 400 bags sugar, 11 cases silkens, 3 cases silk yarn, 1 case woolens, 2 cases cigarettes.

Steamer "Romera" from Bunbury Agents —W and A Graham and Co :—63137 pieces jara timber.

SUN, MOON, AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time; depth of water is at Prince's Dock Sill.

HIGH WATER.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time. h. m.	ft.	in.
	June			
Fri ...	6	m 0 43 a	29	2
Sat	7	m 0 2?	26	5
		1 26 a	29	2
Sun	8	m 1 10	26	3
		2 10 a	28	11
Mon	9	m 1 59	26	0
		2 55 a	28	6

LOW WATER.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time. h. m.	ft.	in.
	June			
Fri ...	6	m 5 41	14	8
		6 42 a	19	4
Sat	7	m 6 22	14	8
		7 26 a	19	1
Sun	8	m 7 5	15	1
		8 13 a	19	3
Mon	9	m 7 51	15	10
		9 5 a	19	1

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to India Standard Time, during the ensuing week :—

June	Sunrise.	Sunset.
6 (Friday)	do 6h 0m.	do 7h. 14m
7 (Satur)	do 6h. 0m.	do 7h. 14m
8 (Sunday)	do 6h. 0m.	do 7h. 15m
9 (Monday)	do 6h. 0m.	do 7h. 15m

PHASES OF THE MOON.—New Moon, June 5th 1h. 27-0m. a. m. First Quarter, 11th, 10h. 7-3m. p.m. Full Moon, 18th, 11h. 23-7m. p.m Last Quarter, 26th 11h. 10-8m. a.m.

Prof. Henry Bassett, of University College, Reading, who has carried out extensive hydrographic investigations in the north sea for several years, thinks a badly of the prospects for the summer at home he thinks a repetition of the bad weather of 1912 may be anticipated.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE charges for announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, are Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

MOLYNEUX—At St. Roches, Coonoor, on the 25th May 1913, the wife of the late Major E. Molyneux, C. I. E., D. S. O., 25th Cavalry, of a son.

DEATHS.

RICKETTS—At Mussoorie, on the 24th May 1913, Duncan Ricketts, for many years Manager of the Doolha and other estates in Basti.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Olympia Picture Palace, Sandhurst-road.
Excelsior Cinematograph, 6-30 to 8; 8-30 to 9-30; and 10 to 11-30.
America-India Cinematograph, Charni-road.
Coronation Cinematograph "Harishchandra," Sandhurst-road.

Maxim: How can a man escape when he flees from God, or be delivered from death when death seeks him?

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE.

[In force from 1st March, 1913.]

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard time is given in all cases :—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	19-14
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur)	13-20	21-0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	8-45	14-0
Madras Mail	6-0	22-0
Poona Mail	11-10	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and inter. class)	6-50	7-30
Poona Express	19-35	8-0
Manmad Express	12-20	14-20
Postal Express for Punjab ...		*
do do for Calcutta ...		*
do do for Madras ...		*

* Four hours after Mail steamer is signalled on Fridays only.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express	7-30	21-0
Guzerat Mail	8-35	21-50
Third Class Express ...	6-45	17-0

MUSIC AT THE ROYAL YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Lt.-Col. R. C. H. Barnard, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. H. Dowsall, Bandmaster, commencing at 6-15 p.m., to-day :—

Fest March (from) Tannhauser ...Wagner
Rhapsody.....Slavonic .....Friedemann
Valse ....Oh! Oh! Delphine .....Caryll
Grand Selection ...Il Trovatore ...Verdi
Largo ....Handel
Melodies (from) ...The Dancing Mistress .....Monckton
Serenade ..... Sizilietta .....Bion

TELEGRAPH NOTICE.—Owing to interruptions, messages classed as ordinary for Sind, Gujerat, Kathiawar and the Punjab are liable to delay.

THEFT AT COLABA:—Sergeant-Major William Simpson of the Army Ordnance Corps, has reported the theft of jewellery of the value of Rs. 158 kept in a chest of drawers in his house at Pilot Bunder, Upper Colaba.

POSTAL NOTICE.—It is officially notified that through service with the Madras Presidency, via Raichur which was temporarily suspended, has been restored. Mails will consequently be despatched and received by that route as before.

A VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT.—A variety entertainment in aid of the "Society of Our Lady of Pity, Mazagon, will be held in the Antonio De'Souza School Hall, Gloria Church Compound, Byculla, to-morrow at 9-30 p.m. The Hon'ble Mr. F. L. Sprott, Chairman of the Bombay Port Trust, has kindly consented to preside.

RATANSI MULJI CHARITABLE DISPENSARY, FORT.—During the last month of May the number of Hindu patients that were treated in this Dispensary was 2,889. Among them the number of new admissions was 634; classified as stated below :—Bhattias men 30, women 13, children 18, total 61; Vanias men 61, women 35, children 41, total 137; Brahmins men 53, women 22, children 32, total 107; Lohanas men 20, women 5, children 1, total 26; other castes men 202, women 31, children 70, total 307. Total men 366, women 106, children 162, total 634. The average daily attendance was 96.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

Returns of cases of plague in Bombay city reported from 6 a.m. on the 4th June to 6 a.m. on the 5th June :—

	Attacks.	Deaths.
Total.....	9	6
Total mortality from all causes		76

WEEKLY MORTALITY.

The total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending May 31st was 734. given a death-rate of 38-96 per annum per thousand as against 721 the corresponding period of last year, and 675 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 64 died from fevers: 110, plague; 9, small-pox; 6, measles; 2 cholera; 3, leprosy; 34 phthisis; 51 diseases of the nervous system; 34 affections of the respiratory organs, 42 diarrhœa; 8, dysentery; 27, still born 55, old age and debility; 13, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows :—Jain 34; Brahmin, 30; Lingaet, 0; Bhattia, 5; Hindu of other caste, 355; Hindu low caste, 86; Musalman, 163; Parsee, 29; Jew. 3; Native Christian, 23; Eurasian, 2; European, 4; Negro-African, nil. The total number of births was 274 as against 364 for the corresponding period of last year, and 339 the average over the past five years.

At the annual general meeting of the Royal British Colonial Society of Artists, Mr. Thomas Cooper Gotch, R. I., was elected President in succession to the late Mr. W. Ayerst Ingram, R. I.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

Mr. Balak Ram, I. C. S., to act as Judge and Sessions Judge, Dharwar, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. E. H. E. Leggatt, I. C. S.

Mr. F. W. Allison, I. C. S., to be Assistant Judge and Additional Sessions Judge, Poona, as a temporary measure.

Mr. Francis Barlow Ambler, M.B., B.S. (London), to be a Medical Officer for the purposes of section 454 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, at Nasik.

Mr. E. O. Sampson, Probationary Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, on being relieved of his duties in the Mahim Range on the 23rd May proceeded on one month's privilege leave.

Mr. Charles Efford, Lecturer in Dentistry at Grant Medical College, Bombay, was granted four months and six days' leave without allowances with effect from 19th October.

Major H. F. Jacob, First Assistant Resident, Aden, to act as Political Resident, Aden, in addition to his own duties, during the absence on leave of Major-General Sir James A. Bell, K.C.V.O.

The appointment of Mr. Paul Nalin as Vice and Deputy Consul for the United States of America at Aden is recognised.

Mr. C. N. Seddon, I. C. S., on return from leave, to act as Settlement Commissioner, Director of Land Records, Inspector-General of Registration and Registrar-General of Births, Deaths and Marriages, during the absence on deputation and leave of Mr. F. G. Pratt, I. C. S.

Mr. F. G. Pratt, I. C. S., on relief by Mr. C. N. Seddon, I. C. S., to be on deputation with Mr. F. G. H. Anderson, I. C. S., in connection with the revision of the Manual of Revenue Accounts and the Takavi Manual, until he proceeds on leave.

Mr. J. Hamilton, Deputy Conservator of Forests and Divisional Forest Officer, West, Khandesh, is allowed privilege leave for three months in combination with furlough on medical certificate for three months with effect from 10th May

Mr. A. Prideaux, Assistant Collector of Excise, Belgaum, Dharwar and Kanara (above-Ghats) Districts, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from 28th June or subsequent date.

Mr. V. F. Barker, Assistant Secretary to Government, Public Works Department, General Branch, is permitted to return to duty from the 31st May.

The Rev C. R. Ryall is confirmed as Junior Chaplain on the Bombay Ecclesiastical Establishment with effect from the 20th April.

The Rev G. Hewitt, Chaplain of Steamer Point, Aden, has been granted leave on urgent private affairs for three months and twenty-six days in continuation of privilege leave.

The furlough granted to Mr. E. M. Proes, Executive Engineer, has been extended by two months.

Mr. H. H. Hood, Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, is transferred from Bombay to Madras with effect from the 11th May.

FOREIGN CABLE REPORTS.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect	Via Brest Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.
Australia.	**China.**	**Africa.**
Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
.....	Via Bhamo Perfect.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 5th June.

NOTICES.

Telegrams for Ahwaz, Mohammerah, Schouschter, and Dizful should bear instructions "Post Bushire" till further notice (15-5-13).

Greek administration notify correspondence with Chio, Tenedos, Salonika, Lemnos, Florina, Kozana, Servia, Elassona, Vodena re-opened via Eastern. Bulgarian administration notify opening to International Service following places Prievich, Gnailane, Gostiva, Kocsouks, Krativa, Kitcheko, Vines (Keoprulu), Bauchitron, Botolia (Monastir). Rates for abovementioned places same as for Europe (24-3-13).

Montenegrin Telegraph Office opened at Scutari (28-4-13).

Telegrams for all places in States of Cohuila, Chihuahua, Morelos, Sinola, in Mexico are accepted at sender's risk (1-4-13).

Telegrams for Buenos Ayres in Argentine Republic intended to be transmitted by cable to destination should be marked via Madeira (2-3-13).

Communication between Mexican States of Chihuahua and Sonora interrupted (8-5-13).

Cable Paramaribo to Cayenne interrupted. Telegrams for Cayene are sent by the southern routes via Salinas (29-5-13).

Communication with offices in Morocco are no longer subject to delay (30-5-13).

Bhamo Route to China interrupted beyond Indian Frontier between Tsuyung and Yunnanfu (27-5-13).

Telegrams for islands Metelin, Thassos, Samothrage Samos, Imbros, Ikarie, Psara may be accepted at the same rates as in the case of islands of Greece telegrams are despatched by best means with delay (2-6-13).

The South Wales Coalowners at Cardiff, have granted the application of workmen for an increase of 2½ per cent. in wages. This brings the wage rate up to a maximum of 60 per cent. above the standard of 1879.

The Mayor of Havre and representative citizens have accepted the invitation of the Municipality of Southampton to visit that town on May 29 and 30. An attractive series of entertainments is being arranged.

The Right Soap For Baby's Skin Is Cuticura Soap

IN the care of baby's skin and hair, Cuticura Soap is the mother's favourite. Not only is it unrivaled in purity and refreshing fragrance, but its gentle emollient properties render it of great value in promoting skin and hair health generally. For the treatment of eczemas, rashes and other itching, burning infantile eruptions, warm baths with Cuticura Soap, followed

MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, June 4. BOMBAY, June 5.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols	73 3-4		1-4
3 do. Reates.	85 1-2	un	hgd
3 1-2 do. Sterling Loan	88		1-4
do. do. Gov. Securities.. ...	64 1-4		1-16
Bar Silver in London Spot	27 11-16	1-16	
do. 2 months' hence ...	27 7-8	1-16	
Bar Silver in New York	60 1-8	1-4	
Exchange on London at Paris ..	25·22	un	chgd
do. do. at Berlin.	20·43	un	chgd
do do. New York	4·86 5-8	un	chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate ...	4 1-2	since	
do Short London Bills	17th Apl.		
3 months' sight...	3 1-1	un	chgd
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight ...	4 1-13	1-16	
do. 3 months' fine Trade Bills ...	4 1-2	1-8	
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills ..	4 1-2	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans.. ...	3 1-3	un	chgd
do. 7 day Market Loans. ...	3 1-2	un	chgd

Bar Gold 77·9 unchgd.

Exchange on India 30 days sight (Bank buying rate) 1s. 3 27-32d—1 32

Closing tone of silver—Sellers at the rate.

Amount paid into the Bank of England about £30, 00.

The Bombay mails of the 24th ultimo arrived at Brindisi to-day morning.

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day, for Rs. 6,00,000.

Rs.	20,000	were allotted	to Calcutta.
,,	650,000	,,	to Bombay.
,,	2,50,000	,,	to Madras.
,,	1,10,000		

Tenders on Calcutta, at 1s. 4 1-32d. (Min Rate) received 44 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay, at 1s. 4 1-32d. (Min Rate) received 44 per cent. above the rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 6 03.

Telegraphic Transfers:—

Rs.	31,70,000	were allotted	to Calcutta
,,	15,60,000	,,	to Bombay.
,,	1,60,000	,,	to Madras.
,,	4,890, 00		

Tenders on Calcutta, at 1s. 4 d. (Min. Rate) received 44 per cent. above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay, at 1s. 4 d. (Min. Rate) received 44 per cent. above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment, Calcutta and Bombay 16·06.

Total amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening, including last Public Sales, Rs. 60 10,000.

Amount to be allotted next week, Rs. 50,00,000

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL.—

Spot Easier. Good business done.

Futures ... Steady

Manchester Firm with a fair demand.

Total Sale ... 10,000 bales

Sold in Speculation and for

Export ... 500 ,,

Imports ... 7,000 ,,

Mid-Americans ... 6·2—16

Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ... 9 3—05

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

June-July.	July-Aug.	Aug Sept.
6·35	6·33	6 24
—02	— 2	—02
Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
6·13	6·07	6 04
—03	—02	—04

Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apr.
6 03	6·03	6·04	6·05
—02	—02	—02	—02

New York 11 a.m., July 11·46, Oct. 11·06.

New York official Noon call July 11·43 Oct. 1 04.

New Orleans 13 a.m. July 11 9 1, 11·18.

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	6,000
,, Receipts at ,, last year...	3 10
,, Exports to Great Britain ...	5,000
,, Exports to Continent ...	1,000
Spot Cotton	11 70 unchgd.

Futures—Month of July 11·47+03

Futures—Month of Oct. 11·67+03

Declined owing to unfavorable financial conditions and to Wall street selling and advanced later on foreign buying.

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton	12 3-16—1-16 from 2nd inst
Futures month of July	11·92 6
Futures month of Oct.	11·1 —06
Tone of Spot Cotton	... Quiet.

MANCHESTER, June 4.

Grey shirting 41-44in 38 yds 1 lb 15 8·7

,, ,, 44in. 48 38 1-2 yds 9lbs .. 9

White ,, 40-41i . 4 yds 8 square 1-8

,, Nainsooks 44in. 19 yds 24 by 24 6-11

WHEAT.

Wheat White Oatha ... Nominal.

Do. Months— ... .

Do. Name of Ports—... ....

Wheat White Karachi ... 38 unchgd.

Do. Months ... June

Do. Name of Ports—London—Dome.

Wheat Red Karachi ...37 5-8—1-8

Do. Month— ... June July.

London—sellers

SOUTH AMERICAN WHEAT

Rosario Santa Fe ... 36 unchgd.

Do. Months— ... June-July—Value—Quiet.

Barletta Russo 36 1-4 — 3-8 June. —Sellers—Dull.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN

South Australian ... Unchanged.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs ... 50 1-2 unchgd

Do. Months— ... June-July.

Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk—Sellers.

Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lb. ...51 1-4 unchgd.

85 p. c. ex-ship

Do. Months— ... June-July

Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp—Value.

Brown Cawnpore ... 46 5-8—1-8

Do. Months— ... June-July.

Do. Name of Ports.—Hamburg—Sellers.

Tone—Quiet.

LINSEED—

Bombay, per 416lbs ex-ship ...45 3-4 unchgd

Do. Months— ... June July.

Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk—sellers.

Tone—Quiet.

Linseed Calcutta ... 44+1-4

Do. Months— ... Nominally.

London—Dull—Quiet—Steady.

Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 41 3-4—1-4

Months— ... June July.

Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.

COTTONSEED.—

Bombay Uncleaned Market 6 13 0 +0-0-6

June-July—Buyers—Sellers—Steady.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—

Fair Rio Coffee ... 10 3-8—3-8

RUBBER—

Para Rubber ... 3 8—1-4d.

June-July—Buyers—Quiet.

METALS—

Copper Braziers ... £ 80 1-2—1-2

Yellow Metal ... d. 7 1-8 unchgd.

Standard Copper G M B ... £ 66 3-4—3-8

FREIGHTS—

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay—13s.—Value.

ARRIVALS—

"Habsburg."

BEEF & MUTTON TALLOW—

Finest Australian Beef Tallow ... 28

,, ,, Mutton Tallow... 30 9

General Tone of Tallow Auction—Firm.

SUGARS—

German Granulated Sugar

C&F India(Double bags).. 13 5 1-4+3-4d.

Do. Months of Shipment. July-Aug.—Sellers.

Tone—Very steady and rather dearer.

Hungarian Crystals Sugar

C & F India 12 4 1-2 unchgd.

Do. Months of Shipments—June Nominal.

Tone—Neglected. Dull and quieter.

German Beet-root 50 p.c. ... 9 7 1-4+1-4d.

Months of Shipments ... Aug.—Sellers.

9 10+1-2d.—Oct.-Dec.—Sellers

Tone—Market opened firm and closed quiet.

E A B & Similar Crystals C & F India 13 10 1-2+1 1-2d.

Months of Shipments ...June-Augt.—Sellers.

Tone—Steady without activity.

Mauritius Crystals C & F

Calcutta and Bombay ... Nominal.

Month of Shipment ....

BOMBAY MARKETS.

THURSDAY EVENING.] [June 5TH 1913.

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 2nd & 3rd June 1913.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway.....	2	2,870
B. B. and C. I. Ry...	95	115,251

FINANCIAL

MONEY:—

Bank of Ben. rate since 17th April 1913 6 p.c.

Bank of Bom. ,, ,, 5th June 5 ,,

Bank of Mad. ,, ,, 4 h June 7 ,,

The Cash balance of the Bank of Bengal is 78 lakhs up, and the Bank rate has to-day been reduced one per cent. and now stands at 5 per cent. The Bank of Bombay rate is unchanged at 7 per cent.

EXCHANGE—

Council bills went at 1-32 lower than last week's rates and the percentage was 44. The amount to be offered next week is reduced to 50 lakhs. The Exchange market is quiet and with little doing and rates close rasier as under.

We quote.—

T. T. on London	...1s. 3 31-32d.
Demand Draft	...1s 4d.
Credit 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 1-4d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 3-32d. August.
Do. do Francs	... 171
Do. do Marks	... 139
Hongkong 60 days' sight	... 147 1-4
Shanghai ,,	... 2 1
Japan ,,	... 149 1-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—

The market opened quiet at 96 3-86 for Cash and the settlement and has remained unchanged during the day with little doing.

We quote.—

Cash	... Rs. 96 3	0
Settlement	... ,, 96 3	0

BULLION.—

Yesterday bar silver in London was 1-16 higher both for ready and forward at 27-15 16 and respectively. New York was 1-4 up at 60 1 8. The local market opened at 70 1-2 ex duty for the first settlement and has again fluctuated slightly during the day, closing as under A small business has been down. Bar gold is steady.

We quote.—

English bar Gold	... Rs. 24	0 6
Australian Gold	... ,, 24	0 0
Sovereigns Gold	... ,, 15	0 0
Silver (ex duty)		
Ready	... ,, 70	7 0
1st Settlement	... ,, 70	9 0
2nd Settlement	... ,, 70	11 0
Silver (cum duty)		
Ready	... ,, 79	13 0
1st Settlement March	... ,, 79	15 0
2nd Settlement	... ,, 80	1 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT.—

The following are the latest telegrams received here:—

STEEN AND CO.:—Jan.-Feb. delivery 6-0-3. Crop prospects are good. May go somewhat lower for time being.

WELD AND CO.:—Fluctuating market, tendency downwards. Weather continues very favourable.

GRUNING AND CO.:—Declined owing to decline in Stock Exchange. Crop accounts are conflicting.

Small fluctuations occurred in the home markets yesterday. The local market continues quiet with little doing for forward delivery. Ready cotton is also quiet, the offtake to-day at Colaba being very moderate. Quotations close as under and are more or less nominal.

QUOTATIONS.—

NEW CROP.

Good M. G Broach	... Rs. 23-6	Mar.
F. G. H. C. Beagals	... ,, 23-6	Jan.

OLD CROP.

	Rs.	
Fine M. G. Broach ...	... 279	June
do. K amason Akola..	246	do
do. Bengal	... 235	do
Good Sawginned Dharwar	... 270	do
Good M G Coompta	... 273	do
Good M. F. Westerns	... 270	do
Good H. G. Westerns	... 264	do
Good M. G. Miraj	... 275	do

INVESTMENT OF INDIA.—

Opening Tone	... Dull.
Estimated Sales	... 10,000
Total Imports	... 7,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES

June-July.	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.
6·36	6·35	6·25
+01	+02	+01
Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec
6·14	6 08	6 05
+01	+01	+01
Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
6·04	6·04	6 05
+01	+01	+01

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED:—

The market is quiet.

Ready	... Rs. 7	5 0 B.T.
September	... ,, 8	0 0 B.T.
RAPESEED:—		

The market is quiet. We quote:—

Brown Cawnpore	Rs. 7	15 0 B.T
Yellow Cawnpore	,, 8	15 0 B.T
Yellow Gugrat	,, 8	8 0 B.T.

GINGELLYSEED:—

Tone—Steady.

Black Kurgi ...	,, 49	0 0
Yellow Higanghat	,, 63	8 0
Yellow Secunderabad	,, 61	8 0

POPPYSEED—

Tone—Quiet. We quote:—

Ready ... Rs. 11 10 0 B.T.

CASTORSEED:—

We quote:—

Ready ... Rs. 35 0 0

COTTONSEED:—

Tone—Steady. We quote:—

Ready ... Rs. 26 0 0

GROUNDNUTS:—

Tone—Quiet but steady. We quote:—

Bold ... Rs. 49 8 0

Small ... ,, 47 0 0

MOWRASEED—

Tone—Quiet. We quote:—

June—September ... Rs. 8 1 6 B T

WAT:—

Tone—Quiet but steady.

White Peas Spot ready Rs. 5 0 0 B.T.

White Delhi Sept, ,, 5 10 0 B.T.

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	...	1,690
Bank of India	...	69 3-4
Eastern Bank	...	87
Indian Specie	...	66 1-2

MILLS.

		July.
Currimbhai Mill	...	28 3-4
Davin	...	523 3-4
Kohinoor	...	802 1-2
Madhavji Dharamsey Mill		1515
Manockji Petit	...	3,215
New Great Eastern	...	252 1-2
Standard	...	1,3e5

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ord		203
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Pre		178
Bombay S N Ordy	..	240
Bombay S. N. Pre		275
Shivrajpur M. Syndicate		20
Treacher and Co	...	500

RAILWAY.

Tapti Valley ... 590

TWO DAYS' RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the 48 hours ended at 6 p.m. yesterday:—

Cotton	...	14,634 bales.
Wheat	...	96,217 cwts.
Linseed	...	31,441 ,,
Rapeseed	...	4,319 ,,
Gingellyseed	...	2,815 ,,
Poppyseed	...	2,318 ,,
Groundnuts	...	6 6 ,,
Castorseed	...	15,78 ,,
Rice	...	7,866 ,,
Myrabollams,	...	951 ,,
Cottonseed	...	10,125 ,,
Mowraseed	...	999 ,,
Gram	...	7,793 ,,
Joowar	...	437 ,,
Maize	...	Nil ,,
Barley	...	819 ,,

GRIFFITHS' COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

NEW YORK, June 4.

Day's Receipts at U.S. Ports.	6,000	Bales.
Exports to Great Britain ...	5,000	do
Exports to Continent ...	...	...
Spot Cotton at New York ...	11·70	
Future Cotton at New York July	11·47+8	
Future Cotton at New York October	11 07+8	
Tone Market at closing Spot..	.....	
Tone Market at closing Futures	.....	
Futures closing tone ...	Steady.	

General Tone Market opened:—Steady and declined early on unfavorable cables, and Wall street selling, reached later on foreign buying

NEW ORLEANS, June 4

Spot Cotton at New Orleans...	12 3-16—1-16
Future Cotton at New Orleans—July ...	11·92
Future Cotton at New Orleans— October	11·19
Future closing tone.—	Quiet

Delayed owing to mutilation.

LIVERPOOL, June 5.

COTTON.

The Liverpool market opened for spot.—Easier and closed easier.

The Liverpool market closed for futures—Quiet.

The Liverpool market closed for East Indians.—Quiet.

Total Day's Sales ...	...	10,000 bales.
Sales on Spec and export	...	500 ,,
Total Sales of Surats	...	.....
Total Day's Imports	...	7,000
Cocconada Fair Red—Ldn. C. I. F.	...	5 1-32
Cocconada Ginned—London C. I. F.	...	5 2-32
Egyptian F G Fair Brown	...	9·80—05
Good Shownuggur	...	5 3-4 d.
Good Bengal	...	5 15-32d.
F. G. Broach	...	5 1-32d.
Fine Bengal	...	5 13-32d
Good Madras Westerns Ldn...		5 10-3-d.
F. G. F. Tinnevelly L'pool C. I. F.	...	6 4-32d. Sellers
Geo. Mayalls Yarns	...	11
40's Mule Twist (Saunermills).		11 1-8
Weft 54 American	...	11 3-4
Weft 80 Egyptian	...	18 1-2
Weft 32's	...	14 3-8
Twist 36	...	10 1-2
Twist 42	...	11 3-4
Twist American 60 ..	...	16 7-8
Twist Egyptian 60 ..	...	18
Twist Egyptian 80 ..	...	21 1-8
Tone of Fine Yarns—	...	... ..
Tone of coarse Yarns—		Steady
General Tone of Yarn Market—		do.
Mid American at Liverpool ...		6·2—06
Cotton delivery mid uplands Liverpool.		G. O. C.
June-July ...	...	6·35—2
July-Aug ...	...	6·33 -2
Aug.-Sept ...	...	6·24—2
Sept.-Oct ...	...	6·1 —3
Oct.-Nov. ...	...	6·07—2
Nov.-Dec. ...	...	6 04 -2
Dec.-Jan. ...	...	6·03—2
Jan.-Feb. ...	...	6·03—2
Feb.-Mch. ...	...	6·04—2

MANCHESTER, June 4.

Manchester piece goods market—Firm, Makers asking 1-8 to 1 higher—Demand from Bombay for Jaconets fine.

LONDON, June 4.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Linseed, 4 p. c. Refraction, Landed Terms (per 410 lbs)...June July—Ldn. 44 1 1-2,,

Do. Bombay ex-ship (per 416lbs) ...June-July—Antwerp ... 45 9 ,,

Do. La Plata ...June-July—Antwerp ... Mutilated

Do. Tone of Market at close. Quiet

Do. Tendency of the Market— do

Linseed Oil Spot Pipes June— £24 0 0

do ... Aug.-Sept— £23 10 0

Do. Tone of Market at close. Steady.

Do. total afloat for U. K. 60,000 qrs

Do. River Plate exports ... .

Poppyseed Canal ...June-July —Hamburg ... 65 3 Sellers

,, ,, ...June-July —Hamburg ... 65 3 Sellers

Do. Tone of Market at close. .....

Rapeseed Calcutta Brown Canal June-July—Hamburg 46 6 ,,

Do. Yellow Cawnpore, pe 416 lbs 85 p.c. exship June-July—Hamburg ... 50 6 ,,

Do. Yellow Gujerat, per 416 lbs 85 p. c exship June-July—Hamburg... 51 6 ,,

Do. Ferozepore usual bold .....

Do. Jamba Red— ... .

Do. Tone of Market at close. Steady.

Cottonseed, Bombay parcels. June-July—Hull ... 23-12-0 ,,

Do. Tone of Market at Close.. Steady.

Gingellyseed. Bombay 15 p.c. May-June—London. .....

Wheat. Choice white Karachi June-July London... 37 9

Do. F A Q Red Karachi (per 492 lbs.) June-July—London... 37 6

Do. Club No. 2 June-July—London ... 37 9

Do. Choice white Delhi June July—London— Nomi

Do. Tone of Market at Close Steady

Do. South Australian ... .

Do. Rozario Santa Fe. 62 lbs .....

Do. do. Tone of Market at Close ... .

Do. Red Graded American per central ... .. July 7 5 5-8

Do. Afloat to U. K. ... .

LONDON, June 4.

SUGAR.

German Beet-root 88 per cent Sellers.

F.O.B. Hamburg ... — .....

German Beetroot. 88 per cent. F. O. B. Hburg. Aug. 9 7 1-2 ,,

,, Closing Tone of Market. Steady.

German Granulated C and F. India (double Bags) July-Aug.... 13 ,,

German Granulated C. and F. India (double Bags) May-June— .....

German Closing Tone Market— Steady.

Austrian Crystals B. B. B. C. and F India July-Aug 12 4 1-2 ,, to 12 6

Austrian Crystals B. R. B. C. and F. India ... .

Do. Closing Tone of Market, Steady.

Mauritius Crystals ... Nominal.

Do. Closing Tone of Market.. .....

E, A, B, and Similar Crystals C. and F. India (double Bags)— July-Aug. 13 6 ,,

E, A, B, and Similar Crystals C. & F. Calcutta (double Bags)— May-June... .....

Do. Closing Tone of Market., Steady.

Special Feature—General Report of Market ... .

LONDON, June 4

JAVA SUGAR.

Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C. I. F. Calcutta June...	Value 11 1 1-3
Java Sugar 16 1- (Average 17) C.I.F. Calcutta July-Dec.	10 10 1-2
Java Sugar 16-18 Average 17) C. I. F. Calcutta June...	.....
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi June ..	11 3
Java Sugar 16 18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi July-Dec..	11
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi, ..	.....
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta ... June...	12 1 1-2
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O (or Similar) Calcutta July-Dec..	11 10 1-2
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta... ...	.....
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom. or Karachi June ..	12 3
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom. or Karachi July-Dec.	12
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom or Karachi June ...	.....
Closing Tone of Market	Quiet and
Special Feature ...	unchanged

LONDON, June 4.

METALS.

		£	s.	d.
Copper, Standard G M B	...	66	15	0
,, Best English Selected.		73	5	0
,, Braziers ...	...	81	0	0
,, Tone of Market	...	Quiet.		
Hard Spelter ...	...	20	5	0
Tin Block F O B Liverpool	...	216	0	0
Yellow Metal ...			7d.	
Galvd. Corrugated Sheets, 24 G. G.O. B l p.c. F O B L'pool ...	...	11	5	0
Basic Steel Bars, C I F Calcutta ...	...	6	2	6
Basic Steel Rods C I F Calcutta ...	...	6	12	0
Basic Steel Hoops C I F Calcutta ...	...	7	12	6
German Steel Sheets, F O B Antwerp ...		6	12	6
German Steel Plate F O B Antwerp ..	...	6	0	0
Belgium Iron Bar No 2 ...		5	10	0
Tin Plates, I C Coke 14 by 20, 112 Sheets in box C I F L'pool	...	0	14	3
Pig Iron, No 3 Cleveland ...		3	1	6
Pig Iron No. 3 Clarence F O B Middlesboro. ...	...	3	7	6
Pig Iron Gartsherrie ...		4	0	0
Lead Pig English ...	...	20	5	0
Tone of steel Market ...		Steady		
Silver, Spot ...	...	27	11-16	
,, 2 months hence ...		27	15-16	

Tone of Market—Quiet with little doing.

LONDON, June 4.

SHELLAC.

Shellac T N Spot...	... 86	Sellers
Do T N Spot June dely.	87	do
Do. T N Spot Aug. dely.	88	Done.
Do. Tone of closing market for T N Spot	Firm	
Do. do T N Futures	do	

LONDON, June 4.

FINANCIAL.

Silver Spot	... 27 11-16
Silver 2 Months	... 27 15-16
Silver Closing Tone of Market—Quiet	
Silver Tendency, etc. of the Market ...	.....
Rentes 3 p. c. ...	£ 85 1-2
Consols 2 1-2 p.c. ex div...	£ 74
Indian Stock 3 1-2 p. c....	£ .....
Sterling loan ...	... £ .....
Govt. Securities 3 p. c. ...	£ 78 1-4
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 p. c. ...	£ 64 1-4
Bar Gold per oz.	77·9
Opening Tone of Finance Market ...	... Steady.
Closing Tone of Finance Market ...	... Steady.
Bank of England Rate of Discount ...	... 4 1-2 p. c.
Exchange on India 30 Days Sight ...	... 1 3 7-8
London at Paris Fcs.	... 25·22
Berlin cheques on London Mks ...	... 20·43
New york (Demand Bills) ds ...	... 4·86 5-8
Interest day to day loans	3 3 8
Do. 7 days Market loans ...	... 3 1-2
Discount Bank Bills 3 months Sight	... 3 15-16
Do. Bank Bills 6 months' Sight	... 4
Fine Trade Bills 3 months	4 1-2
Fine Trade Bills 6 months	4 1-2

LONDON, June 4.

COUNCIL BILLS.

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills on India to-day

Rs. ... ... Rs. 60,00,000

Rs. 2,00,000 were allotted to Calcutta.

,, 1,5 ,000 do to Bombay.

,, 2,60,000 do to Madras.

Rs. 11,10,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4d. (Min Rate) received 44 per cent above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4d, (Min Rate) received 44 per cent above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment Calcutta and Bombay 16 0.

TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS :—

Rs. 31,70 000 were allotted to Calcutta.

,, 16,60,000 do to Bombay.

,, 1,60,000 do to Madras.

Rs. 48,90,000

Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 4 1-32d. (Min Rate) received 44 per cent above that rate in full.

Tenders on Bombay at 1s. 4 1-32d (Min. Rate) received 44 per cent above that rate in full.

Average rates of allotment Calcutta and Bombay 16·03

Total Amount of Bills sold during the week ending Tuesday evening including last Public Sale 60 10,000

Amount to be allotted next week ... ...Rs. 50,00,00

LIVERPOOL, June 5.

OPENING COTTON.

Days Estimated Sales ... 10,000

Tone of Market ... Steady.

Cotton Daily Mid Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool.

Futures.	Latest closing	To-day's opening.
June-July...	6·35	6·36
July-Aug...	6·33	6·34
Aug.-Sept...	6·24	6·25
Sept.-Oct...	6·13	6·14
Oct.-Nov. ...	6·07	6·08
Nov.-Dec....	6·04	6·05
Dec-Jan ...	6·03	6 04
Jan.-Feb. ...	6·03	6·04
Feb.-Mar....	6 04	6·05

Prices taken at 10-5 a.m.

RAILWAY RETURNS

G. I. P. RY. COMPANY.

The following is the Comparative Statement of Traffic Earnings, for week ending 31st May, 1913:—

	Miles open.	Total for the week.	Earnings for previous weeks.	Total to date.
Approximate Earnings for week ending 31st May 1913.				
G. I. P. Ry ...	2855 69	16024 0	1358570 0	15188100
A. O. C. Ry ...	125·88	49100	371700	420800
B.-Kotah Ry ..	40 29	3900	31900	35800
Total...	3021 86	1 55400	398880 0	15644700
Earnings for cordg. 7 days ending 31st May 1 12				
G. I. P. Ry. ...	2791·13	1535643	1331224 1	14847874
A.O.C.Ry	125·83	46247	246634	292881
B.-Kotah Ry. ...	40·29	44 2	30739	35161
Total Increase or Decrease	2957·25	1536812	1358960 9	15175916
G.I.P. Ry	+ 64·56	+ 66757	+ 27346 6	+340228
A.O.C.Ry	+ 0·05	+ 2853	+ 250	+127919
B.-Kotah Ry. ...	...	— 522	+ 1161	+ 639

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.—Metre Gauge System.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 24th May, 1913, on 1827·66 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (estimated)	Total Earnings
Total Traffic for the week	Rs. 248000	Rs. 350000	Rs. 7000	Rs 605 00
Or per mile of Ry ...	136	191	4	331
For previous 6 weeks of half-year...	0 133500	2395000	47000	3977000
Total for 7 weeks ...	18830	264500	5400	4582000
Comparison.	0			
Total for cor week of previous year	259935	420931	7700	687568
Per mile of Ry do...	142	230	4	376
Total to cor. date do...	185412 8	31544 9	58396	5066960

Decrease for the week.....Rs. 82, 66

Do. to date 4,84,960

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.—Broad Gauge System.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 24th May 1913, on 945·61 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (estimated)	Total Earnings.
Total Traffic for the week ...	Rs. 237000	Rs. 560000	Rs. 4000	Rs. 801000
Or per mile of Ry	251	592	4	847
For previous 6 weeks of half year..	0 15590	948000	27000	5534000
Total for 7 weeks. ...	17 800	4508000	31000	6335 00
Comparison.	0			
Total for cor. period of previous year..	217086	883044	7000	762080
Per mile of Ry. do...	230	569	7	806
Total to cor. date do..	178348 0	3329346	33680	5706506

Increase for the week ... Rs. 83,920

Do. to date 4,27,594

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

NAMES.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last half-yearly Dividend.	Cash Rate
INDIAN BANKS.				
Allahabad Bank Ltd	100	100	18 p c	361
Alliance Bank of Simla Ld ...	100	100	14 ,,	383
Bank of Bombay...	500	500	13 ,,	1690
Bank of India ...	100	50	6 ,,	6-½
Bank of Bengal ...	500	500	14 ,,	170
Bank of Madras ...	500	500	14 ,,	14 0
Bank of Rangoon	100	100	7 ,,	100
Bank of Baroda ...	100	50	7 ,,	70
Credit Bank of India Ld ...	50	10	5 ,,	12
Punjab National Bank ...	100	100	9	175
People's Bank of India ...	100	100	10	27
Specie Bank ...	100	50	7	66½
The Bombay Merchants Bank Ld.	100		6½	12½
Central Bank of India ...	50	25		30½
EXCHANGE BANK.				
Chartered Bank ...	£20	£20	15 p c	£60
Eastern Bank ...	£10	£ 4	4 ,,	87
Mercantile Bank(s)	25	12- 0	8 ,,	£21½
Do. (b)	25	12-10	8 ,,	£21½
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation ...	dl25	dl.125	£ 4	£87½
National Bank of India ...	25	12½	12½ ,,	615

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar	750	750	250	4800
Albert (Karachi)...	1100	1100	45	825
Bombay Cotton	125	125	15	35
Broach City	200	200	6 p c	125
Fort	200	200	14	170
Godavry Valley...	100	100	6	...
Harvey and Saubhagya	500	500	40	705
Hindustan P and M	250	50	15	...
Kingoleo	100	100	6 p c	80
Indian Cotton	125	125	10	13-½
Jamna Gin and Pressing Co	1000	1000	7	700
Jhangaum	400	400	9 p c	300
Mahomedpur Cotton	125	125	7 1-2	...
Mahuva...	200	200	nil	15
Mercantile	125	125	nil	21
Manmar Mfg	250	250	15	240
New East India ...	100	100	75	830
New Mofussil Co...	400	400	60 8	87 ½
New Berar	500	500	40	520
New Prince of Wales	500	500	3	755
Omri	100	112	nil	...
Parbhany	100	100	10	...
Sind	400	400	30	650
Surat City	200	200	20	245
Vakart U P Co. Ld	100	00	50	700
Wadhwan G. and P	150	45	12	N

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad-Prantej Ry	500	500	8 p c	670
Amritsar-Patty ...	100	100	6 ,,	137
Bhuj Light Rys Ld (Mirpur Kha ...				
Bhuj Feeder) ...	100	100	6 ,,	141
Do. Mirpur Khas—Khadro Feeder...	100	100	...	
Tapti-Valley Ry Co.	500	500	4½ ,,	590
Ahmedabad Dholka Railway	100	100	5½ ,,	133½
Central Provinces..

THE WEATHER.

INCESSANT RAIN IN CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, June 5.

There has been a considerable increase in the rainfall chiefly in the Peninsula and Northeast India. The largest amounts are—Jessore four inches, Barisal three, Calcutta six, Burdwan two, Sambalpur one and a half, Balasore four, Chaibassa two, Mangalore four, Hyderabad (Deccan) one and a half, Waltair one.

The disturbed condition over the Arabian sea is still more marked and the increase in rainfall on the West Coast indicates that the monsoon current has now commenced and moves northwards over the Bay.

There has been a rapid change in pressure conditions and a feeble depression passed across Ori sa coast giving moderate to heavy rain at coast stations at the head of the Bay.

Forecast:—Rainfall is probable in Burma, Northeast India, Central India, East Central Provinces, Peninsula, Gujrat and a few showers along the Western Himalayas.

CALCUTTA, June 5.

It has been raining here incessantly since Tuesday night, although it is officially announced that the monsoon is not due until the middle of this month, appearances are in favour of the monsoon having begun. In 24 hours, ending 8 o'clock yesterday morning, over one and a half inches of rain fell. It rained the whole of yesterday and night and it is still raining. If rains are as copious and well distributed as they are timely, they will do incalculable good.

The latest reports emanating from the Meteorological office show that the cyclone in the Bay, which yesterday morning was one hundred and fifty miles south of Puri, is intensifying and is approaching Calcutta.

STORM SIGNAL.

The following telegram was received yesterday from the Meteorological Department, Simla, by the Port Officer Bombay :—

Disturbed conditions over Arabian Sea now more masked and extend as far as north as Kathiawar Coast, but there are as yet no definite indications of storm.

LATER.

Weather very suspicious off Kathiawar coast. Hoist Cautionery Signal.

Appended is Thursday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India, based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature in the last 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the last 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire 4th ...	94·3	82·5	...	...
Jask ...	...	...	...	...
Muskat 4th ...	99·4	8 1 ..	...	...
Multan ...	111·3	90·5	...	...
Rawalpindi ..	...	..	...	...
Lahore ..	..	...	...	...
Sirsa ...	105·8	85·0	...	0·0
Ambala ...	102·5	82·9	...	0·00
Delhi ...	10 5	81 8	...	0·0 0
Agra ...	10 5	84·0	...	0·00
Mainpuri ...	99 8	80·6	...	0·00
Jhansi ...	102 8	82·0	...	.00
Cawnpore ...	98 2	7 4	...	0·00
Allahabad ...	97·6	76·5	...	0 0
Jacobabad ...	116·1	9 8	...	0·0
Karachi ...	?	82·0	...	0·00
Ajmer ...	103·6	8 2	...	0 00
Jaipur ...	104·2	88·	..	0 00
Kotah ...	107·6	87·1	..	0 00
Bhuj ...	0 4	80 0	0·02	0·02
Dwarka ...	90 8	81·7	0·08	0 08
Veraval ...	8 1	7·3	..	0· 0
Rajkot ...	107 6	78·3	0·25	0·25
Bhavnagar Para.	10 5	76·5	0·25	0·25
Surat ...	97·9	73·1	1·43	1·43
Ahmedabad ...	108·6	78 7	0·05	0·05
Deesa ...	10 8	81·9	...	0·00
Neemuch ...	1 6 4	85·0	...	0 0
Indore ...	105 1	78·1	...	0·00
Jubbulpore ...	1 0·3	8 3	...	0·00
Saugor ...	10 8	7 6 6	...	0·00
Hoshangabad ...	107·1	83·4	...	0·00
Khandwa ...	105·2	83·1	...	0·0
Akola ...	106·2	7 5 5	0·07	0·7
Amraoti ...	105·8	71 3	0 63	0·63
Nagpur ...	1 2·6	77·8	0·45	0·45
Chanda ...	104·5	77·5	0·17	0·1
Raipur ...	94·7	76 6	0·03	0·03
BOMBAY ...	95 0	80·4	0·01	0·01
Ratnagiri ...	90·3	79·9	0·13	1·03
Mormugao ...	90·5	78·7	0·65	1·06
Panjim ...	88·7	77·0	2·15	4·05
Belgaum ...	102·9	74·1	0·75	0·75
Mahabaleshwar ...	00·	74·0	...	0 04
Ahmednagar ...	9 4·0	71·4	0·28	0·28
Poona ...	104·8	74·1	...	1 01
Sholapur ...	93·7	76·3	0·85	1·5
Bijapur ...	8 3	69·5	0·50	1·02
Belgaum ...	97·9	74·7	0·60	0 62
Aurangabad ...				
Nizamabad (Indur) ...	103·4	79·2	...	0·15
Hyderabad ...	98·3	76·2	0·97	0·7
Mangalore ...	6··	74·8	3·7	4·28
Calicut ...	86 8	76·1	1 62	3·52
Cochin ...	83··	75·4	2·0·	5 85
Colombo ...	86·5	76·0	0·28	1·7
Masulipatam ...	9 3	80·7	...	0·60
Bellary ...	94·0	76·8	0·02	0·45
Gooty ...	100·0	79·0	0·05	0·05
Madras ...	91·5	81 0		0 01
Bangalore ...	8 ·8	67 3	0 81	2·00
Coimbatore ...	91 4	71·8	0·09	0·09
Trichinopoly ...	95·1	78 3	...	0·09
Negapatam ...	92·7	80·7	0 07	0·59

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Thursday, the 5th June, 1913, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—No telegrams have been received from Lahore and Rawalpindi. Skies are clear in the southern half of the division and lightly clouded at Ambala. Humidity is in excess in the east Punjab. Maximum temperature is in defect at Delhi; minimum temperature is in excess at Multan.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear in the extreme north-western districts and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. The air is dampe r than usual. Both day and night temperatures are in defect in the southern districts. Day temperature is below normal in the northern districts also.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are generally clear. Humidity is normal or in excess. Minimum temperature is in excess in upper Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Local rain associated with dust or thunderstorms has fallen; Surat has had 1·43". Rajkot and Bhavnagar-Para 0·25" each. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The air is drier than usual at Deesa and damper round the Gulf of Cambay. Night temperature is in defect in the area of rainfall.

The Central Provinces.—Fairly general rain has fallen in the southern half of the division; Amraoti has had 0·68" Nagpur 0·45" and Chanda 0·17". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is normal or in excess. Minimum temperature is in defect in the southern half of the division.

The Konkan.—Nearly general rain has fallen; Ratnagiri has had 0·13," Mormugao 0·65" and Karwar 2·16." Skies are moderately to heavily clouded The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average. Day temperature is in excess at Bombay.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad —Rainfall has been fairly general; Malegaon has had 0·75" Poona 0·28", Bijapur 0·86", Belgaum 0·50", Aurangabad 0·60" and Hyderabad 0·97". Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is generally in excess. Maximum temperature is in excess at some stations.

General Remarks.—Heavy rain has fallen in Malabar and the adjacent parts of the Konkan. Seas are generally rough in Malabar and monsoon conditions appear to be becoming established in that area. Pressure is giving way in the Konkan and some extension northward of monsoon conditions may take place during the day. Rainfall has been fairly general in the northern half of the Peninsula and the southern half of the Central Provinces. Dust or thunderstorms have given local rain in Kathiawar and Gujarat. Moderate rain has been reported from Bangalore.

Nearly general rain is likely on the West Coast of the Peninsula and some showers in the Deccan, the southern half of Gujarat and of Kathiawar. Some dust or thunderstorms are possible in the Central Provinces.

STANDARD BAROMETER READINGS.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may, by comparison with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers :—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F, and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a. m., (Standard Time), on the 5th June, 1913, was 29·730 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometers of ships, the reading of the ship's barometer is to be increased or decreased by ·013 inch for every 5 degrees, according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the Aneroid, no temperature correction is needed. For correcting the ship's barometer, either mercurial or Aneroid, for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a. m (Standard Time), the ship's barometer reading should be increased by ·010 inch for every 10 feet this height, to make o it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

WEEKLY SEASON REPORTS.

The following official Season Reports for the week ending 3rd instant are published in the "Government Gazette":-

Karachi.—No rain during week. Harvesting of summer crops continues. Crops slightly damaged by insects in Kotri taluka. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Fodder-supply adequate. Agricultural stock in good condition and sufficient except in Karachi taluka. Drinking water-supply sufficient. Price of rice 7, of bajri 11 and of jowari 12 seers per rupee. Price of grass 20 seers per rupee. Kadbi not available. Quantity of rice purchasable per rupee at Karachi 30 per cent. less than normal.

Sukkur.—No rain during week. River at Bukkur 8 feet 9 3-5 inches against 6 feet 6 inches on same date last year. Threshing of wheat in progress. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation, Canals opened on 1st June. Fodder-supply deficient in Ghotki and Pano Akil talukas. Agricultural stock in good condition and sufficient. Drinking water adequate. Prices of jowari 10, of bajri 13, of wheat 10 and of rice 6 1-2 seers per rupee. Prices of dry kadbi Rs. 6 per 100 bundles. Quantity of jowari purchasable per rupee at Sukkur 47·37 and of bajri 21·21 per cent. less than normal.

Larkana.—No rain during week. Threshing of rabi crops nearly completed Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Sowing of kharif crops commenced in Larkana, Ratodero, Miro-khan, Mehar and Nasirabad talukas. Fodder-supply adequate. Agricultural stock in good condition and sufficient. Supply of drinking water adequate. Price of jowari 12, of bajri 12 and of rice 9 seers per rupee. Price of kadbi 2 1-2 maunds per rupee. Quantity of jowari and bajri purchasable per rupee at Larkana 31·4 per cent. less than normal.

Hyderabad.—No rain during week. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Supply of fodder sufficient except in Hala, Tando Bago and Dero Mohbat talukas. Agricultural stock in good condition. Supply of drinking water adequate. Price of jowari 12, of bajri 11, of rice 8 and of wheat 9 seers per rupee. Price of dry kadbi Rs.40 for 100 bundles of 20 seers each Quantity of jowari purchasable per rupee at Hyderabad 27·2 and of bajri 31·2 per cent. less than normal.

Upper Sind Frontier.—No rain during week. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Fodder procurable. Agricultural stock in good condition and sufficient. Supply of drinking water adequate. Price of jowari 13 and of bajri 13-1-2 seers per rupee. Quantity of jowari purchasable per rupee at Jacobabad 41 and of bajri 39 per cent. less than normal.

Thar and Parkar.—No rain during week. Summer crops in good condition. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Supply of fodder and drinking water adequate. Agricultural stock in good condition and sufficient. Price of jowari and bajri 11, of rice 7½ and of wheat 10 seers per rupee. Price of grass 4 bundles per rupee. Quantity of rice purchasable per rupee at Mirpur Khas 37·5 per cent. less than normal.

Nawabshah.—No rain during week. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation in Shahdadpur, Sinjhoro, Nasrat and Kandiaro talukas. Supply of fodder sufficient. Agricultural stock in good condition. Supply of drinking water adequate. Price of jowari 13, of bajri 12, of wheat 10 and of rice 6 seers per rupee. Price of dry kadbi Rs. 12 per 100 bundles of 10 seers each. Quantity of jowari purchasable per rupee at Nawabshah 18¾ and of bajri 20 per cent. less than normal.

Ahmedabad.—No rain during week. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Fodder-supply adequate Agricultural stock sufficient and in good condition. Supply of water for drinking and irrigation normal. Price of jowari 12½, of bajri 12, of rice 6½ and of wheat 10 seers per rupee. Price of hay Re. 0-8-0 and of jowari kadbi Rs. 10 per 100 bundles. Quantity of jowari purchasable per rupee at Ahmedabad 26·5 and of bajri 20 per cent less than normal.

Panch Mahals.—No rain during week. Collection of mhowra flowers and fruit in progress. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Sowing of maize commenced in Dohad taluka. Fodder-supply adequate. Agricultural stock in good condition and sufficient. Water-supply adequate. Price of bajri 12 and of maize 18 1-2 seers per rupee. Quantity of bajri purchasable per rupee at Godhra 31 and of maize 42 per cent. less than normal.

Kaira.—No rain during week. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Fodder-supply sufficient. Agricultural stock sufficient and in good condition. Water for drinking and irrigation sufficient. Price of bajri 12, of jowari 13½ and of hill-millets 13 seers per rupee. Quantity of bajri purchasable per rupee at Kaira 25 and of jowari 29 per cent. less than normal.

Broach.—Threshing of wheat completed except in Wagra taluka where it is nearly over. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Supply of fodder adequate. Agricultural stock sufficient and in good condition. Water-supply adequate. Stocks of grain sufficient. Price of jowari 12 1-2, of bajri 11, of rice 7, of gram 10 and of wheat 9 seers per rupee. Price of pay Rs. 3 per 100 bund es. Quantity of jowari purchasable per rupee at Broach 26·47 per cent. less than normal.

Surat.—No rain during week. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Supply of fodder generally sufficient. Agricultural stock in good condition. Water for drinking and irrigation sufficient. Price of jowari 10 seers 1 chataks per rupee. Price of dry grass Re. 1-9-0 per 100 lbs. Quantity of jowari purchasable per rupee at Surat 33·6 per cent. less than normal.

Thana.—No rain during week. Garden crops in good condition. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Fodder-supply sufficient. Cattle generally healthy. Drinking water-supply sufficient. Price of rice 7 seers 5 chataks per rupee. Quantity of rice purchasable per rupee at Thana 23 per cent. less than normal.

Colaba (Bombay).—Abnormal temperature 30 warm from 28th to 2nd and 4o warm on 3rd. Vapour in air excessive throughout the week. Wind normal from 28th to 30th. Abnormal wind from north on 31st, 2nd and 3rd and from north northwest on 1st. Distant lightning from 28th to 3rd.

Kolaba.—Rain during week maximum 46 cents at Mangaon, minimum 10 cents at Mahad. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Sowing of rice commenced in Alibag and Mangaon talukas. Supply of fodder and water sufficient. Price of rice 7 seers 4 chataks per rupee. Quantity of rice purchasable per rupee at Alibag 34 per cent. less than normal.

Ratnagiri.—Rain during week 1 inch 4 cents at Ratnagiri, in the district maximum 3 inches.

87 cents at Chiplun, minimum 10 cents at Mandangad. Harvesting of summer crops continues in Devgad taluka. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Sowing commenced. Supply of fodder and water plentiful. Agricultural stock in good condition. Stocks of grain adequate. Price of rice 7 seers 13 chataks per rupee. Quantity of rice purchasable per rupee at Ratnagiri 29 per cent. less than normal.

Kanara.—Rain during week 2 inches 82 cents at Karwar, in the district maximum 4 inches 3 cents at Ankola, minimum 19 cents at Bhatkal. Rainfall beneficial. Harvesting of rabi rice nearly completed in Yellapur taluka. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Sowing of rice commenced. Fodder-supply sufficient. Drinking water generally sufficient. Stocks of grain sufficient. Price of rice 7 1-2 and of hill-millets 12 seers per rupee. Price of grass Re. 1 per 67 bundles. Quantity of rice purchasable per rupee at Karwar 31·9 per cent. less than normal.

East Khandesh.—Forty-nine cents of rain during week at Pachora. Rainfall partial and insufficient. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Fodder-supply sufficient Agricultural stock adequate and in good condition. Supply of water sufficient. Price of jowari 11 seers 12 chataks and of bajri 11 seers 13 chataks per rupee. Quantity of jowari purchasable per rupee at Jalgaon 47 and of bajri 39 per cent. less than normal.

West Khandesh.—Ten cents of rain during week at Sindkheda. Lands nearly ready for kharif cultivation everywhere. Fodder-supply adequate. Agricultural stock sufficient and in good condition. Drinking water-supply deficient in parts of Dhulia and Nandurbar talukas. Water for irrigation deficient in parts of Sindkheda, Sakri, Dhulia and Nandurbar talukas. Price of wheat 9 seers 5 chataks, of jowari 12 seers 1 chatak, of bajri 11 seers 2 chataks and of rice 6 seers per rupee. Quantity of bajri purchasable per rupee at Dhulia 41·4 and of jowari 46·4 per cent. less than normal.

Nasik—Rain during week 1 inch 10 cents at Nasik, in the district maximum 1 inch 62 cents at Baglan, minimum 5 cents at Malegaon. Rainfall useful. Supply of fodder sufficient. Agricultural stock in fair condition. Supply of water adequate. Price of bajri 11 seers 13 chataks per rupee. Quantity of food-grains purchasable per rupee at Nasik 30·51 per cent. less than normal.

Ahmednagar.—Rain during week 33 cents at Nagar, in the district maximum 2 inches 18 cents at Karjat, minimum 4 cents at Shevgaon. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Sowing commenced in parts of Nagar, Parner and Sarigonda talukas where moisture is sufficient. Agricultural stock in poor condition. Fodder-supply scanty. Water-supply deficient in some places. Price of jowari 11 seers and of bajri 10 seers 14 chataks per rupee. Price of kadbi Rs. 4 per 200 bundles. Quantity of jowari purchasable per rupee at Ahmednagar 49 per cent. less than normal.

Distress acute in Nevasa, Shevgaon, Nagar, Rahuri, Jamkhed and Kopargaon talukas. Little wandering. No emaciation noticed. Return of emigrants continues. Six kitchens and fourteen poor-houses continue to give relief. One poor-house closed from 28th ultimo. Weavers continue to be relieved from charitable funds. Suspensions of land revenue being granted, and takavi being advanced mainly for purchase of fodder and for deepening wells. Grass imported by Government, finds ready sale. Water-supply scanty, and measures are being taken for its improvement. Eight cattle camps opened with assistance of charitable funds continue to give relief. Wages 2 to 4 annas. Stocks of grain sufficient. Prices of food-grains high but stationary. Public health generally fair People on relief generally in good condition. Gratuitous relief being given to 14,073 persons.

Poona.—Rain during week 1 inch 10 cents at Poona, in the district maximum 5 inches 8 cents at Ghoda, minimum 57 cents at Paud. Rainfall useful. Preparation of lands for kharif sowing almost completed. Sowing commenced in places. Fodder-supply sufficient except in Dhond petha. Supply of water for drinking sufficient. Water for irrigation deficient except under Nira and Mutha Canals. Price of jowari 1 seers 13 chataks and of bajri 10 seers 3 chataks per rupee. Quantity of jowari purchasable per rupee at Poona 39 and of bajri 33 per cent. less than normal. Stocks of grain sufficient. Demand and supply of labour generally well balanced. Rates of wages 4 to 6 annas for males and 2 to 4 annas for females. Condition of cultivators and labourers fair. Dole being distributed to 64 village servants and 64 decrepit persons.

Sholapur.—Rain during week 89 cents at Sholapur, in the district maximum 3 inches 1 cent at Sangola, minimum 14 cents at Pandharpur. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Sowing commenced in places. Kadbi available but dear. Cattle in fair condition and sufficient. Supply of water for drinking sufficient except in parts of Barsi, Malsiras and Karmala talukas. Water for irrigation deficient in parts of Pandharpur, Sangola and Malsiras talukas. Stocks of grain sufficient. Price of jowari 14 seers per rupee. Price of kadbi at Sholapur Rs. 20 to Rs. 50 per 1,000 bundles. Quantity of food-grains purchasable per rupee at Sholapur 39·13 per cent. less than normal. Dole being distributed to 23 village servants.

Satara.—Rain during week 1 inch 14 cents at Satara, in the district maximum 2 inches 85 cents at Khatav, minimum 36 cents at Shirala. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Sowing of hill-millets commenced in Malcolmpeth petha. Fodder-supply adequate. Supply of water for drinking and irrigation adequate, but still deficient in Man taluka and Malcolmpeth petha. Price of jowari 12 seers 10 chataks and of bajri 12 seers 2 chataks per rupee. Quantity of jowari purchasable per rupee at Satara 25·7 and of bajri 24·2 per cent. less than normal.

Bijapur.—Rain during week maximum 4 inches 92 cents at Bagalkot, minimum 86 cents at Muddebihal. Rainfall useful for agricultural operations. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Sowing commenced in Bilgi petha. Fodder-supply adequate. Agricultural stock in fairly good condition. Drinking water-supply adequate. Stocks of grain sufficient. Price of jowari and bajri 24½ and of kadbi 75 lbs. per rupee. Quantity of jowari purchasable per rupee at Bijapur 47·9 and of bajri 46·7 per cent. less than normal.

Belgaum.—Rain during week 1 inch 30 cents at Belgaum, in the district maximum 4 inches 91 cents at Khanapur, minimum 57 cents at Chikodi. Rainfall general and useful. Garden crops in good condition. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Sowing of rice in progress. Fodder-supply adequate. Agricultural stock in good condition. Supply of water for drinking and irrigation sufficient. Price of jowari 11, of bajri 12, of wheat 8½ and of rice 7 seers per rupee. Quantity of jowari purchasable per rupee at Belgaum 45 and of bajri 38·46 per cent. less than normal.

Dharwar.—Rain during week 1 inch 14 cents at Dharwar, in the district maximum 3 inches 43 cents at Mundargi, minimum 8 cents at Ranebennur. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Sowing of rice commenced. Supply of fodder sufficient. Agricultural stock in good condition. Water-supply for drinking and irrigation sufficient. Price of rice at Dharwar 7 seers 14 chataks and of jowari 11 seers 6 chataks per rupee. Price of kadbi 100 lbs. per rupee. Quantity of food-grains purchasable per rupee at Dharwar 47 per cent. less than normal.

Kathiawar.—No rain during week. Standing crops in good condition. Irrigation of sugarcane in progress. Agricultural stock in good condition. Supply of fodder and water adequate. Price of bajri at Rajkot 10 seers 4 chataks per rupee. Quantity of bajri purchasable per rupee at Rajkot 33 per cent. less than normal.

Baroda.—No rain during week. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation in parts of Baroda, Navsari, Kadi and Amreli divisions. Agricultural stock in good condition. Supply of fodder and water adequate. Price of wheat at Baroda 18, of bajri 21, of jowari 24 and of rice 15 lbs. per rupee.

Palanpur.—No rain during week. Harvesting of rabi crops continues in some places. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Supply of fodder sufficient. Agricultural stock sufficient and in good condition. Supply of water for drinking and irrigation adequate. Stocks of grain sufficient. Price of jowari and bajri 14 1-2 seers per rupee. Quantity of food-grains purchasable per rupee at Palanpur 15 to 20 per cent. less than normal.

Cutch.—Standing crops in fair condition. Picking of cotton continues. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Supply of fodder sufficient. Agricultural stock inadequate but generally in fair condition. Supply of water for drinking and irrigation sufficient. Price of bajri at Bhuj 7 seers 21 tolas per rupee. Price of hay 84 seers per rupee. Quantity of bajri purchasable per rupee 39 per cent less than normal.

Mahi Kantha.—Fifty cents of rain during week at Vadagam. Harvesting of rab crops continues. Supply of fodder and water adequate. Agricultural stock in fair condition. Price of bajri 13 and of jowari 12 1-2 seers per rupee. Quantity of bajri purchasable per rupee 7·1 and of jowari 21·8 per cent. less than normal.

Rewa Kantha.—Collection of mhowra flowers in progress. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Sowing of maize commenced in some places. Fodder and pasturage adequate. Agricultural stock in good condition. Supply of water for drinking and irrigation sufficient. Price of bajri 12 and of maize 12 1-2 seers per rupee.

Savantvadi.—No rain during week. Lands being prepared for kharif cultivation. Fodder-supply adequate. Agricultural stock sufficient and in good condition. Supply of water sufficient. Stocks of grain sufficient. Price of rice 10 and of hill-millets 18 seers per rupee. Quantity of rice purchasable per rupee 29 and of hill-millets 37 per cent. less than normal.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

During the week there was good rain in parts of Poona, the Karnatak, Ratnagiri and Kanara, moderate in parts of Ahmednagar, Sholapur and Satara, and slight in parts of Kolaba, Khandesh and Mahi Kantha. Lands are being prepared for kharif cultivation. Sowing commenced in parts of Larkana, the Konkan, Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur, the Karnatak and Rewa Kantha. The fodder-supply was deficient in parts of Sukkur, Hyderabad and Ahmednagar. Agricultural stock was generally in good condition except in Ahmednagar where it was in poor condition; it was deficient in parts of Cutch. The supply of water for drinking and for irrigation was deficient in parts of the Deccan. The public health was generally good. Prices of food-grains continue to be high but are steady during the week. The quantities of food-grains purchasable per rupee in Sind and the various tracts in the Presidency proper are as follows :—

	Percentage below normal.
Sind	18 to 47
Gujarat	20 to 42
Konkan	23 to 34
Deccan	24 to 49
Karnatak	38 to 47

Distress is acute in Nevasa, Shevgaon, Nagaa, Rahuri, Jamkhed and Kopargaon talukas of the Ahmednagar district. Little wandering and no emaciation has been noticed yet. The return of emigrants continues, Six kitchens and fourteen poor housess continue to give relief. The people on relief are generally in good condition. Liberal suspensions of land revenue are being granted and takavi is being freely advanced for fodder and wells. Grass imported by Government agency continues to find ready sale. Charitable funds are being utilised for grant of relief to weavers. Eight cattle kitchens financed from charitable funds continue to give relief. Water-supply is scanty. Numbers on gratuitous relief for the week ending 31st May were 14,073 in Ahmednagar and 161 in Poona and Sholapur.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

THE HIGH COURT.

COCAINE PROSECUTION.

The City Magistrate of Surat sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment each Dandabhai, Husenbai and Mahomedbai Dandabhai, who were charged under the Bombay Abkari Act, in that they had kept in their possession fifteen grains of cocaine, without a licence. This was in Contravention of section 43, sub-section 1, clause 2 of the Act. The accused were father and son and the Excise Officers suspected them of having illegal dealings in the drug. Mr. Kees, the Excise Inspector of Surat, on information, made a raid on the shop, which the accused kept, and with the aid of his assistants searched the place before a *panch*. The cocaine was found under a pillow, where the first accused used to sit.

While admitting the finding of the drug in the shop, the accused stated that it was placed there by neighbours, with a view to bring them into trouble. On behalf of the first accused it was contended that business in the shop where the drug was found was carried on in his son's name, and that the rent note was in his name.

The Magistrate thought this was a lame excuse put forward to evade responsibility and therefore convicted him.

The sessions Judge of Surat was appealed to in the matter, by the accused, but their appeals were rejected.

An application for revision was then made to the High Court, which was disposed of by the Chief Justice and the Hon. Mr. Justice Shah. Mr. Koyaji appeared for the petitioners, and Mr. Patkar, Government Pleader, represented the crown.

In delivering judgment, the Hon. the Chief Justice observed that their Lordships did not consider that either of the accused could be made liable for an offence, because he was joint in the Hindu sense with another accused, who was found guilty of the offence by the fact of possession of cocaine—It appeared to Their Lordships it was a clear question of fact with regard to each accused and there was evidence against each fixing him with possession of the drug—Under the circumstances the Court did not want to interfere with the conviction.

As regards the sentences the maximum punishment by way of imprisonment which could be imposed under section 43 of the Abkari Act for the first conviction was one year. The amount of cocaine in the possession of the accused was very small, and yet each of them had been sentenced to one quarter of the maximum penalty. Their Lordships did not think that that was a reasonable punishment. The appellants had already undergone rigorous imprisonment for about a month and a half, and their Lordships directed that the sentence be reduced to the amount of imprisonment already undergone by them. They were ordered to be released.

THE POLICE COURTS.

EUROPEAN CHARGED WITH ASSAULT.

DISPUTE IN A LIFT.

In the court of Mr. G. R. Khairaj, third Presidency, Magistrate yesterday Mr. Hamza Nazarmahomed Fatehalli, charged Mr. W. Evans, an assistant in the firm of Messrs. Duxbury and Co, with assault.

According to the allegations of the prosecution the complainant is a nephew of the late Mr. Justice Badruddin Tyebji, and is in business as an export and import merchant. On the afternoon of the 29th ultimo he had occasion to go to the offices of the Japan Cotton Spinning Association, situated in York buildings, Hornby Road. The accused's office is in the same building. The complainant entered the lift and was immediately followed by a European gentleman. The accused also came in and entered the lift. The lift was intended to carry only two persons at a time, and the lift man waited for somebody to get out. The accused, thereupon told the liftman to tell the complainant to step out of the lift, but the complainant declined. At this accused slapped the complainant on the head, and tried to push him out. The accused again slapped the complainant and his cap was thrown out of the lift. Accused then told the complainant to go and pick it up, to which the complainant said "No I won't." The accused then left the lift and went up to his office on the second floor by the stair case. The complainant got out of the lift on the first floor, followed the accused and asked him his name. Accused replied by telling the sepoy to turn him out of the office. The complainant thereupon proceeded to the Esplanade Police Station and asked Inspector Chapman to get the name of the accused.

The accused said "I plead guilty to roughness, but not to assault." He however, admitted having given the complainant a slap, and having knocked off his cap.

After the examination of the complainant the accused said that the lift was primarily intended for the use of the tenants and not for outsiders.

The liftman gave evidence and corroborated the complainant's story.

The accused then told the court that, as a rule, natives should have the decency to make room for Europeans.

The Magistrate asked the accused whether there was such a rule in York Buildings, and whether he had any witnesses to prove that.

The accused replied that there was no such rule, but that had always been his experience.

The Magistrate then asked him whether he wished to suggest that whenever he went anywhere, Indian gentlemen should get up and give him a front seat?

The accused said that he did not make any such suggestion, but said that it would be decency on the part of the natives to do so.

Mr. Vicaji F. Vicaji, who appeared for the complainant, then addressed the Court. He said that the conduct of the accused had been grossly ungentlemanly.

The Magistrate said he would pass orders on Monday.

DARING ATTEMPT AT ROBBERY.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. G. R. Khairaj, Third Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Chimanlal charged an old offender named Nurmahamad Nathu, with attempting to commit theft on Bhuleswar Road.

It appeard that on the 4th instant one Narayandas Ramlal, a broker in opium, residing at Cawasji street was going along Bhuleswar Road. He was wearing a gold watch and chain valued at Rs. 1,500. In the road he met a mangoe-seller, and was talking with him when the accused came up and pulled at the gold chain. Narayandas at once seized him, but the accused threw him off and ran away, when he was seized by a policeman in plain clothes.

The accused said that there was a big crowd in the road, and he dashed against the complainant, but did not attempt to commit a theft.

The accused had eight previous convictions, and the Magistrate sentenced him to six month's rigorous imprisonment.

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THE

Bombay Gazette.

Friday, 6th June, 1913.

A VALUABLE MANUSCRIPT.

THE British Museum has just been enriched by the addition of a beautiful copy of one of the most valuable manuscripts in existence,—the new manuscript of the Gospels, known as the Freer Manuscript. The close and diligent search of the scholars in the remains of the old temples and monasteries of Egypt and other eastern countries has resulted in the discovery of many most valuable documents, and of these the great codices of the New Testament are chief. Now that a facsimile of the one discovered a few years ago by Mr. Freer, is in the Museum it is possible to examine its contents and to form some idea of its value from the religious point of view. For a long time scholars have been anxiously awaiting the appearance of this fourth or fifth century record of Christ's life, and the various critical accounts of it which have already appeared are unanimous in claiming for it a very high place and as worthy to rank with the Great Codex Vaticanus, Sinaitius and others upon which the Revised Version of the Bible was based. There are many striking features in this new document which will be of intense interest to theological scholars, and we can be sure the British theological faculty will soon gain a close acquaintance with it and give to the world the result of their examination. Much that they say will be of interest only to the student. There is, however, one point to be noted, which will be of interest to Indian and Christian alike, that is, the discovery of a new saying by Christ, which has not been found recorded in any other manuscript of the Gospels. In these days all classes in India have, at least all those who have made any pretence to the study of the English language, devoted some time to the study of the life of Christ. The new discovery will, therefore, be of interest to them as well as to the followers of the Christian faith. The text of the verse which is found in the last chapter of Mark, between the fourteenth and fifteenth verses of the present version is as follows: "And they excused themselves, saying that this age of lawlessness and unbelief is under Satan, who, through the agency of the unclean spirits, suffers not the true power of God to be apprehended. For this cause, said they under Christ, reveal now at once thy righteousness."

And Christ said unto them, "the limit of the years of the power of Satan is not fulfilled, but it draweth near; for the sake of those that have sinned was I given up to death, that they may return unto the truth and sin no more, but may inherit the spiritual and incorruptible glory of righteousness in heaven." Then follows the fifteenth verse. There are one or two parts of this verse where there is difficulty in deciphering the letters, but the above is the reading accepted by the scholars who have examined it up to the present. There are a number of textual variations between the newly discovered manuscripts and those which have been made the basis of the Revised Version, but these variations are slight. A manuscript of such antiquity is of almost priceless value and while the Britisher may regret the unfortunate circumstances that led to the original document not finding a home in England, he will be grateful that our friends in America have the care of it. It may be remembered by some of our readers that the Freer Manuscript was discovered about six years ago in Egypt, where so many other valuable discoveries have been made. At the time when it was produced Mr. Freer, a rich and cultivated American, was visiting the country and, being on the spot, was able to pay the requisite amount and to carry off the prize. He assigned the manuscript to the University of Michigan which was instructed to publish the same and to present copies to the British Museum. The task was no easy one, and Professor Sanders, to whom it was entrusted, has proved himself capable of handling the subject with success.

The manuscript is of parchment and it is written in small, slightly sloping uncials. One of the striking features is the clearness of the text. Those acquainted with the style of the ancient manuscripts will expect to find that there is little attempt to separate the words, and capital letters and accents are altogether missing. There is still considerable discussion as to where the record had been kept previous to its coming into the possession of Mr. Freer, but, up to the present the original story of the seller seems to be in greatest favour. The dealer, Ali Arabi stated that the manuscript, together with several others he sold to the same purchaser, came from Akhmim, the ancient Panopolis, the place where, nearly thirty years ago several other valuable books were discovered. It is not easy to confirm the dealer's story, but Professor Sanders is inclined to believe that it once formed part of the Bible used in Upper Egypt, and that, after the withdrawal of the Greek Christians, following on their overthrow by the Moslems, it was either buried or lost. This was of great importance for, being hidden away, it was spared the many interpolations and glosses to be found on the other documents. The number of books on papyrus of such an early date as the fourth century, is so very small that we cannot be surprised that widespread interest has been shown in the Freer Manuscript, and the nation is indebted to Mr. Freer for presenting it with so excellent a facsimile of the document, the possessors of which we cannot but envy. We have not mentioned the more technical points of interest raised by the new book as these chiefly concern the student.

THE EXTRAORDINARY DERBY.

WHEN one separates all the remarkable incidents, which have attended the Derby of 1913, it becomes a commonplace to say that it is the most extraordinary Derby, which has ever been run. It might well be claimed to be that for the incidents concerned only with the running and the result, but in addition there has been the amazing interference by a Suffragette, which seems the most foolhardy and most futile of all the many things, which the Suffragettes have done. This race will easily rank first in the history of the Derby, excelling in sensationalism the win of Mr. Chaplin's Hermit, the tragic circumstances of Holocaust's death on the course, and other famous happenings. So far as available records show, it is the first time that a Derby has been won on an objection, and there can be little doubt that the objection was rightly taken, and rightly upheld. The soreness of the crowd on the race course is easily explained as a natural disappointment at the non-success of the favourite. The manner in which the horses ran seems to have been deplorable in the extreme, and we shall not be at all surprised if the authorities hold a further inquiry—rather the contrary. The Derby has always had a reputation for clean running, and, for the good name of the English Turf, it is essential in a race, which is the Blue Ribbon of the Turf, that that reputation should be rigidly upheld. Thus the punishment, if any has to be awarded, should be stern. On the other hand, the one pleasing feature of the affair is the attitude of the owner, Mr. Cunliffe. In spite of the fact that the Derby Stakes are so coveted a prize, in spite of the big provocation he was given in the bumping of his narrowly-defeated horse, he refused to lay an objection. However, as the owner would not object, the Stewards immediately did, and, after thorough investigation, disqualified Craganour for persistent misconduct during the greater part of the race. This is a striking instance of the disinterested attitude of those who control the English Turf, and also the sportsmanship which characterises its leading owners.

As for the reckless escapade of Miss Davison, it is difficult to imagine anything more purposeless. It has resulted in the grave injury, if not in the suicide, of the unfortunate fanatic, who committed it, and more or less serious hurt to the jockey, Herbert Jones, who deserves very genuine sympathy. It has not done the slightest benefit to the Suffragette cause, and it is very doubtful if it has done any injury to the King, as Aumer was never regarded as having an appreciable chance. What the woman's intention may have been, it is needless to speculate. What the attitude of mind must have been, which could induce her to rush out in front of a crowd of galloping horses, it is easier to conjecture. Especially when one considers her previous record, it is difficult to belief that she was not in a state of acute hysteria, which amounted, temporarily at least, to madness. Her case again raises the point, which has already been pressed upon the Government, whether the more violent of the militant Suffragettes should not be restrained as being mentally deranged, Miss Davison is now lying in a precarious condition, and should she unfortunately die she will have achieved the distinction of being the first "martyr," who has suffered death for the "cause." Other ill-balanced women will, in that event, find in her example inspiration to similar deeds of bravado and mischief, and, on that account, if for no other reason, her recovery is to be fervently prayed for.

INDO-CEYLON RAILWAY.

THAT portion of the Indo-Ceylon railway scheme, which is at present under construction, is rapidly nearing completion, and it is now announced by the Agent to the South Indian Railway, Mr. Muirhead, that it will be inaugurated in January next. The project to which this statement applies, does not, of course, include the much-discussed enterprise of a causeway over Adam's Bridge; but a survey for such a work has been prepared, and Mr. Muirhead is of opinion that in time it is bound to be undertaken. We have thus a definite prospect at last that India and Ceylon will be joined by land, and the tiresome crossing of the Straits, be dispensed with. How soon that desirable result will be achieved will depend entirely on the demands, which traffic may make upon the present new route, when it has been completed. The railway at present is being extended to Danushkoti, where a coolies' quarantine camp is to be established; thence the remaining 22 miles to Tallaimanaar in Ceylon will be done by the new ferry steamers, which will cover the distance in one hour and ten minutes. The saving in time, which will be effected by passengers, to and from, Ceylon will be about one day, but in the Island more importance seems to be attached to the effect upon the coolie traffic. On account of improved quarantine arrangements, etc, it is expected that coolies will be delivered at up-country estates in three or four days less time than they can be at present. This, it is hoped, may result in a materially increased supply of coolies. Naturally it is difficult to foretell exactly what the commercial effects of the new route will be, but there is every reason to believe that it will be an important agent in producing freer communication and an extended trade between India and the little island at her foot.

A CRUISING FRATERNITY.

THE *Times*, in a special article, deals with the journals of the Royal Cruising Club and ruminating on them, declares that cruising in small sailing craft, as distinguished from racing in all its many branches, is a comparatively modern sport; and it says much for the grit and hardyhood of young England that the era of steam and petrol as applied to pleasure-going on the sea has not quenched, but quickened, in hundreds of young men the enthusiasm for a form of travel which, by its very independence of these mechanical aids, is one of the finest schools of character in the world. Reviewing at some length the cruises round about the English coast and touching lightly on those to Mediterranean ports, the writer turns to feats in more strenuous vesters, in which he doubts the yachtsmen found real pleasure, particularly in frigid regions. But among the cruises he mentions particular reference is made to Toloso, just under 13 tons, Mr. G. W. Huggins in command, which sailed from Cette to the Solent in 1905, and back again, with the Balearic Isles thrown in, in the following year. Mr. E. G. Martin in his more powerful cutter Chance, 35 tons, though with a crew of only two amateurs beside himself, got as far as Gibraltar and back in one season. Only one member observes the writer, in a couple of sentences which will be appreciated in Western India, "has hitherto penetrated beyond Minorca or the Gulf of Lyons, Mr. T. R, Scovell, whose Godwit, of 45 tons, left the Solent in October. 1903, and reached Bombay in March 1902. The return journey was made in a considerably larger vessel in 1909. Next year, unhappily, this keen and plucky sailor was drowned through falling overboard from his steam yacht near the end of a stormy voyage from Hamburg to England."

LORD SYDENHAM.

AT the Anglo-Saxon Club on Wednesday evening, judging from the brief summary wired out, Lord Sydenham appears to have delivered one of the incisive speeches which distinguished him here. He deplored the apathy towards India displayed by people in England, and suggested to them that criticism of Indian affairs, and our management of them, is not sympathy. Misinformed criticisms has been mistaken by malcontents for knowledge and as evidence of goodwill But if criticism be not based on accurate information it is merely harmful—a fact which is not appreciated by many of those who would be considered friends of India. The "discontented thousands, whose interests do not always coincide with those millions in India" are those to whom people in England pander, increasing the difficulties of successful administration. "Never was a time," truthfully, and perhaps pointedly, said our late Governor, "when India so greatly needed the best brains and the biggest hearts." Whether it is getting them is a matter upon which the Public Services Commission may express an opinion, and it may, too, reveal to us where the future supply is to be obtained. We must have those two great qualities in the King's representatives as well as in his servants, otherwise it will be little use endeavouring "to go straight ahead and do what we think right for the country."

H. E. the Governor will hold a Levee at the Council Hall, Poona, on Tuesday, the 24th June 5, at P.M.

IT is officially notified that the Governor in Council desires that the 20th June being His Excellency the Viceroy's birth-day should be celebrated as a holiday in all schools.

In a "Government Gazette" (Extraordinary) issued last evening the Municipal Commissioner notifies the intenti on of the Corporation to raise a loan of seventy lakhs of rupees.

The current "Bombay Government Gazette" contains orders for the investment of funds in Bombay Port Trust bonds contributing the endowment of the Vasanji Trikamji Mulji Library in connection with the Royal Institute of Science Bombay.

WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

COURT AND SOCIETY.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, May 16.

The return of the King and Queen and Princess Mary to Buckingham Palace to-morrow coincides with the end of the Whitsuntide holidays, and by the end of the week London will be in the full swing of the grand summer season. However, a great number of people who went to Paris last week are likely to remain there for a few days longer, as the Paris season is now at its height and will be continued until the Grand Prix at Longchamps, when many Americans and Parisians will come to London to participate in the remaining gaieties of the season. It is understood that there will be two State balls at Buckingham Palace, one to coincide with the visit of the President of the French Republic. A royal garden party either at Windsor Castle or in the grounds of Buckingham Palace may also be looked for, but very short notice is usually given of these Court functions. The Duke and Duchess of Connaught are likely to remain for some considerable time at Clarence House, and probably when the Duchess is able to be moved she will be taken to Bagshot Park. Prince and Princess Christian and Princess Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein are to remain at Schomberg House, Pall Mall, until they proceed to Cumberland Lodge for Ascot week, and here they will, as usual, entertain a small party for the race week. Princess Henry of Battenberg will pass the season at Kensington Palace, and the Duchess of Albany will be at Clermont, whence she will make frequent visits to town. The trousseau that is being prepared for Princess Victoria Louise of Prussia is chiefly remarkable for its simplicity and entire absence of anything tending to over-elaboration or exaggerated styles. The Empress, whose excellent taste in matters of dress is well known, has superintended every detail of her daughter's outfit, the whole of which is being supplied by German firms. The texture of the lingerie is exquisitely fine, and lace, of which the young Princess is very fond, is used extensively as a trimming. The beautiful bridal veil is being made by the lace workers in Silesia.

LONDON.

It is very difficult for us to realise the extent of the changes that have taken place in London during the last twenty years. For manners and customs and towns are not transformed suddenly any more than people are. The changes in London life have come about gradually, almost imperceptibly. Motors did not sweep horse traction from the streets in a day, or even in a year. But if you have the power of looking back and recalling a day during the last decade in some detail, you will realise that there has been a revolution, and that the London of 1900, still more the London of 1890, would appear almost as strange to the London of 1913 as the London of a century ago. Even ten years ago there was less inclination to value everything in proportion to its cost.—I was reading the other day a description of the late Lady Wilde's salon, and I realised that such a form of entertainment as that brilliant and charming woman offered to her friends would hardly be possible now, when a "little dinner" often costs as much as £25 or £30. Some one has taken the trouble to compare a menu dated 1893 with a menu of 1913, and has found that whereas the cost per head in 1893 was 12s., the cost per head for the same class of dinner party now is £2 10s. This surprising difference is not altogether due to a rise in the price of commodities. As some one put it the other day in a discussion on the subject, "A hostess feels that she drops several points in the social thermometer if her lunches and dinners cost less than a certain amount." It may be argued that people who have money have a right to be lavish in their entertaining; but surely there should be a limit to the money spent on food and drink. The result of the ostentatious display is that people who cannot compete with it do not entertain at all, and social success is dependent on the length of the purse.

FASHIONS IN REASON.

Spring fashions at their gayest, and so new as to be only a few hours evolved from the imaginations of their creators, glittered charmingly at Longchamps Race-course this afternoon amid the fresh green of the beautiful Bois de Boulogne. Among the costumes which seemed best to fulfil the delicate requirements of a spring dress was a jacket of rich green stamped velvet above a panier skirt of green crepe de Chine. The hat had a green plume behind. The extravagant panier and the trouser skirt have been lately modified. In fact, a reaction against the bizarre has definitely set in. One of the most effective costumes in the enclosure was an excellent example of the sweeter reasonableness that is beginning to rule the Paris modes. It was a simple narrow black silk skirt caught up in front by three white silk buttons to show an underskirt of white silk, draped with heavy white lace. A black silk hat with a white fringe which fell down behind was worn. Sashes in various colours were to be seen on many frocks. Several women to-day wore the new buskin strapping round the ankle. It was generally of black patent leather over white silk stockings.

THE WORLD'S BEST HOLIDAY MAKERS.

[BY AN AMERICAN VISITOR.]

If there is one thing which you Britons are particularly good at it is the art of taking holidays, and I, for one, am not in the least ashamed of your superiority. Only a very sane people possesses and really enjoys exercising a capacity for idleness. The best sign that we Americans are developing is that we are working less and playing more. There is no more searching test of a man (or a nation) than the degree of his ability to do nothing sensibly and pleasurably, just as while almost any fool can make money it takes a wise man to spend it properly.

I have derived a good deal of satisfaction from the sight of Great Britain shutting up shop and plunging into amusement. The streams of motors, taxicabs, and carriages, with their merrily intent occupants and their cheerful loads of luggage, rolling toward the London termini; the vast headlong rush to the country and the Continent; the thousands and hundreds of thousands watching games and playing them; the whole delightful, leisurely, unmercenary atmosphere—in all this I have found a fresh testimony to national good sense.

THE ENJOYMENT OF LIFE.

The truth is that beyond almost all other peoples you have the gift of extracting from life its last ounce of enjoyment. Such, of course, is not your usual reputation. People talk of the French as the supreme merry-makers of the world, and of the British as a sombre, saturnine folk who take their pleasures sadly. But that is sheer shallowness. I find that the English are peculiarly adept in making the most of a good time, that holidays are in their blood, that if you are easy-going in earning money you are enthusiasts in getting rid of it, and that you build with it the most elaborate, ordered, and enduring fabric of enjoyment to be found anywhere. If anything, indeed, you rather over-indulge your genius for not working. One could not help asking, as one watched the waves of pleasure-seekers, how many of these people needed a holiday and how many of them had done anything to earn one, and what it was they were taking a holiday from? Is it not all holidays over here nowadays? Are not England and English life becoming a perpetual rest-cure? Twenty or thirty years ago holidays were really holidays. A man stuck to his work whoever he was, merchant or clerk, every week-day. He had his three, four, or five weeks in the summer—three usually—from two to four days at Christmas, and perhaps three more at Easter. Whitsun he declined to recognise at all, and as for the week-end it was hardly invented.

MORE TIME FOR GOLF.

But in these mellower times a man thinks himself an ascetic if he only indulges in a week at Whitsun; Christmas has developed into an affair of a round fortnight; Saturday is a "dies non" London automatically closes soon after lunch on Friday and does not open again until about noon on Monday; the sons of the men who built up industrial England motor to their offices at 10.30, take an hour and a half for lunch, and are to be found at their clubs by five o'clock; the summer vacation has expanded over two or three months and if any man will sit down and compare the days he devotes to golf with the odd hours that were all he could spare for sport ten years ago he will certainly be a good deal amazed and probably not a little humiliated.

No is it only or even mainly the people of means who have been educated to this large and liberal view of what constitutes a fair measure of recreation. In practically all industries hours have been shortened; pretty nearly every town and district has its early-closing day; the Legislature has just recently added on a compulsory half-holiday; and about a dozen new and highly popular ways of gambling have had to be invented to enable the mass of the people to endure their enforced leisure. I was never more impressed with your aversion to hustling than when, a few weeks ago, on a Thursday afternoon, I tried and failed to buy a travelling cap in a flourishing south-coast "resort." I failed because it was after two o'clock and every shop was shuttered as though for an invasion of Suffragettes.

A HOLIDAY FROM REST.

And not only is this just as it should be, but anything else would be unspeakably un-English. Your whole social formation and scheme of life sanction and jutstify the multitudinous swarms of merry-makers I was watching a day or two ago. The King works and Parliament works, and before the artistocracy is rising the awful vision of either working or starving; but nobody else works that I know of. The whole of the territorial class, which, more than any other, sets the tone of social life, cultivates to its own and everybody else's entire satisfaction an existence of privileged leisure; the middle class apes it; and below them we get the incomparable army of the work-shy, the loafers, the football gamblers and the "in-and-outers" we were reading about in the Poor Law Report of four years ago. So that what the English take a holiday from is rest.

And it is because you appland so fervently the copybook maxim about the evil effects of all work and no play and so earnestly bend your minds to demonstrating that all play and no work is the sounder and more wholesome rule that the facilities for holiday making in Great Britain are unsurpassable, and that the spirit in which you utilise them is precisely adapted to turning them to the best account. The only time an Englishman is never bored is when he is playing. The only time an American is always bored is when he is not working. Whatever his opportunities for recreation, the average American can hardly ever make use of them; the right spirit is not in him; he would positively prefer to be in his office. But you in Great Britain have preserved a saner perspective. And by virtue of it the time is not far off when all Scotsmen who are not Cabinet Ministers will be gillies, caddies or beaters. Already for half the year it is hardly possible to be out of gunshot from one end of the United Kingdom to the other. And besides this you spend some £10,000,000 a year on hunting and perhaps half as much on golf; and you yacht and you fish, and you race and you row and you climb and you walk, and you cycle and you motor, and you play tennis and cricket and football, and if possible you do all of them at once. No one who has seen you on your holidays would ever call you a leisurely people.

WOMEN IN CAMP.

Twenty-two women, members of the First Aid Nursing Yeomanry Corps, who are in camp with the Army Service Corps at Pollards Hill, Norbury, attended the Church parade yesterday and were welcomed by a large crowd as they marched along in perfect step to St. Philip's Church. Dressed in tight-fitting khaki regimental coats, with peaked caps and loose astride skirts, they brought up the rear of a procession headed by a band and about eighty members of the Army Service Corps. No women have so nearly approached to the soldier in physical fitness and technical knowledge. Mounted on horses, they rode from their headquarters in London on Saturday, taking with them all their kit. They pitched nine tents without the help of any man and installed themselves in a field adjoining one in which the officers and men of the Army Service Corps are encamped. The tents, all lit with electric light, are models of neatness and cleanliness, but the women, not having a mess of their own and being free of all diffidence, made themselves at home in the officers' mess. In the doorway of the first tent is a bulldog, the mascot of the corps, who has been specially trained for sentry duty.

LORD SYDENHAM ON INDIA'S NEEDS.

STRIKING INDICATION OF POLICY.

WARNING AGAINST THE CRIES OF MALCONTENTS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, June 5.

Lord Sydenham was last night the guest of the Anglo-Saxon Club.

In a speech, Lord Sydenham deplored the general apathy in England towards Indian affairs. He said he would like to see more sympathy with and less criticism of those, who were working for the good of India. Never was there a time, when India so greatly needed the best brains and the biggest hearts. There was only one course to pursue. We must go straight ahead, doing what we thought right for the country, and not seek to satisfy the discontented thousands, whose interest did not always coincide with those of the millions in India.

JAPANESE QUESTION.

NEW NOTE HANDED TO MR. BRYAN.

WASHINGTON, June 5.

Viscount Chinda, the Japanese Ambassador, has presented to Mr. Bryan the Japanese rejoinder to the United State's reply to her original protest against the Californian Land Law. The rejoinder explains why Japan continues to record the recently-passed Webb law as discriminating against the Japanese, and violating the treaty of 1900. The rejoinder contains nothing in the nature of an ultimatum. Its general tone invites further discussion. Mr Bryan and Viscount Chinda are agreed that no public purpose would be served by the public discussion of the controversy, and have decided not to publish the contents of the Note beyond the fore going general terms.

UPROARIOUS DEPUTIES.

MORE SCENES IN HUNGARIAN PARLIAMENT.

BUDAPEST, June 4.

There was a furious uproar in Parliament to-day, the Opposition deputies showering opprobrious epithets on M. Lukacs and Count Tisza. The Ministerialists responded with counter-cries.

The Parliamentary police arrived and ejected some members. Eventually, M. Lukacs announced his resignation. The Opposition quitted the House, denouncing Count Tisza as a coward and a murderer.

THE PERSIAN RISING.

DEFEAT OF SALAR-ED-DOWLEH.

TEHERAN, June 5.

The Government has received information that Salar-ed-Dowleh has been severly defeated by the Sipahdar's son, and that Salar-ed-Dowleh has fled to Talish with only thirty men.

SHIPBUILDING CRISIS.

HOPES OF AVERTING A STRIKE.

LONDON, June 5.

The result of the ballot of shipyard workers in Great Britain is 12,215 for an immediate strike for an increase of wages, and 4,348 against a strike.

At a conference between the employers and the men at Edinburgh, the former submitted new proposals, which the men will consider this week.

It is hoped to avert a strike.

JACK JOHNSON.

ONE YEAR'S IMPRISONMENT.

CHICAGO, June 5.

Jack Johnson has been sentenced to confinement in a penitentiary for a year and a day, having been convicted of violation of the White Slave Law.

THE SCOTT EXPEDITION.

LONDON, June 5.

Mr. Churchill yesterday presided at the first public lecture given by Commander Evans on the Scott Expedition. The venue was Queen's Hall. Mr. Asquith was present.

Mr. Churchill's brief prefatory address was interrupted by male and female Suffragists. Many were ejected amid uproar.

WANDSWORTH BYE-ELECTION.

LONDON, June 5.

Mr. Wilson has been adopted Independent Labour candidate for Wandsworth.

ENGLISH CRICKET RESULTS.

LONDON, June 4.

Surrey beat Hampshire, at the Oval, by an innings and 40 runs.

Kent drew with Yorkshire, at Bradford, but gained a first innings victory.

Northamptonshire beat Warwickshire at Birmingham, by five wickets.

DERBY SENSATION.

GREAT DARING OF A SUFFRAGETTE.

DASH FROM THE RAILS AMONG THE FIELD.

HURLED FOR YARDS BY THE KING'S HORSE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, June 4.

The incident in connection with the King's horse caused a tremendous sensation. The woman is lying at Epsom Cottage Hospital unconscious. Her injuries are most serious, especially about the head. Under her jacket and round her waist was a Suffragette flag. The name Emily Davison is on her clothing.

The woman is a graduate of London University, and is between thirty and forty years of age. She has been imprisoned several times for Suffragette offences, which include the striking of a Baptist Minister at Aberdeen in mistake for Mr. Lloyd George.

It appears that she ran out of the crowd in front of Aumer. She did not grasp the bridle, but held up her hands. The horse turned a somersault, and fell on the jockey. The woman was hurled to the ground. When the horse recovered itself, Jones's foot was still in the stirrup, and he was dragged a few yards.

His Majesty immediately enquired as to the jockey's condition. The doctors reported that Jones was suffering from slight concussion, but that no bones were broken. His left arm, however, is somewhat badly injured.

Their Majesties while driving to Buckinghham Palace, on their return from Epsom were sympathetically cheered.

A JOCKEY'S ACCOUNT.

Earl, the jockey, says Davison was crouching under the rails. She hurled herself at Aumer, which struck her "like a cannon-ball" and flung her some yards along the turf.

The doctors state that it is impossible to say for some hours whether Davison will survive.

Two cinematograph operators secured pictures of Davison's rush.

There was another accident at the meeting in the race after the Derby. Mr. Leopold Rothschild's horse Felizardo fell and broke his leg. Whalley, his rider, was hurt.

THE LONDON PRESS.

LONDON, June 5.

"The most sensational Derby on record" is the theme of the editorials in the papers this morning.

Some demand that the Suffragette leaders shall apologise to the King for Davison's outrage, though whether Davison intended to attack Aumer is still not clear. She was still unconscious late yesterday evening. The Qneen sent to the Hospital to enquire after her condition.

Some suggest that she intended to hold up the whole race.

DAVISON'S UNLOVELY RECORD.

Davison is a most notorious militant Suffragette. The details of an extraordinary record include the barricading of her prison cell, an attempt to commit suicide by throwing herself down the prison stairs, and hiding in a hot-air shaft of the House of Commons.

As regards the race, the finish is described as being more like a polo match, bumping and boring was so prevalent.

Displeasure is expressed in high quarters at the incidents in the race, and it is possible that a fresh investigation will be held by the Stewards to-day.

While the disqualification of Craganour was taken in bad part by the racegoers present, writers agree in describing the decision of the Stewards as absolutely just.

FAVOURABLE PROGRESS.

LATER.

Miss Davison has recovered consciousness and is progressing favourably.

DESCRIPTION OF THE RACE.

FINISH MORE LIKE A POLO MATCH,

LONDON, June 4.

The betting was 20 to 1 against Great Sport.

The horses were placed in the following order:—Aboyeur, Louvois, Great Sport, Nimbus, Day Comet, Shogun, Sun Yat, Bachelor's Wedding, Aldegond, Prue, Agadir, Jameson, Sandburr, Aumer (fell), Craganour (disqualified).

The horses got off from a good start. Aboyeur led from Aldegond, Craganour, Nimbus, and Louvois. At six furlongs Aboyeur was still in front, with Craganour second. Rounding Tattenham corner, Aboyeur was in front, with Shogun and Craganour next. Close home, Craganour challenged and won an exciting race. Time, 2mins. 37 3-5 secs.

THE OBJECTION.

LONDON, June 4.

Mr. A. P. Cunliffe, the owner of Aboyeur, declined to lodge an objection.

The Official Stewards objected to the winner on the ground that he jostled the second horse. After hearing the evidence of several jockeys riding in the race and of the judge, the Stewards found that Craganour had not kept a straight course and had interfered with Shogun, Day Comet, and Aboyeur, and had bumped and bored the second horse.

The Stewards state that they did not disqualify Craganour because of the bumping that took place in the last half-furlong, but because they were satisfied that Reiff had unduly interfered with the other horses during the greater part of the race.

They also wish it to be known that the "All Right" was not officially called, but was done by an irresponsible person at the weighing-room door.

THE SUFFRAGETTES

TWO RESERVOIRS POISONED.

LONDON, June 5.

Two reservoirs at Bradford have been poisoned by dye. This is attributed to the Suffragettes. The supply of water from these reservoirs has been cut off.

LONDON, June 4.

Suffragettes have burned down an unoccupied mansion near Bradford on-Avon. The damage amounts to £14,000.

THE BALKANS.

FINANCIAL INQUIRY OPENED.

GREECE AND BULGARIA TO ARBITRATE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PARIS, June 5.

M. Pichon, yesterday, opened the Balkan Financial Commission to settle questions arising out of the war. In a speech welcoming the delegates, he hoped the conference would be successful in promoting the economic interests both of the late belligerents and the Powers.

The conference then adjourned till June 9th.

VIENNA, JUNE 5.

It is reported that Greece and Bulgaria have agreed to settle their differences, including the question of Salonika, by arbitration.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

EXTRAORDINARY FEELING OF UNEASINESS.

LONDON, June 5.

The non-fulfilment of the anticipations that there would be an improvement in the money market and on the Stock Exchange, following on the conclusion of peace, is causing a certain uneasiness. Various reasons are assigned for the present *malaise*. It is considered largely ascribable to the glut of new issues, to the less favourable position in the United States, to money stringency in Germany, and to the prospect of a revival of labour troubles in Britain.

THE ULSTER RIFLES.

FURTHER PROCEEDINGS TO BE TAKEN.

LONDON, June 5.

The Rifles seized by the Belfast Customs are still at the Docks, and have not yet been claimed.

Mr. Birrell, speaking in the House of Commons yesterday, said the rifles were of Italian origin. He added that further proceedings would doubtless be taken.

GERMAN ESPIONAGE CASE.

PROSPECTS OF CAPTAIN TRENCH AND LIEUT. BRANDON.

LONDON, JUNE 5.

In the House of Commons yesterday, Mr. King asked wether the time Captain Trench and Lieut. Brandon spent abroad would count for promotion and pension, as if they had been at Home.

Mr. Churchill: "Certainly".

TRANS-PERSIAN RAILWAY SCHEME.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 4.

The Ministerial Committee, dealing with the question of new railways, has approved the concession to be granted to the Vychnyradsky Putiloff Syndicate for the construction of a line from Ariota (Aliat) to Astara, which is considered the starting point of the Trans-Persian Railway.

THE HARDINGE BIRTHDAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, June 5.

At a public meeting, held in Mayo Hall this morning, Mr. P. B. Warburton, I. C. S., First Assistant Resident being in the chair, and supported by Mr. A. R. Cox. I. C. S., Dewan Bahadur Puttanus Chetty, presidents of the Station and City Municipalities respectively, and Col. Betham, Commanding the Bangalore Brigade, a large general committee was elected to arrange for the observance of the Children's Day on June 20th in accordance with the scheme suggested by Lady Hardinge. The committee will meet on Saturday to issue subscription lists and consider the details of entertainment. Mr. Warburton was elected president of the committee, and Messrs. Cox and Puttanua Chetty were appointed joint vice-Presidents.

MOSLEM GRIEVANCE AT CAWNPORE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CAWNPORE, June 5.

A mass meeting of the Moslems of Cawnpore was held late last evening to protest against the order of the Local Government regarding the acquisition of a platform (chabutra) of a mosque in Mochhli Bazar which is used as a washing-place (wazukhana), for the purposes of a new road. The Local Government, in ruling that the original alighment of the road in question must be maintained, declared that the Lieutenant Governor had guaranteed that thr mosque should not be interfered with, but that the washing-place was no part of the sacred building; further, that when a similar point arose in connection with Lucknow improvements, the Mahomedans there consented to another washing place being given them.

The meeting resolved to ask the Local Government to reconsider the matter, and suggested that a committee of local Mahomedans, with a District Judge as president, should be appointed to go into the whole matter.

"Incandescent Gas" is one of the healthiest and most economical systems of lighting."—The LANCET (the leading Medical Journal in the United Kingdom).

THE POLO CUP.

NEW AMERICAN TEAM CHOSEN.

BIG IMPRESSION MADE BY ENGLISHMEN.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NEW YORK, June, 5.

In consequence of the brilliant play of the Englishmen, the American Polo Cup team has been reconstituted as follows:—Messrs. Stoddard, Milburn, Foxhall Keene and Malcolm Stevenson, back. These four are less brilliant individually than the former defenders, but the team works better.

The new team has defeated the Meadowbrook Freebooters by 14 goals to 5.

CURRENCY COMMISSION.

NON-OFFICIAL WITNESS FROM INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, June 5.

The following Press Communique has been issued in the Finance Department:—The following non-official gentlemen resident in or connected with India have been invited by the Royal Commission on Indian Finance and Currency to give evidence before them in London: The Hon. Mr. M. deP. Webb, C. I. E. (Chairman Karachi Chamber of Commerce); Mr. D. M. Dalal, bullion broker, Bombay; the Hon., Mr. G. K. Gokhale, C.I.E.; Sir A. McRobert managing director, Cawnpore Woollen Mills; Mr. T. Smith agent, Allahabad Bank, Cawnpore; Mr. L. G. Dunbar, secretary and treasurer, Bank of Bengal, Mr. W. B. Hunter, secretary and treasurer Bank of Madras; Mr. M. R. Sundram Iyer, secretary, Madras Economic Society; Sir Vithaidas Thackersey; Sir Sasoon David; Mr. Chunilal Seraiya, managing director, Indian Specie Bank, Sir Daniel Hamilton of Mackinnon Mackenzie and Company, and Mr. H. H. Ross.

BANK OF BURMA CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, June 5.

Mr. McDonnell to-day concluded his arguments in the Bank of Burma case before the full Bench of the Chief Court, submitting that the case against the three accused came under the 2nd clause of Section 71 of the Indian Penal Code, that was to say, when a single transaction, alternative transaction, or connected series of events, gave rise to several offences of different character, or several offences of the same character, affecting difierent persons, each such offence is a separate indictable punishment.

Mr. Giles replied on the whole case. He will finish his arguments to-morrow.

IMPORTS OF EXPLOSIVES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, June 5.

The fourteenth report of the Chief Inspector of Explosives has been issued to-day:—During the year 1912, 161 licences were granted in British India and the number of magazines licensed was 217, or the same as last year. These magazines are in good order. During the year, 7,784,829 gallons of non-dangerous petroleum and 512,333 gallons of dangerous petroleum were imported by sea into British India. It will be noticed that there is a great advance in the imports of dangerous petroleum.

As regards accidents there were 48 cases, causing 48 deaths and injuries, compared to 72 in the previous year.

KING'S BIRTHDAY,

The following telegram, dated 3rd June was addressed by H. E. the Governor of Bombay—Mahableshwar, to His Imperial Majesty the King, Emperor of India, London:—

"On behalf of the Bombay Presidency, Lord Willingdon begs to offer to His Imperial Majesty respectful congratulations on his birthday. The people of the Presidency humbly pray that His Majesty may long be spared to control the destinies of the Empire."

A telegram, in reply dated 4th June ran as follows:—

"From George R. and I.—Buckingham Palace, London, to His Excellency the Governor—Mahableshwar. I have received with much pleasure the message you sent from the people of the Bombay Presidency. Will you convey to them my sincere thanks for their congratulations."

JAMBUGHODA.

The birth-day of His Majesty the King-Emperor was duly celebrated as usual at Jambughoda in the Rewa Kanthu Agency by Mr. Sorabji Dadabhai Langdana Jambughodawala. The town school boys and girls were given a meal and (sweets) patasas as well as prizes in cash to each student. Wreaths of flowers were placed upon a photograph of the group of His Majesty and the Royal family by Mrs. Sorabji, Bhailal, Imamali and others; the school boys had sung the National Anthem and cheers were given.

In celebration of the birth-day the Parsi fire temple at Navsari was illuminated and Rs.10 (ten) paid as a donation to St. Isabel's, (Ladies) Charitable Association, Kalbadevi, Bombay.

The general meeting of the members of the Visha Dishawal Guati Samaj was held on Tuesday in the office of the Samaj, on the occasion of His Majesty the King-Emperor's Birthday, under the chairmanship of Mr. Jamnadas Mohanlal Parikh, and had unanimously passed the resolution to despatch the following telegram to His Excellency the Viceroy of India:—

"May God preserve His Majesty the auspicious King-Emperor George V, for ever and give him health, wealth, and prosperity."

POLICE KILLED.

CHOWKI COLLAPSES IN HEAVY RAIN.

34 MEN BURIED: TWO DEATHS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, June 5.

At about 3 p.m, yesterday Chaderabad and the city were visited by a torrential shower of rain lasting about 30 minutes.

The building occupied by the police officer at Kotla Akbar Jah, near Bara Bari, suddenly collapsed and 33 constables and one inspector who were on the ground floor were buried under the debris. The Kotwal was soon on the scene with a rescue party and extricated the lot. The Inspector and all the constables were more or less injured, but four of the latter, who were in a dangerous state were removed to the Afzul Jung Hospital, where two of the men succumbed this morning.

At the time of the accident there were about 100 constables and some tailors who were preparing clothing for the police in the upper storey but it appears that they escaped unhurt.

CYCLONE IN KATHIAWAR.

SEVERAL PEOPLE INJURED AT BHAVNAGAR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BHAVNAGAR, June 5.

A cyclone broke over Bhavnagar last evening, and much damage was done. Two theatres were unroofed, whilst many people were hurt in the streets by the tiles, which were blown down. Those, who were out, had to take shelter in the nearest houses, whilst vehicular traffic came to a standstill. The tempest blew so severely that a building or two came down. In the bunder, waggons were capsized. A godown collapsed wounding several hamals seriously, one case ending fatally.

CALCUTTA ATTORNEY'S CASE.

ALLEGED SPURIOUS AFFIDAVIT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, June 5.

A special bench of the High Court, presided over by the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Stephen, is engaged in enquiring into a matter which arose out of a rule against an attorney. While their Lordships were engaged in hearing allegations against that attorney, an affidavit, supposed to be signed by one Mr. Nripendra Chandra Gupta was filed on behalf of the attorney in support of his defence. Mr. Gupta subsequently informed the Registrar that he had never signed the affidavit in question, The matter was brought to the notice of the Chief Justice by the Advocate-General and the present enquiry is in connection with the genuiness of that affidavit. The Advocate General examined Mr. Gupta who said he had not affirmed the affidavit in question. He was cross-examined at great length by Mr. Norton. The enquiry is proceeding.

DISTURBANCE IN ARABIA.

AMIR DISPERSES A TURKISH GARRISON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, June 5.

No news of importance has yet reached India regarding the blocking of the pilgrim route between Jeddah and Mecca. The Turkish authorities should be equal to the dispersing of seven hundred Arabs who are said to be out. In another part of Arabia there is a much more serious position.

The Amir of Nejd, according to reports published last week, has cleared the country between Koveit and El Katr of its Turkish garrison and has occupied El Katif.

It is rumoured that a Turkish expedition will be sent from Mesopotamia to re-assert the authority of the Porte.

CONTRACTOR'S CLAIM

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, June 5.

In the District Judge's Court, to-day, the civil action instituted by Mr. Skipp, building contractor, against the Council of the Indian Institute of Science, to recover Rs. 48,000 on account of work done was adjourned for a month in view of the arbitration of the claim by Sir Francis Spring.

CARRIAGE ACCIDENT IN BOMBAY.

A LADY BADLY SHAKEN.

About eleven o'clock yesterday morning while Mrs. Cochrane, wife of Mr. Cochrane, a Port Trust Dredger Master, was being driven along the Hornby-road, the horse took fright at a passing motor near Bori Bundar, and bolted. The driver could not manage it, and the carriage collided with a labour cart. The horse suddenly swerved to the left, upsetting the carriage, which fell partly on the footpath and partly in the road.

The carriage had to be lifted in order to extricate Mrs. Cochrane, who was placed in another gharry and sent home.

The doctor who treated her was of opinion that, although the lady was badly bruised and suffering from shock, no bones had been injured.

The driver was thrown from his seat and escaped with a shaking.

The two forewheels of the carriage were smashed and the labour cart was slightly damaged.

OUTLAW CAPTURED

AFTER LONG SIEGE ON A HOUSE.

TWO POLICEMEN WOUNDED IN THE FIGHT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, June 5.

News has been received of the capture of the outlaw Mohammad Hussain for whose arrest a large reward was offered by Government. He for some years, has been living across the border and making occasional inroads into British territory. He was temporarily halting at Goolra near Rawalpindi, when the house he was in was surrounded. After a long fight the outlaw was arrested, but not before he had wounded two policemen.

UPPER INDIA CHAMBER.

CONDITIONS OF RAILWAY CONTRACTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CAWNPORE, June 5.

The Upper India Chamber of Commerce addressed the authorities of the North-Western Railway on the general question of the conditions imposed by railway in connection with contracts for the supply of their requirements of miscellaneous stores. Instances were quoted where these conditions resulted in loss to the contractors. The Agent, N. W. Ry. in reply, agreed generally that the existing forms of condition were not altogether satisfactory and that the conditions, if enforced, might sometimes operate inequitably on contrators and he proposed to have it amended in certain particulars, about which, he (the Agent), hoped to further communicate with the Chamber.

The Committee of the Upper India Chamber have nominated Messrs. W. C. Bevis and S. M. Johnson, both ex-presidents of the Chamber, as its delegates for the ninth International Cotton Congress at Scheveninger.

The Committee of the Chamber, at the invitation of the Honorary Secretary, Imperial Motor Transport Conference to be held in London, in July, have requested Sir Alexander McRobert to represent the Chamber as its delegate to the said Conference.

The Chairman of the Royal Commission, appointed to enquire into certain matters connected with Indian Finance and Currency, having, through the Government of India, expressed a desire to secure the names of representatives of the Upper India Chamber of Commerce, who may wish to give evidence before the Commission. The Secretary of the Chamber had informed the Government that Sir Alexander McRobert and Mr. T. Smith, both ex-presidents of and the Chamber and at present in England, have consented to give evidence on behalf of the Chamber before the Commission.

The Committee of the Upper India Chamber of Commerce have expressed their agreement with the views of the Madras Chamber on the question that the general revenues of India should contribute to British Naval expenditure. The Committee of the Upper India Chamber though prepared to support the scheme, did not at present propose to attempt to lay down any definite conditions regarding the disposal of Indian contributions towards the British Navy.

HYDERABAD NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, June 2.

Immediately after the celebration of his birthday, the Nizam will pay Poona a visit. His Highness will accordingly leave by a special train either next Saturday or Sunday.

All departments of H. H. the Nizam's Government were closed to business to-day owing to the death of one of His Highness' infant sons. A similar sad event took place hardly a month ago.

The Katwal of the Residency Bazaars, Inspector Khan Sahib Abdulla Khan, who had been transferred to Balarum, has since obtained six months' privillege leave. Sub-Inspector Gilbert of the Trimulgherry Police is now acting as Katwal of the Residency Bazaar Police.

At the third-day ceremony of the late Mr. Jamshedji Edulji Chenoy certain charities were announced. A few of the more important I detail. Out of the sum of Rs. 22,000 collected during the ceremony, Rs. 10,000 was from the estate of the deceased gentleman. With this money it was decided to create a Jamshedji Chenoy's Charity Fund. The principal will be kept intact, and with the interest accruing thereon the Parsi poor will be assisted in various ways. In his will the deceased left a sum of Rs. 20,000 to be expended on certain religious ceremonies for himself and the other members of his family. This amount has been made into a Trust and the three eldest sons of the late Mr. Jamshedji have been appointed Trustees. As I said before, the deceased was connected with the Paiga Estate of the late Nawab Amir-i-Kahir for nearly half a century and as he was in charge of the Shahabad Taluq for upwards of 20 years, a bungalow belonging to him at Shahabad has been made over to the Educational authorities to be called Jamshedji Chenoy's School. The building, known as the People's Hall in Market Sreet, Secunderabad, and owned by the deceased, will in future be named Jamshed Hall. It is now being renovated, and will be furnished at a cost of Rs. 10,000. The use of the Jamshed Hall will be free to the public on particular occasions such as marriages, lectures, subscription dances, etc. The Hall is under a Trust Deed, the Trustees being two Parsi gentlemen, one Hindu and one Mahomedan. There is good reason, therefore, to say that the memory of Mr. Jamshed Chenoy will be kept alive from generation to generation.

The Corpus Christie procession held last Friday evening at St. Joseph's Cathedral, Chuiderghaut, was numerously attended, even non-conformists being present. Beautifully re-painted and lit with electric lamps, the interior of the Cathedral was an imposing spectacle.

Yesterday being the feast of the Sacred Heart of Jesus, there was a procession at St. Mary's Cathedral, Secunderabad, in the evening and nearly two thousand people were present. The benediction was given by the Bishop.

RAILWAY STRIKE.

TROUBLE SPREADING ON B. B. & C. I.

NORTHERN EXPRESS HELD UP HEAR GODHRA.

Enquiries made at Bori Bundar Station of the G. I. P. R. enable us to state that with the exception of the Punjab Mail not running, normal condition has been restored in traffic.

No less than thirty goods trains were got away and the arrears are being steadily cleared.

The local and through trains, as also the mails (except the Punjab Mail), all left and arrived as they did before the strike began.

There is a sufficient staff for Bombay and no office staff were requisitioned yesterday to help as conductors of trains.

Nearly two hundred new guards are engaged, and a number of them are sent up country to work where they are wanted owing to strike trouble.

The staff of drivers is being increased at Igatpuri and other places where the strike of locomen causes trouble.

The Madras system has also been able to work satisfactory, as the Madras mail trains (up and down) have been running through.

The authorities are not now uncertain as to the trains reaching their destinations, and passengers, at least it appears from the number booked, do not seem to entertain any fear about not being able to continue their journey as far as they choose.

B. B. AND C. I. R.

The strike on the B.B. and C. I. Railway seems to be spreading, and while a number of G. I. P. and other Railwaymen have resigned the membership, nearly 800 B. B. and C. I. Railway strikers are reported to have joined the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants.

The total number of strikers is said to be 39,000 throughout all the lines in India, but some believe that this figure is an exaggeration.

Our representative was informed that a meeting of members of the A. S. R. S. was held on Wednesday night when it was once more resolved to ask Government to intervene.

A telegram has been sent to the Secretary of State for India informing him of the railway conditions in India.

Messages have also been despatched to the Secretaries of the Union of Railway men at Home, and the Indian Telegraph Association for sympathy and co-operation.

On making enquiries at Colaba and Grand Road stations of the B.B. & C. I. Ry. our representative learned that the curtailed local service still continues. No local trains could be got away between 12 & 4 p. m.

The mail and passenger trains left and came in as usual, but the Northern Express has not been in for the last two days.

Passengers are not booked beyond Rutlam as information is received in Bombay of the strike on the Rutlam-Muttra Section and Gangapur.

The Agent has decided to deal with the strikers with determination.

The strikers at Parel Workshops are informed that no arrangements have been settled yet, and proposals set forth by them through their solicitor and representative have not been accepted unconditionally, because some of the demands, Major Shelly says, are such that he cannot grant or even recommend them to the Board at Home.

MESSAGE TO STRIKERS.

It is hoped the men would resume work on Monday, but if they do not, the Agent has decided to declare the workshops closed for a certain period.

The other men are called upon to resume work by noon to-day. If the order is not complied with the men are warned that they would be considered as dismissed. They will thus lose all claims on the Provident Fund and gratuity, and new men will be engaged in their place.

The R. M. Railway men are sent to help the section affected by the strike of the firemen, and the military are kept in readiness to put down with severity any attempt at molesting the helpers.

In Bombay too the authorities have decided to put down with a strong hand any attempt on the part of the strikers to attack or harass the loyal servants of the Railway Company.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, June 5.

Enquiries in Madras reveal no change in the continued progress of affairs on the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway towards the normal state of affairs. The trains are running with greater punctuality. This also being the case on the Raichur section, where the situation has been most serious. For instance, the Bombay mail was only one hour and 20 minutes late yesterday morning, and the passenger train was but half an hour late. Similarly improved times are seen in the running of the Calcutta and Bangalore mails. The goods traffic also shows improvement. Every day more and more trains are being run and delayed goods are rapidly being disposed of.

The postal special will be run, as usual, this Friday, leaving the Central station at 8-30 A.M. instead of 11 A.M. The earlier start is being made in order to meet any possible delay which might occur on the line.

As regards the men, there is no great change recorded at Raichur, Gooty, and Bitragunta. There has been a resumption of the clerical staff and in Madras several underguards have resumed work.

The strikers, it is said, are adopting methods of intimidation. Among the workers at Perambore, unfortunately, these methods are meeting with success, for, yesterday with the exception of a few men, the whole of the staff left work. An eye-witness, who saw the commencement of the trouble at the works yesterday morning, said that the real strikers were going about among the men threatening them and persuading them by methods of intumidation to refrain from going to work. Our informant added that the majority of the men out were not really on strike but were frightened by threats of violence from the strikers. These threats were being made quite publicly and the men were really terrorized into remaining away from work.

Another factor which led to the trouble at the works is that during night the strikers managed to get hold

of a man in charge of the boilers and persuaded him to leave his post, so that there was no steam available for blowing the horn, which is the usual signal for the men to commence work. This, of course, led to confusion, which the strikers were not slow to avail themselves of. There is a warrant out for the arrest of one of the A. S. R. S., men who has been adopting these tactics.

STRIKERS' MESSAGES.

The following telegrams were received from the out-stations, at the strikers' camp, Madras, at the hours stated—

Raichur, 8-11 a. m. "Still going strong. Standing firm."

Jalarpet, 8-42 a. m. "Katpadi, Bowringpet and Pakala, all holding out till the bitter end. Don't pay heed to newspaper bluff, none of those centres resumed. Favourable news expected, which would strengthen the strikers' camp."

Jalarpet (later.) "Strikers have been refused provisions from the Co-operative Stores contrary to the Agent's notification in the papers. All the local bazaars and butchers refused supplies.

Pakala, 8-58 a.m. "Situation is strong, all firm."

Bangalore, 8-57 a.m. "All strong."

Rajahmundry, 9-30 a. m. Situation very strong."

Perambore, 9-40 a.m. "Shops completely out. About 6,000 men on strike assembled for a meeting this morning. Great enthusiam. No disturbance."

Gooty, 10-55 a.m. "Strong. Thanks to members at Madras and to our brethren from the East Indian Railway who are strengthening our cause."

Bowringpet, 10-54 "Still going strong. Military invading north for menials."

LATER.

From Patchur permission has been asked for by the entire staff to return to work.

At Perambore workshops to-day, three hundred of the men who stayed away yesterday have returned to work.

POSITION AT NANDALUR.

A Nandalur correspondent writes that the Nandalur Railway signallers who were on strike resumed their duty last evening in the presence of Mr. Macquire, Traffic Inspector. From a reliable source it is stated that all the traffic employees who went on strike between Ramalapuram and Muddanoor resumed work yesterday in accordance with the personal advice given by the District Traffic Superintendent, Mr. Mercer. The Rajampet Circle Police Inspector, and the Sub In pector of Nandalur, are investigating, the complaint of the Traffic Manager's assistant.

An official in an interview said: "Practically all the menial staffs except those on the south-west line had returned to duty, while the strikers on the south-west line were expected to resume duty very shortly. The majority of guards, who went on strike had not yet returned to duty. The authorities were quite willing to do what they could for the welfare of their employees, but they did not propose to submit to the dictates of an association which tended to promote organised disorder. They had redressed practically all the grievances complained of, and he was sure that all of them would appreciate their endeavours to bring about an amicable settlement between the employers and the employed."

PEACE EFFORTS AT TIRUPUR.

A correspondent at Tirupur telegraphs that after a meeting of the men at Podanur, the Sub-Inspector of the Railway Police telegraphed to the Deputy Police Superintendent at Combatore, the Deputy Magistrate, the Sub-Magistrate, the District Magistrate to the following effect:—"General strike at Podanur is imminent, Strike in sympathy with M. and S. M, Railway strikers will take place at 19 hours. Require the assistance of the Reserve Police." The message seems to have stimulated the S. I. R. servants.

The Agent and Manager has, it is said, promised to consider the grievances and enhance the salary of those working in the loco. and traffic departments. Meantime the Agent has promised to interview the M. and S. M. Agent to get at the bottom of the appalling state of affairs raging on the S. I. R. The company is striving its utmost to mend matters. Its Agent seems to be very anxious, and, by reason of his good nature, is likely to succeed in removing the intensified feeling by making new grants.

UNCERTAIN ATTITUDE OF MADRAS MEN.

MADRAS, June 5.

From enquiries at the office of the Loco. Superintendent, it has been ascertained that the strikers have not yet submitted their list of grievances. The officials do not believe that the men are labouring under any genuine grievances, and the men they say are now trying to manufacture grievances with a view to justifying their having stopped away from work.

Not one man was able to formulate his grievances against the railway company; on the other hand, in a few instances, the men seemed to regret that they had joined the strike after having eaten for so many years the salt of the company, though, at the same time, they were unwilling to resume work, preferring to sit on fence.

Mr. Sergeant is to address to-night a gathering of the men who have resumed work already.

SITUATION AT BANGALORE.

BANGALORE, June 5.

The porters on strike at the Cantonment Station have been replaced, to some extent, by coolies to-day.

The Mettupalaiyam-Bangalore route is now clear. A very heavy duplicate train arrived from Mettupalaiyam today, with only first and second class passengers returning from the Nilgiri Hills. Mr. Ewing, Deputy Chief Engineer, who has stayed here from the time the strike started, left to-day after recording a highly favourable opinion of the conduct of the permanent staff of the Cantonment Station, in the face of strong temptation to participate in the strike.

CALCUTTA MARKETS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, June 5.

The Bank of Bengal rate was to-day reduced to 5 per cent. The share market continued dull, with business on a very small scale, and prices for coal shares slightly risen. The jute and gunny markets were both exceedingly dull, the wet weather militating against business, which is mostly done outdoors.

SPORTING NEWS.

FOOTBALL.

A PRACTICE GAME.

The football eleven of the local branch of the R. A. T. A. turned out yesterday evening in a practice game against the Bombay Gymkhana. The game took place on the Oval and proved an interesting match from start to finish. Although the Gymkhana were beaten by 2 goals to nil they had quite a lot of the play and with a little more decision and accurate shooting in front of goal should have done better. The R. A. T. A. appeared to be in good trim and lasted well. The Gymkhana were playing several new men, the most promising of whom was Inder at left half. He looked as fit as a fiddle and has just the build for a soccer player. Moir and Evans in the respective wings put in some excellent centres, and their corner kicks could not have been bettered. Clifton, the R. A. T. A. goalkeeper is as good as any that is likely to be seen out in Bombay.

The following were the teams:—

BOMBAY GYMKHANA:—goal, Heemskirk; Backs, Sherbrooke and Begbie; halves Inder, Barrett, Waddams; forwards, Evans, Johnstone, Morris, Adams and Moir

R. A. T. A.:—goal, Clifton; backs, Holmes and Dexter; halves, Brinklow, Mitchell, Walsh; forwards, Wesson, Shelley, Elliott, Pemberton and Parry.

CRICKET.

R. I. M. OFFICERS v. R. G. A.

The R. I. M. Officers played their first match of the season on the Garrison Gallery ground at Colaba yesterday, and won, rather easily, by a handsome margin. Scores:—

R. G. A.

Lieut. Curtis, b Collins... ...	0
Br. Jarman, c McDonald, b Curtis	14
Lieut. Underhill, b Collins ...	0
Sergt. Thomas, c and b Bonny ...	4
Lieut. Heaton-Ellis, b Groves ...	11
B. Platt, b Bonny ...	4
Gr. Warnet, c Wood, b Bonny ...	1
Cpl. Mc Gregor, b Groves ...	2
Gr. Mullaskey, not out ...	3
G. Thatcher, c Donald, b Groves ..	0
Br. Boulsover, b Groves	0
Extras	5
Total	50

R. I. M. OFFICERS

Braidbourn Boulsover	7
Wale, c Platt, b Barnett	1
Nicholle Parr, b Barnett ...	23
Collins, Curtis, b Waddams	2
Osborne Smith, not out	2
Sharrad, c Mullaskey, b Boulsover	1
McDonald, b Boulsover ...	0
Metcalfe, c Warnet, b Thatcher ...	28
Woolley, c Heaton-Ellis, b Thatcher ...	0
Groves, b Thatcher	
Greenlees, c Warnet, b Thatcher	5
Extras	
Total	154

MUNICIPAL BY-ELECTION.

A by-election to fill the vacancy on the Bombay Corporation caused by the death of Mr. Shapurji S. Mistry, a representative of A Ward, was held yesterday in a booth erected opposite the Municipal Offices.

The two candidates were Mr. Jehangir B. Petit and Mr. Byramji R. B Jeejeebhoy.

The candidates are cousins and some of their relations who came to vote found themselves strangely placed.

In all 763 votes were recorded and the official results will be declared to-day.

But from a private record kept by the contesting candidates, it appears that Mr Petit will, most probably, be successful.

Mr Petit claims to have secured 440 votes and Mr. B. R. Jeejeebhoy, 350.

A STATE THEATRE.

GLOOMY VIEWS EXPRESSED BY EXPERTS.

A gloomy statement concerning the position of the "legitimate" theatre was contained in a letter read from Sir Herbert Tree at a meeting of the Shakespeare Memorial National Theatre Committee at the Mansion House.

"It seems to me," wrote Sir Herbert, "that it is to-day more necessary than it was when this movement started that an effort should be made to give to the people some permanent home for the master-works of the English language. It is, I repeat, more necessary to day seriously to consider this question, for the conditions of the theatre have lately undergone an important change. The privileges which were formerly held by the playhouses have now been given to the music-halls, the old lines of demarcation have been swept away, and by the action of the authorities the variety theatre has, for good or ill, become a permanent and dominating factor. Owing to this new condition of things the position of the theatre is becoming more and more serious, and we are assured by contributors to the newspaper that the theatre can only be cured by smoke. We are even threatened with compulsory smoking. It is obvious that it will be more difficult for the serious drama to flourish under the new conditions, and it behoves all who desire its preservation to consider the proposed memorial with which the name of Shakespeare is associated."

Mr. Henry Arthur Jones wrote:—"I am persuaded that it will be useless to build a dignified national theatre in honour of Shakespeare until some efforts have been made to train our actors to render his plays in a worthy and convincing manner, and until the public have also been trained to respond to such efforts in the same spirit. The American national theatre still remains as a warning to us to proceed cautiously."

Mr. G. B. Shaw declared:—"Many people are under the impression that we want to establish a new sort of theatre which will be a Pioneer in the drama and which will adopt new ideas. That is not my idea of what we want. We do not want to expound new ideas there, any more than we want the newest teaching in the sophy to be expounded from the pulpit in St. Paul's. Shakespear's works are about the latest things concerning which, there is no disagreement. We have, however, not got many of his plays on the stage—at present only the more popular ones are produced."

"I shouldn't even claim a place for my own plays at the National Theatre. I don't know whether they have passed the controversial period. We have, largely through the munificence of a single person, got a large sum of money at our disposal. If we start endowing pioneering concerns it may soon all be frittered away."

In their report the Executive Committee state that they are of opinion that the necessary funds for the erection and endowment of the National Theatre will ultimately be secured. They have, they state, a suitable site in view, which will be sufficiently large to provide for a public "Shhakespeare Garden," in addition to the theatre. The accounts show that an accumulated fund of £79,763 is in hand. On the motion of Sir A. Pinero, seconded by Mr. W. Archer, the report was adopted.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

LAW OF MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

The Municipal Commissioner has addressed the Corporation on the subject of proposed improvements suggested by the President to Government.

The Commissioner in his letter states: "The necessity for improvement in the Electoral Law was emphasised by the malpractices which were found to exist at the Municipal Elections of 1910. The amendments suggested by the Municipality have, however, only touched the fringe of the subject and have left entirely unaffected the most serious of the abuses. Since the time the letter was written, I have had the opportunity of preparing the Electoral Roll for the General Municipal Election and of seeing the Election conducted. In this Election, although the greatest possible care was taken to avoid abuses, and although the circumstances of the Election in most of the wards were not such as to offer any great temptation for such abuses, which also the great majority of the candidates were most scrupulous in preventing, yet they were found to exist in the same ward in which they were so prevalent in 1910. A suit in the Small Causes Court followed which resulted in one of the elected members being unseated after a revelation of practices which can only be called discreditable to the manner in which it is possible to elect a member of the Municipality. I have the honour, therefore, to bring the subject again before the Corporation and to ask for their careful consideration of the changes now proposed."

Mr. Cadell then gives in detail all his suggestions which will be considered by the Corporation at its next meeting.

REQUEST OF THE SUPERIOR STAFF

The Commissioner has received a representation from the heads of departments, and other officers, Bombay Municipality, requesting that they should be allowed the advantage of the Government Covenanted Service Rules.

In forwarding a copy of the representation to the Corporation, the Commissioner recommends twenty-one officers to whom the concession should be extended.

The Commissioner writes:—

These rules have been adopted with certain modifications, all of which are, I think, in favour of the employees, by the Railway Companies and by the Port Trust and Improvement Trust in addition to being in force in all departments of Government. The present rules have been in force in the Municipality since 1879. Since that time the Municipal administration has been widely extended and, it may, I think, be accepted, that not only are the duties of the Municipal officers becoming severer year by year but also that a high standard of initial qualifications and continued efficiency is being exacted from them. The rules, as they stand, cannot be said to be unduly liberal in the matter of leave. Furlough is only granted after ten years' service and again after eight years' further service, while in the departments which have adopted the Covenanted Leave Rules furlough is granted in the first place after eight years' service and then it can be taken if necessary, after every three years' service. The result is that Municipal officers who are required, from considerations of health or for other reasons to take leave within these long periods, are obliged to go on privilege leave only. The time available under this leave is not a sufficient break from their duties in a climate from which some periodical change is found to be necessary for most constitutions."

TRAMWAY SIDING NEAR THE MUSEUM.

The Municipal Commissioner has addressed the Bombay Corporation on the inconvenience of the tramway siding near the Museum.

In his letter the Commissioner writes:—

"The Corporation will remember that in the year 1909 they allowed a tramway siding to be placed at the south end of the Crescent site in close proximity to the pavement. The result of constructing the siding at the place seemed unfortunate, firstly, because of the æsthetic objection of having a tramway siding with its accompanying network of wires close in front of the entrance of the building which is intended to commemorate the visit of His Majesty the present King-Emperor, as Prince of Wales, to India; secondly, because of the inconvenience to the heavy traffic coming down from the Esplanade Road towards the Apollo Bunder and Colaba from the tram cars coming into it at right angles from the sidings; and thirdly, from the nearness of the tram ayllines to the pavement which is an obstruction to traffic in general and would especially be so when the Museum is completed to carriages attempting to draw up before it. At the same time an opportunity offered to obtain from the Trustees of the Museum the plot of land on the north-east of the Crescent site, so as to allow it to be rounded off. I accordingly addressed Government with a view to obtain this land and, at the same time, suggested to the Tramway Company that if this land was obtained, the siding in front of the Museum could be removed and the cars could circulate round the plot. The Tramway Company however replied that the cost of moving the siding and of sending the cars round would be very heavy and that the suggestion could not be agreed to by them. Although it is impracticable to send the cars round the Crescent site, Government are now introducing a bill to permit the Trustees of the Museum to hand over the plot of ground at the north-east corner in order to improve for ordinar traffic the awkward corner that now exists.

The inconvenience of the tramway siding in its present position, however, still remains to be dealt with.

In the correspondence which followed on the subject, the Managing Director of the Tramway Company suggested that three sidings might be made respectively near the King's Statue on Esplanade Road opposite the Bombay Club on Hornby Road, and opposite the Old Custom House on Marine Road.

The cost is estimated at Rs. 30,000 which the Company demands for the removal of the present siding."

The Commissioner suggests that the Municipality must be prepared to, if as he understands, the Trustees of the Museum are unable to contribute, to bear the cost of the removal of the sidings as represented by the sum which may be found fair to pay to the Tramway Company.

MOTOR CAR COLLISION.

On Wednesday night, Motor Car no. 2539 driven by Mr. Spence Henry, of Messrs. Percival and Co. was going along Hornby Road when another car No. 2488, driven by one Nadirsha Ardeshir Mistry, came out of Church Gate Street and the two collided. It is said that both the cars had slowed down as they approached the Junction of the two roads Car No. 2488 struck the other broadside, and it was overturned. Mr. Henry sustained injuries to his left hand, but a Mrs. Geohagan, who was also in the car escaped injury.

FRENCH GAMBLING SCANDAL.

ILLEGAL PARIS RESORTS.

Recently a discussion in the Chamber of Deputies on the law for regulating gambling at certain French watering-places by a progressive increase of the State taxation of profits was interrupted by an unexpected majority in favour of a counter-project, introduced by M. Piou, for the abolition of all public gambling in France. This would strike a mortal blow at the vested interests of numerous French thermal stations, and in some mysterious fashion, upon a recount several days later, thirteen votes were found on the wrong side, and M. Piou's project, instead of being carried, was reported to have been negatived. Nevertheless it had been sent on to the Budget Commission, which, after hearing the arguments of M. Klotz, Minister of the Interior, voted against it, and at the same time drew up a revised edition of the original Government project.

The question in this stage came before the Chamber yesterday, wrote the Paris correspondent of the "Standard" and gave rise to excited scenes ominously reminiscent of the Panama scandals. After the new scheme had been explained M. Klotz invited the House to proceed to vote, but M. Piou insisted on again bringing forward his counter project to test the real feeling of the deputies. His principal argument was that gambling was not only a social and financial scourage, but a political canker. Concessions were granted to favoured individuals who only lived by corruption. Such a state of affairs ought never to be upheld by law.

M. Klotz replied that it was impossible to stop gambling, and that what M. Piou seemed to be aiming at was the suppression of open and public gambling, which would only increase more dangerously in landes-ine-reorts. A certain amount of discussion followed before an attack was made upon Enghien which has eighteen years' concession, whereas the new Government scheme only foresees five years' concession. M. Klotz replied that he considered the Enghien concession could be revoked if scandals or notorious evils were proved in the management. From this moment the whole debate turned upon Enghien.

M Georges Berry proposed that no gambling establishments should be authorised within thirty miles of Paris. He then proceeded to read a report by M. Aschwanden, head of the police service supervising gambling, to the chief of the detective department, which stated that, though the employers at Enghien were not always very desirable characters, the place was fairly conducted. M. Aschwanden, however, went on: "You know better than I that politics play a great role at Enghien. We have here a complete list of personages regularly paid by the management. If any employee is punished a dozen letters in his behalf are immediately received This is the business of deputies and senators, and we cannot interfere."

STARTLING CHARGES.

M. Kerguezec followed M. Berry with a series of specified accusations with regard to Enghien, and continued by naming several notorious private dens in the centre of Paris kept by ex-convicts, who, he alleged, were protected by the police. In fact, he described a state of affairs much resembling that in New York. Although the House was already stormy the atmosphere became worse when M. Pourquery de Boisserin rose and asked M. Berry to give the names alluded to in M. Aschwanden's report.

"Either the letter is another police infamy, or else true," said M. Boisserin, "and we must have the names, of deputies."

M. Kerguezec also said that politicians were mixed up in the gambling business, and they must have "light on the subject." This electrified the whole Chamber, which began shouting "Names names names as when the famous "affaire" of Panama was discovered. M. Berry refused, however, saying that even if he knew the names he would keep them to himself. It was the Head of the Police and the Minister of the Interior who should be asked.

At this moment M. Deschaud seized the opportunity to call upon the House to vote on M Piou's counter-project which had been almost forgotten, and was promptly negatived by a majority of over a hundred. The further debate on the gambling regulations was then adjourned. This evening M. Klotz stated in the lobby that after inquiry he had ascertained that the alleged report of M. Aschwanden, who was absent from Paris, was complete fabrication.

Most of the Paris papers for various reasons abstain from commenting on this very thorny question. Whether Enghien owes its concession to paid political influences is a matter that would require very delicate or very rough handling to arrive at the truth. It is not the first time that such innuendoes have been launched, but hitherto they have always been smothered with great alacrity. What is much more necessary, and what probably will be the result of yesterday's debate, will be strict repressive legislation against clandestine gambling-houses, which are all perfectly known to the police, and where pigeons are remorselessly plucked. M. Kerguezec named half a dozen, and at least another score could be mentioned which drive a lucrative trade with the full cognisance of the police. It only requires the protection of some deputy, and as the "Liberte" writes, "the gambling-house deputy is the commonest species. It is he who obtains authorisation, who prevents unpleasant raids, and obtains the indulgence of the law. These bulwarks deputies boast so openly that their names and business are only a secret of polichinelle.' Whether M. Aschwonden's report is authentic or not, it is true that all the names are known in the Chamber, but only in the lobbies. Everybody pretends ignorance when names are asked for in the sitting and they are only asked with the secret hope that nobody will divulge them."

COUNTY CRICKET CRISIS.

The question of reducing the number of counties taking part in the County Championship next year was discussed in private yesterday at Lord's at a meeting of the Cricket Advisory Committee of the counties, under the presidency of Lord Harris.

The following resolution, it was stated, had been unanimously passed:—

"That the representatives of the combined counties were prepared to recommend their counties to withdraw Lancashire's scheme on the understanding that the counties represented on the Advisory Committee undertook not to propose to alter the existing first-class county champions ship scheme until after the season 1917, except as to the awarding of points."

During the absence on leave from May 31st of the Hon'ble Mr. A. Muirhead, C.I.E., Agent, South Indian Railway Company, Ltd., Mr. T. J. McCloghin has been appointed to act as Agent of the Company.

SIR EDWARD GREY'S SUCCESS

WHAT THE PAPERS SAY.

The devastating war in the Balkans, thanks in large measure to the tact and fine qualities of Sir Edward Grey, may be considered to have come at last to a definite end. With less misgiving than for many months past we may, at this moment, recite, in reference to problems of international politics, the joyous refrain "God's in his heaven—all's right with the world."

With this comforting reflection the "Times" concludes a leading article on the outlook at the feast of Pentecost. And, turning to the columns of the "Spectator" we find the following handsome tribute to the British Foreign Minister as conductor of the Concert of Europe:—

"In popular belief when Armageddon came, it was to be heralded either by the collapse of the Turkish Empire or by that of Austria-Hungary. One of those events has happened, yet the Powers have refrained from joining in a territorial scramble, and the Concert of Europe, which was apparently dead after the Bosnia-Herzegovina crisis, has come to life again, and, for practical purposes, is less important than it has been any time these thirty years. Such results could hardly have come about without a guiding hand or a miraculous run of good luck. For ourselves we are certain that the guiding hand was there and was the sole cause of the happy issue; and we believe that all Europe is of the same opinion. The hand was Sir Edward Grey's. We cannot praise too highly the patience, the tenacity, the coolness, and the wisdom with which Sir Edward Grey has managed the negotiations. The peace will be his peace. Probably no other Foreign Minister could have done what he has done."

A very remarkable article has appeared in the "Corriere della Sera," an Italian journal of the highest standing and widest circulation, under the title "Sir Edward Grey." The translation, which appeared in the "Daily Telegraph," ought to be read carefully, "for this extremely able and well informed character-sketch," says the journal, "reflects quite accurately an opinion now prevailing in certain circles on the Continent. When the writer in the "Corriere" says that Sir Edward has been, throughout the long and harassing series of difficulties raised by the Balkan war, the very guardian angel of the peace of Europe, he gives picturesque expression to a truth admitted in the Chancelleries. 'If the Conference of Ambassadors has been able to avert the scourage of a general European war, there is one man who must specially be thanked for the blessing. That man is Sir Edward Grey, who designed that invaluable piece of machinery, set it in motion, and held it together for four months'. That is a noteworthy tribute, valuable to our country in any circumstances, but especially so when addressed by a leading newspaper to a nation forming part of the Triple Alliance. And it is not empty praise.

TRUSTED AT HOME AND ABROAD.

"This very real success in a matter as grave as any statesmen has had to handle in our time is, in the opinion of the "Daily Telegraph," "the latest and greatest of the achievements of a Minister who occupies a singular place in our own public life, and, indeed, in that of Europe. The career of Sir Edward Grey since he took the Foreign Office on his party's emergence from the wilderness in 1906, regarded as a whole, must be called a very memorable and honourable record. He has steered Great Britain through some very perilous waters before this; and throughout his tenure of office he has been trusted by his countrymen with a degree of confidence very rarely accorded to a Foreign Minister by any nation. Elsewhere he has long established his claim to respect; but it is only in the last few months, perhaps, that he has risen in foreign eyes to the height of reputation to which the writer in the "Corriere" bears witness.

SILENT AND STRONG.

"He has been something of an enigma to statesmen bred in national traditions other than our own, and less able than we are to recognise by instinct what lies behind the very English reserve and rigidity of a type of man more rare in our political life than it used to be. But rare as it may be in that field it is still known in this country as soon as it appears. Such men are understood by all who come near them to be answerable to an inward standard of honour and of public duty that nothing would persuade them to talk about, still less make speeches about. Their habit of silence is felt to be a real characteristic of strength, not a dramatic affectation, or a mere result of mental incapacity. They carefully eschew every art by which the favour of men is commonly sought; and men admire and respect them for it.

"Whatever they are seen to do is done with the maximum of capability and the minimum of flourish. They are known to be unswervingly true to ideals of their own, and not to trouble themselves about other people's. They implant the conviction that there is no littleness in them, and no crookedness possible to them. They embody, in short, our people's conception of a sane, balanced, powerful, and self-respecting character."

THE OPIUM REVENUE.

The following is the list of Opium Revenue to date compared with the estimate for the year 1913-1914:—

Latest Month.

Presidency.	Estimate.	Actual.	Better than Estimate	Worse than Estimate
In May 1913	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bengal ...	1035000	1719825	684825	.....
In May 1913				
Bombay ...	.....	Sale	...	...
Total ...	...	.....	...	...

One Sales of Bengal Opium.

Presidency.	Estimate.	Actual	Better than Estimate	Worse than Estimate
Provisional Forecast of May 1913	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Bengal	3015000	5031925	2016925	.....
Revised Forecast of May 1913				
Bombay.	...	Sale	.....	.....
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	...

CURRENT EASTERN NEWS.

Dusts storms have done much damage to huts and other buildings in Mandalay.

The Collector of Karachi has addressed the Karachi Municipality regarding the backward condition of primary education within municipal limits.

We understand that the estimates and plants of the proposed Engineering College at Guindy are now engaging the attention of the Government of India before final sanction being accorded.

We understand that the Government of India have sanctioned for execution the Tandur Irrigation Project in the South Arcot District, which is to take off water from the Veillar River and lead into a reservoir, which is expected to irrigate 17,000 acres. The cost of the project is estimated at about Rs. 21 lakhs

The Government of Madras are doing all they can to push forward the pace of the tank restoration works in the Presidency, and they are in hopes of being able to spend a large amount this year, and, as an experimental measure, they have appointed a Special Tahsildar in the Guntpur District to collect labour for works in the district.

The trustees of the Buddha Relics Fund, Mandalay, acknowledge the receipt of a sum of over twenty thousand rupees in response to the appeal made early in the year, to defray the cost of the enshrinement of the relics at Mandalay Hill. This amount will be considerably increased with the receipt of several more lists from different parts of the Burma province.

It is understood that the plans for the new Town-Hall at Simla have been referred again to Mr. Begg, the architect, the idea being that the building should conform as far as possible to the library and municipal office so far as its outward architectural style is concerned. A wide Norman arch is one of the features of the municipal office.

The Old Cliftonian Dinner at Simla on the 27th instant will be presided over by Sir Stephen Finney Member of the Railway Board, who will then practically take his farewell of India after nearly 39 years' service. His knighthood, is an honour which has been more than earned by good work done on Indian railways, the North-Western State line in particular owing much of its present prosperity to his foresight and capacity when Manager. Old Cliftonians will appreciate the honour that has fallen to one of their number, who has worthily upheld the best traditions of the school.

The attention drawn the other day by a correspondent remarks the "Times of Ceylon" to the fewness of owners among planters and merchants in the island at the present time has led us to obtain the views of a few prominent sportsmen on the subject. The consensus of opinion seems to be that the situation is not one that calls for serious comment and that the Ceylon Turf is in a sound position. The fact of there being so few owners just now among planters and merchants is not thought to be the result of apathy, but a natural reaction of the rubber boom year, and with the return from home in the near future of some owners, who have been figuring promine tly in the past a return may be expected to normal conditions.

The following Indian Army Order is published:—"Instances having been brought to notice of the provisions of paragraph 461 King's Regulations, not having been complied with periodically as therein prescribed, the attention of all concerned is invited thereto, and the paragraph is reproduced below for general information. Sections 4 to 44 (inclusive) of the Army Act are to be read once in every three months at the head of every unit, and also the following notice: Under the existing law, any person who shall maliciously and advisedly endeavour to seduce any person or persons serving in His Majesty's forces by sea or land from his or their duty and allegiance to His Majesty, or to incite or stir up any such person or persons, to commit any act of mutiny, or to make or endeavour to make any mutinous assembly, or to commit any traitorous or mutinous practice whatsoever, may, on being legally convicted of such offence, be sentenced to penal servitude for the term of the natural life of such person.

In a note on the necessity of improvement in agricultural implements, Mr. H. C. Sampson, the Deputy Director of Agriculture in Madras, draws attention to the fact that in the Madras Presidency the cost of production has increased, during the last few years, side by side with the prices of agricultural produce. The question of making agricultural labour more effective, both because it is more expensive and less abundant than before, assumes great importance Mr. Sampson points out that, in many places in Madras, the price of good draught cattle has more than doubled itself, while even in the case of inferior cattle, the price has risen very much. The cost of feeding cattle has also increased, and labour is more expensive, but the efficiency of agricultural implements has not advanced. Mr. Sampson calculates that with the most advanced type of indigenous agricultural implements, one man and a pair of cattle will, during the sowing season, do the work of three men and three pairs. In the Ceded Districts only, he tells us, in the Madras Presidency, which by the way are probably the most thinly populated part of the province, agricultural labour is effective because of the use of improved implements. Mr Sampson's remarks apply with equal force to other parts of India. Not only are the most advanced type of agricultural implements required in India but improved methods of agriculture as well.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

SIMLA JUNE 5.

Col. W. H Sitwell has been nominated to the command of the Fyzabad Brigade.

Capt. Smart, 11th Cavalry, has been appointed to the Burma Military Police.

Lt Col. Tanner and Major Hulseberg 127th Infantry, have been selected as Commandant and 2nd-in-Command respectively of that regiment.

Lt. J. K. Douglas, R. E., posted to India for a tour of a duty, sails on June 12th.

Lt. Col. F. W. D. Quinton, R. F. A., embarks for India on June 13th on his appointment to the 16th Brigade, Royal Field Artillery at Nowshera.

Lt. Col. K Prasad, I. M. S., retires on June 3rd.

Major H. M. Turton, 10th Rafles, is placed on the temporary half pay list from May 20th.

The best cakes for the children are those baked at home, and the best cakes baked at home are those raised with Paisley Flour. Children and persons of delicate digestions may safely eat Paisley Flour cakes all hot and fragrant. They are so digestible. For all home bakings use

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and go by the rule—well mix dry, 1 part Paisley Flour to 8 parts ordinary flour.

Every tin contains an excellent selection of recipes and the Brown & Poulson book of recipes is post free from Mackenzie, Lyall & Co., Lyon's Range, Calcutta. Send for it *now*.

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Constitute sustaining and life-giving el[illegible]ments (Lecithin, the delicate grey substan[illegible] of the brain and nerve centres) of specia[illegible] value to Professional and Literary me[illegible] Clergymen, Tutors, Students, Lawyers, Clerk[illegible] Sportsmen, Athletes, Business men, and a[illegible] engaged in mental occupations.

Their marvellous curative effects a[illegible] manifested from the first day of their a[illegible]ministration by a remarkable increase [illegible] Nerve and Intellectual Power with a fe[illegible]ing of courage, strength, and comfort. Digesti[illegible] is invigorated, appetite once more wonderful[illegible] bowels become regular, countenance cle[illegible] and ruddy, the eyes bright, sight improve[illegible] the step and gait again elastic and determi[illegible] the temper cheerful, the brain again acti[illegible] memory tenacious, bodily nourishment i[illegible] creased and energy restored.

Rs. 2-0-0 per bottle of 40 Pills, 3 bottl[illegible] Rs. 5-8-0 V. P. Extra.

SELECTIONS FROM UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS.

R. J. Mewend, Traffic Overseer, Madr[illegible] Harbour Trusts, writes that:—I have alread[illegible] tried Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls an[illegible] find them very efficacious. Please send thr[illegible] bottles more by V. P. P.

R. J. Macvicar, Shaw, Palladam, 12-7-1[illegible] writes that:—Those pills that I got from yo[illegible] have done me so much good, that a frien[illegible] has asked me to get him a couple of bottle[illegible] So please send me by V. P. Post 2 mor[illegible] Bottles of Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls

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GRESHAM LIFE ASSURANCE.

BIG INCREASE OF NEW BUSINESS.

The sixty-fourth ordinary general meeting of the Gresham Life Assurance Society, Ltd., of which Messrs. Croft, Mody and Co., are the chief agents for India, Burma, and Ceylon, was held on Thursday, May 8, at the chief office of the society, St. Mildred's House, Poultry, London E.C., Alderman Charles A. Hanson (the Chairman) presiding.

The Manager and Secretary (Mr. Alexander Lawson) having read the notice convening the meeting and the auditors' report.

The Chairman said:—Gentlemen, the directors are very pleased to have this opportunity of meeting you at this our sixty-fourth annual gathering, and I am glad to say that we meet in not altogether unfavourable circumstances. It is a matter of regret to us that we have had to part during the year with our late general-manager (Mr. Scott), whom for many years you have been accustomed to meet in this room in circumstances similar to those under which we meet to-day. In view, however, of the representations made to us by Mr. Scott, we felt it necessary to acquiesce in his resignation, and he has, therefore, retired, with our best wishes that he may live many years to enjoy the calm serenity of rest from the increasing responsibilities of an onerous official position. In the appointment of Mr. Scott's successor as the principal officer of the society we could have gone outside to beg or borrow from another office; but the principal of deserved promotion commended itself to the directors, and, having in Mr. Lawson, who has been Mr. Scott's principal assistant for many years, a man whom we have trusted implicitly and who has proved himself capable and worthy, we decided with the utmost confidence to appoint him the principal officer of the society, but without adding to his labours any responsibility for the sister or allied society I feel sure Mr. Lawson will bring with him to this great position the best wishes and the hearty support of the staff and agency throughout the whole of our organisation.

THE CANADIAN BRANCH.

An important and interesting feature of our work during the year under review has been the establishment and organisation of a branch of our business in the Dominion of Canada. This step was decided upon, and preliminary work done in connection therewith, during the preceding year; but it was only during 1912 that we were able to put this branch upon a complete and satisfactory basis. We have been fortunate in obtaining the assistance of a local board composed of representative business men, who are placing in the most generous mannertheir commercial experience and their extensive knowledge of the affairs of the Dominion at our disposal; and I am glad to tell you that we have been also fortunate in securing the services of a capable branch manager, in the person of Mr. A. R. Howell, who,for many years,was a principal officer in Canada of one of the great British life offices. The organisation of this Canadian branch has, as you will readily understand, not been accomplished without expense. Unfortunately, no good work, whether at Home, abroad, or in the British Dominions beyond the Seas, can be done without expense; but in this instance I am glad to be able to say that, in the opinion of the Board, the outlay will be fully justified. May I now ask your attention for a few moments to the interesting figures contained in the report, which will give you some indication of the progress which we have made during the year, and of the present position of the society?

PROGRESS OF THE BUSINESS.

The policies issued numbered 6,825, as compared with 6,551 during the previous year, and the new sums assured amounted to £2,458,161, as compared with £2,249,059, while we have felt it necessary to decline 858 proposals for £410,054, as compared with 851 proposals for £340,878 during the same period. The new premiums received during the year on completed assurances amounted to the sum of £112,664, as compared with £104,847, while the total income of the society derived from premiums, interest, and rents, amounted to the large total of £1,481,521, as compared with £1,468,028. These figures, I think you will agree with me, are most gratifying. The annuity purchase money, on the other hand, shows a perceptible decline, the consideration received by the office for the annuities granted amounting only to £71,915, as compared with £111,102; but I am not sure that this is a matter very greatly to be regretted. The competition is so keen, the rates at which annuities are granted by many offices are so low, the mortality has so improved, and annuitants are making a practice of living so interminably, that it has become exceptionally difficult to conduct an annuity business on safe and profitable lines; and, although one is never anxious to mark a decline in any branch of the business, so long as it can be profitably maintained, yet obviously when it ceases to be possible to secure the business on reasonably profitable lines then its loss is not so much to be regretted. This diminution in the volume of our annuity business, and the very large number of maturing endowment policies—always a satisfactory feature from a mortality standpoint—is largely the explanation of the fact that the increase in the funds of the society during the year is not so great as we have been frequently accustomed to see,and yet that increase is neither negligible nor insignificant. The increase is smaller than it would have been ha the directors not thought it desirable to increase the investment reserve fund by a further sum of £5,000, reducing the net increase in the funds of the society as the res lt of the operations of the year to £37,993, with assets, as appearing in the balance-sheet at the end of the year, amounting to the very large sum of £10,589,255. The mean rate of interest realised upon the funds, after deduction of income-tax, was £4 3s. 3d, showing as light diminution of 10d, per cent. This may, perhaps, be to some of you a mild surprise, especially in view of the higher rates of interest which have been prevailing, and the higher yield at which it has been possible to purchase investment securities during the last year or two. The explanation is a very simple one, however, and is that, during the year under review, we have completed the classification and deposit of our securities with the French Government as required by the French law. These securities are selected, they are, to all intents and purposes, trustee securities, and the mean rate of interest earned upon them is not high, and this has had, and is having, an appreciable effect upon the mean rate of interest earned by the society upon the whole of his funds. The maximum effect, however, has now, I think, been reached,and we are likely to see an improvement rather than otherwise.

IMPROVED MORTALITY EXPERIENCED.

The report makes, you will note, a gratifying reference to the mortality experience of the society during 1912. The statement is an exceedingly modest one, and by no means gives an exaggerated impression of the favourable experience which we have had, an experience which I am glad to say both in numbers and amount is, so far as I have been able to ascertain, a record one in the history of the society. This means that the somewhat severe standard of selection insisted upon by the Board in recent years is having its effect, and although at first it was felt by the agents,and I am afraid occasionally by the management, to be somewhat irksome and disappointing, and probably to some extent is still so felt, yet that standard has now been accepted, is being acted upon, is bearing fruit, and will, I hope, continue to do so during the whole future of this society. Concerning the expense ratio, there is nothing very much to be said, for the simple reason that it remains practically at the same percentage as last year; but it is fair to say that the opening up and development of the organisation of one new branch,and the re-organisation of another namely, the Dominion of Canada and the Argentine Republic respectively, has involved, as I think I have already intimated, appreciable charges, the whole of which have of course, been debited to the expense account of the year.

I have, gentlemen, mentioned to you incidentally the fact that we have felt it desirable to increase our investment reserve fund by £50,000, so that that fund now stands at £120,000. This provision has been rendered necessary by the very considerable depreciation which has taken place in the market value of all Stock Exchange and negotiable securities during the past twelve months. That depreciation in the market value has unquestionably been severe, and has fallen with particular severity upon high-class Government, municipal corporation, and first mortgage railway,debentures and debenture stocks, so that, unfortunately, the better the security the greater the depreciation; and those societies which have been compelled by law, or by other circumstances over which they have no control, or in the exercise of the best judgment of their directors, to invest their money in trustee or kindred securities, have probably suffered the most. A society, like ours, with assets amounting in value to over ten millions sterling, must, to a considerable extent, distribute its assets, and I think by common consent a defined percentage of its investments must be made in what are commonly known as quoted and easily marketable securities. So far as the Gresham is concerned, there is nothing in the depreciation which, in common with others, we have suffered to cause alarm—that is to say, it does not represent inherently bad or doubtful securities, and the assumption is that in time, and one hopes within a reasonable time, the pendulum of values will swing back again, and much of the depreciation, which we are regretting to-day,will be fully recovered. For the moment, however, money is in universal demand in all parts of the world, and markets are flooded with excellent securities at prices much below what we have been accustomed to consider as reasonable, if not cheap. I, personally therefore, do not look for anything in the nature of a rapid recovery, but that sooner or later it will come there can, I think, be no reasonable doubt. In the meantime, it does give the society the opportunity of investing new money in this very class of security at lower prices, and of obtaining, therefore, a higher rate of interest.

INVESTMENT RESERVE FUND.

We have, as I havestated,gentlemen,increased our investment reserve fund by the sum of £50,000, and if I may be permitted to say so, I look upon that reserve fund as in no sense merely a danger signal, but as a very real reserve. It is an admitted liability, expressly provided for a specific purpose, and cannot be otherwise than so regarded. In this respect I fear I differ—and I do so with the greatest possible respect and deference—from such an eminent financial authority as Lord Rothschild, who, at the annual meeting, a few days ago, of the great assurance company over which he presides expressed a different view. It is unquestionably quite right to write your securities down when they are admittedly bad, and when the depreciation is admittedly permanent or even probably so; but to write your securities down simply to meet a market fluctuation when those securities have lost none of their intrinsic value would, in my opinion,be doubtful financial wisdom. If you write down you can certainly never write up, and the benefits of your appreciation when it comes as certain it will,would, I fear of necessity, not be received by those entitled to receive them. In the circumstances, I think,gentlemen,we have done the right thing. I cannot sit down without expressing the indebtedness of the society to the principal officers and the staff, and to the great agency organisation all serving us loyally and so efficiently throughout the whole of our system which is vast and extensive. We are also immensely indebted to our local committees in Canada, in France, in Egypt, in Budapest,and, the Argentine; and, lastly, let me say how much I am myself indebted to all my colleagues for their generous forbearance with my own many infirmities, and for the hearty support which I have received from all of them in the administration of the affairs of the society during the past twelve months. Gentlemen, I now have pleasure in moving the adoption of the report and accounts for the year, and will call upon the Deputy-Chairman to second the motion.

The Deputy-Chairman (Mr. F.W Butterworth), in seconding the resolution, commented on the fact that during the year the Board had considered it a wise policy to press on with increased energy the development of the new branches established recently in Canada and Argentine. Both those countries presented a fair field for life insurance, and offered encouraging prospects of good business. The development of a new branch necessarily required time and a large outlay, especially in the earlier years of its existence, with a consequent strain on the expense ratio. But this was only a passing phase, and the strain gradually lessened and disappeared with the growth and consolidation of the organisation.

VITALITY OF THE GRESHAM.

Before concluding there was one feature he should like to emphasise in the report, namely, the testimony which it bore to the unflagging vitality of the Gresham. In spite of adverse legislation, in spite of war affecting countries where the society hadextensive interest, and in spite of rumours of war in other countries paralysing trade and troubling the nations almost as much as war itself—despite these difficulties, the volume of business, as a whole, had been more than fully maintained, and the aggregate amount of life assurance written by the Gresham in 1912 was, notwit standing these adverse conditions, substantially greater than the amount written during the preceding year. He should like to express his regret at the retirement of the late general manager (Mr. Scott), after so many years of valuable service, and to wish every success to Mr Lawson, who had taken up the reins of office. He had much pleasure in seconding the adoption of the report and accounts. (Applause.)

The motion was carried unanimously.

M. C C. Macrae proposed the re-election of Mr. Charles H. Beadnell, Mr. Henry Hoare, and Lord Monk Bretton (the retiring directors).

Sir Reginald MacLeod seconded the motion, and it was unanimously adopted.

Mr. Courtenay C.S.F Fooks, in proposing the re-appointment of Mr. George Sneath, F. C. A. (Messrs. Price, Waterhouse and Co.), as auditor for the ensuing year on the part of the shareholders, said that they were very fortunate in having a gentleman like Mr. Sneath as their auditor—a gentleman who, from his ripe experience and wide and varied knowledge of affairs, had attained the very highest eminence in his profession.

Mr. Anderson seconded the motion, which was agreed to.

On the motion of Mr. Laird, seconded by Mr. J. W. Brown, Mr. Arthur W. Chambers, A.S.A.A., was re-elected auditor for the ensuing year on the part of the policy-holders.

Mr. Butterworth, in the absence, through indisposition, of Lord Monk Bretton then proposed:—"That the best thanks of this meeting be given to the local committees in Argentina, Canada, Egypt, France, and Hungary, for their interest in, and attention to, the affairs of the society during the past year." He remarked that, when a business was carried on through branches at a distance from the head office, it was of the utmost importance to have on the spot loyal co-adjutors, men of pre-eminent position and ability, to assist and advise the Board, more especially in all matters in which local knowledge and experience were essential. They were, indeed, fortunate in having their committees thus composed, and it was, therefore, with genuine pleasure that he moved this vote of thanks. He wished, on behalf of his colleagues and the society generally, to express to those gentlemen the high regard in which they were held by the Board, and their warm appreciation of the very valuable services which they rendered to the society.

Mr. Beadnell seconded the motion, and the Chairman, in putting it to the sympathetic support of those present, adding that he knew every member of these committees personally, and could assure the shareholders and policy-holders that they were men of unquestioned standing in their respective localities, and occupied great and important positions in the countries of which they were citizens. (Applause.)

The vote was unanimously accorded, and the Chairman stated that the manager would communicate this expression of thanks to the members of their respective committees.

THANKS TO OFFICERS AND STAFF.

Mr. Henry Hoare moved: "That the thanks of this meeting be given to the principal officer, the other officers, the staffs, the auditors, and to the society's representatives at Home and abroad." In doing so, he said that no one appreciated more than he did himself how much the society was indebted to all those gentlemen for the benefits which had accrued to the society during the past twelve months. It might be thought possible that the invaluable services rendered by those in the head office and its vicinity, for which they were so deeply grateful, were likely to dim their vision of the work done by those further away—the vast army of branch managers, inspectors, and agents, both at Home and abroad; but he hoped this message, which would be sent to them, would assure them that their untiring energies, which had produced such good results, were highly appreciated. Competition was very keen throughout the world for all good business, and their own share of it could only have been won by unceasing effort on the part of their branch managers, inspectors, and agents. (Hear, hear.) He wished to add one personal note of welcome to Mr. Lawson upon attaining the position of principal officer of the society. (Hear, hear.) Supported, as he was, by a staff imbued with the true spirit of Gresham loyalty, and great as their record had been in the past, with their accumulated funds of £10,500,000, he looked forward to still greater triumphs ahead of them in the near future. (Applause.)

The motion was seconded by Mr. Fooks.

The Chairman, in putting the resolution, which was carried by acclamation, remarked that the Board had quite unanimously, and with the utmost confidence, selected Mr. Lawson for the great, important, and dignified position which he now filled, and would, doubtless, continue to fill with great ability. (Applause.) Mr. Lawson, in acknowledging the vote, said the work of the society became more onerous and more arduous from year to year, and it was only by the loyal, devoted, hearty, and sympathethic, co-operations of all concerned that the best results could be attained and the advancement of the society promoted. The gratifying vote of the meeting would, he was sure, stimulate and encourage the officers, the staffs, the branch managers, and inspectors to increased endeavours in their respective spheres of labour for the society.

Mr. Macrae, in proposing a vote of thanks to the Chairman for presiding, said that all those who had listened to the Chairman's statement on the present occasion must be struck by the fact that he was an exceptionally qualified man for the position. (Applause.) Mr. Hanson brought to bear on the affairs of the Gresham a large and varied experience, to which were added exceptional mental ability and unflagging industry. He devoted a large amount of time to the work of the society, and the society was to be congratulated upon having him at its head. (Applause).

Mr. Beckett seconded the motion, which was carried unanimously, and, the Chairman having briefly acknowledged the compliment, the proceedings terminated.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY THE HON. COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, C.I.E., V.D., COMMANDING.

Bombay, 6th June, 1913.

354. Parade.—All Records of the current season will parade at Headquarters at 6-30 p.m. to-day Friday the 6th instant.

Dress, Mufti.

355. Musketry.—There will be a Spoon Shoot at Ghat Kopar on Sunday the 8th instant. Distance 200 yards. Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 5-40 a.m. The Range is allotted to "C" Company on Saturday the 7th instant for Class Firing

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 5-40 a.m.

(Sd.) F. H. JAMES, Capt.,
Offg. Adjutant, B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON. A. HILL TREVOR COMMANDING.

Bombay, 5th June, 1913.

146. Leave—The undernamed having been granted leave as follow:—

No 1326 Gunner F M Grimshaw from 7th May to 7th September 1913.

No 721 Gunner G W Murray for 6 months from 31st May 1913.

(Sd.) A. D. CURTIS, Lieut. R. G. A.,
Offg. Adjt. B. V. R.

ANTI-FRENCH FEELING IN ANNAM.

DANGEROUS SYMPTOMS.

When news came recently of the outrage at Hanoi when a bomb thrown by a native at the terrace of a cafe in the Rue Paul Bert killed Majors Mongrand and Chapius and wounded six other Frenchmen and five natives, there were ugly whispers, writes the Paris correspondent of the "Standard," that native feeling was far from satisfactory in the French Far Eastern possessions

Though officials have kept silence, passengers who have arrived at Marseilles are not so reticent, and a Military Surgeon Veillet has spoken out very freely to a correspondent of the "Excelsior." He said the Hanoi outrage had surprised nobody conversant with the state of the native mind. Before that affair bombs had frequently been discovered, and on March 20 the walls of Saigon were placarded, accusing the French of no longer respecting the ancient customs and of insulting old men and women. An appeal was made to get rid of French paper money, as it would soon be worthless, and in conclusion the placard said:—"The French are a handful, whilst we are millions. Let us rise, throw them into the sea, and free our country."

That same day, when Dr. Veillet went home, his native boy gave him a paper to read, which advised the servant to poison his master. It appears that all the native servants of the Frenchmen in Hanoi received similar documents. A few days later 200 peasants arrived at Cholon, saying they had been summoned to assist in expelling the French, the movement is not one of isolated fanatics, but is fostered by secret societies, whose constitution and methods are unknown to the French authorities.

The reasons for this anti-French feeling are two numerous and complicated to recapitulate, but the two principal causes of dissatisfaction are the summary manner in which the French got rid of the De Tham and the excavations in the Hue Cemetery. The De Tham was the implacable foe of France, but he was not a barbarian, and frequently liberated French men who had fallen into his hands. In the eyes of the Annamites he stood for a pure patriot, and when he was betrayed whilst asleep and instantly killed his end aroused much indignation. As for rifling the royal tombs in search of pretended treasure, this is generally acknowledged to have been a grievous error, and the slight punishments inflicted in nowise calmed the highly irritated population.

The Annamites are very intelligent, and really consider foreigners as barbarians and look in vain under the rough treatment accorded them for the vaunted civilisation and its blessings. The Chinese revolution, following upon the Japanese triumphs over Russia seems to have deeply stirred national and racial pride, and the French Colonial Office recognises that the whole system of administration must be modelled on new lines if a revolution is to be avoided. As matters now stand there is little doubt that any war in which France might be engaged would be the signal for an immediate outbreak in Annam.

NEW EGYPTIAN KING.

TRACES OF PREHISTORIC INVADERS.

Professor Flinders Petrie, who has returned from Egypt, has discovered traces of the existence of trade unionism there in the earliest centuries of its history. He lectured on his winter's work for the British School of Archæology in Egypt at University College in mail week and told his audience that the mummy of a woman had been discovered proving that she belonged to the "union of cake sellers." Her name was Isakanthona, and the label which told of her occupation also stated the fact that she was the daughter of Apollonius.

The latest excavations have been rich in discoveries. For the first time the coffin of an ass was found, and a king who had hitherto been unknown is now brought to the notice of the world.The name of the king is merely Ha. No portrait was found, but the clue to his existence is apparent in the carving on a jar,which was unearthed in one of the graves. "It is a scratchy drawing," said Professor Petrie, "and was evidently done by a prehistoric person. There is no mention of this king since Mena, who was the first King of Egypt, so that he must have belonged to a date previous to that, and was probably shortlived." The work of the excavators was largely confined to the cemetery of the First Dynasty (5500 B. C.) at Tarkhan, forty or fifty miles from Cairo, and in the valley were found about 800 graves. Nearly 70 skulls have been preserved, and are now on their way to London with other trophies.

"The period which the excavations cover belongs to the junction of the old prehistoric races and the new ones," said Professor Petrie, "and some of the bodies have been completely preserved, so that we have been able to get accurate measurements taken of the bones. These prove to us that the land was invaded by people who came from the north. It was an invasion of men only" Professor Petrie argues that the invaders were of a particular clan, and they were slightly smaller than the natives. One man had made graves for his family in a courtyard, and he also made tombs for his animals, whose heads were cut off and laid beside the bodies. "The animals were probably sacrifices," said the lecturer, "but not in the religious sense. They were sacrificed simply that they should accompany their owner in the other world. It is the first case we know of the a regular burial of an ass in Egypt," said the lecturer.

A number of valuable alabaster vases were found, slate palettes and pottery, which show that the owners lived before the first King of Egypt. Besides vases, pottery, and skulls, a number of flints have also been found, and the excavations have served the purpose of filling a gap in the history of Egypt which had hitherto been misty and unknown.

Senor Tancrede Auguste, the President of Haiti, died in mail week after a short illness.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your best by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentry and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

HOW TO WEAR A HAT.

Hats are a big item in the Parisienne's wardrobe, writes a Paris correspondent, and this season hats were never more simple—nor more expensive! The trimmings that adorn them must be light, very light—but they must be put on at the exact angle which constitutes smartness, and, therefore, must be placed by the master hand. A single Paradise plume, one tiny rose, a wisp of ribbon—such are the requirements of Dame Fashion; but the entire "chic" of the headgear consists in the quality of the straw and various trimmings used, the smartness of the modiste who makes it, and, lastly but not leastly, the manner in which it is put on. Never has the manner of wearing a hat mattered so much as to-day, and it is in this detail that the really fastidiouslys mart Parisienne is recognised. Although it is true that the headgear of to-day is placed low on the brow, and without "barettes"—which in London you erroneously continue to call "bandeaux"—the mode should not be exaggerated. As a rule it is well to avoid all exaggerated styles. They rarely last. At the beginning of the season we were shown some extraordinary models of the poke-bonnet order which we were told were going to be the great fashion of the season. Luckily, some of us are sane enough to understand what will take on, and what will be left aside. And where are the poke-bonnets of the season now? There is no sign of them. A shape that is so very popular that it might almost seem a uniform among the women of Paris—and it is certainly its practical side which has appealed to women of all classes, for it is the shape that is useful for street wear—is our old friend the canotier—or sailor hat—which came to us originally from England. But it is the sailor hat so modified as to be almost unrecognisable. The crown and brim have about the same proportions as our old friend, but the total shape of the hat from back to front is much more elongated, so that it is now of an oval shape that has its length from front to back and is comparatively narrow from ear to ear.

HOW TO TRIM IT.

The new sailor hat is trimmed with a folded band of wide ribbon either plain or figured—that is, tight around the crown and finished off with a tight or loose bow exactly at the back and resting not against the crown, but on the brim of the hat. The front is adorned with a tiny, very tiny bunch of bright coloured flowers—the tiniest blossoms procurable—placed at the base of the crown exactly above the left eyebrow of the wearer, where it generally "catches down" the ribbon that is folded around the crown. This model is worn absolutely in thousands in the Paris streets, and it is seen on the heads of women of all classes. Sometimes—to soften the effect of hardness—on the straight brim of straw a flet quilling of fine black tulle, cut wider than the brim, and thus forming a sort of sombre halo around the face of the wearer is worn, and this is most effective. Tulle has also come largely to the fore in the trimming of hats this season, for all the smart shapes are somewhat severe in outline, and the effect of a brim ruched with delicate tulle is always softening and refining. Indeed, the very smartest hats that are now being made for afternoon wear consist of a deep round crown of very fine paille anglaise (the kind you call in England French straw) with no brim whatever! The missing brim is replaced by three or four soft hand-made double rufles of black tulle that meander around the face of the wearer with all the softness of the old-fashioned mob cap. The hat is trimmed at the side slightly towards the back with a huge black sweeping plume of the most delicate texture.

ALL BLACK.

For the "all-black" hat is another decided feature of this season's hedgear. Although such bright colours are worn as trimmings on gowns the really smart Parisienne wears only black—unrelieved black—for her hats. Even the ubiquitous sailor, whether tulle-trimmed or plain, is black though the small bunches of flowers that adorn it are so brightly coloured Millinery ribbons—black or very dark blue with intensely bright silk embroideries upon them, are very fashionable for wear with severe tailormades but they are exclusively worn upon black straw only.

ADVANTAGES OF MIXED GOLF FOURSOMES.

COUNTY TOURNAMENT.

Golf is one of the few really good games which lends itself to mixed matches, that it by foursomes. It is generally admitted, writes a correspondent, that foursome play is the best, most interesting, and provides the highest test of golf. Players in a foursome are continually playing a ball from places in which they did not place it themselves, and have to get out of difficulties not caused by their own fault. They have always, too, to be thinking not of themselves, but of their partners. Four-somes demand co-operation, and that, after all, is most desirable element in a game. One of the chief arguments against golf advanced by those who regard it as an inferior game, if, indeed, a game. at all, is that it is essentially a selfish game. A golfer is always so say the critics of the game, thinking of himself. There is only one person in golf, while in cricket, football, and other games there is a side. An essential element of success in team games is unselfishness. The ordinary golf match does not call for this.

Mixed foursomes fulfil all the conditions necessary for a partnership game. There is almost bound to be a very wide difference in power between a woman and a man, and the latter has to be very careful. He must never place his partner in the rough, as with a very few exceptions women players find the rough more than difficult. Nor must he leave his partner with a long approach. The woman, too, has much to think about. She must always try to keep straight, and not attempt impossible shots. She must remember that accuracy of direction through the green is her principal share in the game, and must leave length to her partner. Mixed foursomes deserve to be much more popular than they are. Many competitions are held for singles and for men's foursomes but competitions for mixed foursomes are still rare, and there is no great open mixed foursomes competition. Such a competition, in which many of the best men of the day were partnered by such players as Miss Ravenscroft, the Misses Leitch, Miss Temple, Miss Martin Smith, and Mr. Brown, would create not only much interest but would provide some excellent play. There is certainly an opening for such a competition, preferably under handicap.

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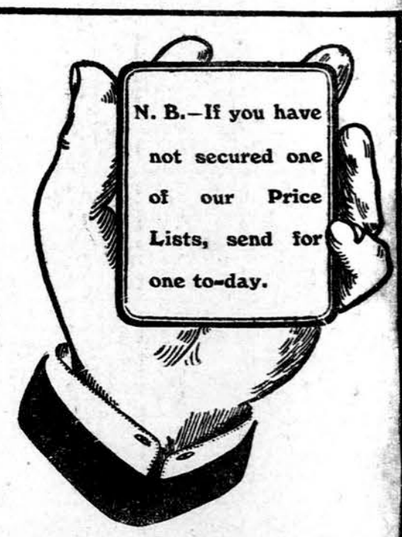

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GREEN ROOM GOSSIP.

'THE SEVEN SISTERS."

Ferencz Herczegh's "The Seven Sisters," as translated by Ferike Boros, transported the first nighters at the Savoy Theater to the land of Viennese musical comedy. Whenever possible, all the men wear uniforms or else fancy dress, and there is dancing and love-making and the drinking of much champagne at wedding feasts. If this seems dissipated it must be mentioned that stuffed cabbage and sour cabbage soup (as a Metchnik of pick-me-up) are favourite dishes with these Hungarain landed gentry. That argues a captivating simplicity of taste. The comedy itself is as elemental as stuffed cabbage. Mrs. Gynkovics (a name which dimly remind one of some comestible) has seven daughters, ranging from twenty-one downwards. To get them married is the problem, although the girls themselves are not backward. The mother decides that the eldest must marry first, and the rest in strict succession. Count Feri Horkoy, a dashing lieutenant of Reserves, meets the fourth daughter, Mici, outside her home, and, although he is not a marrying man, he follows up the chance acquantance by calling on the mother, passing himself off as a cousin they have not seen for years. Mici explains her mother's wishes about marriage, and laments that she is likely to die an old maid, as the eldest sister, Katinka will not make up her mind. The dashing lieutenant, thereupon, vows that he will get her sisters married, and, as a reward, will claim three kisses. Katinka is thrown into the arms of an elderly colonel (who loves stuffed cabbage) a lieutenant of reserves, who is also a member of Parliament is led to marry Sari by thinking she is the neglected wife of the colonel, for this member of Parliament is a gay dog; and Ella is forced to wed the inefficient Baron Gida Radviany, who climbs by mistake into the girls' bedroom after a fancy dress ball. Count Horkoy, after dancing with Mici at the wedding festivities, claims his kisses, and finds he is a marrying-man after all. The plot would be excellent for a musical comedy, and one would not then complain that Count Horkoy shows no ingenuity at all in his match-making, that the dialogue is flat and naive, that the farce contains no surprises, and that there is no characterisation. However, "The Seven Sisters" is not dull, and its simple humours may interest the town, especially as the four older Gyurkovics girls are impersonated by such charming actresses as Miss Enid Bell, Miss Heather Featherstone, Miss Peggy Fitzmaurice, and Miss Laurie Cowie. As Mici, indeed, Miss Cowie has a part entirely suited to her personality and talents. She is the only living character in the play.

Mr. Trevor was dashing and manly as Count Horkoy. Mr. Edmund Maurice blustered humorously as the Colonel, Mr. Sam Sothern made much as he always does of the unpromising part of the member of Parliament, Mr. Ernest Thesiger was quaint as the inefficient young Baron, and Miss Mary Rorke was motherly and muddled as the widow.

A FINE SPECTACLE.

The new revue, called "Eightpence a Mile," was produced at the Alhambra in mail week, and received with the last possibilities in the way of enthusiasm by an audience that filled the house in all parts. It saunters or dances glitteringly along, and contains a fair measure of material that may be called topical, though such satire as is forthcoming is a littlefiat-footed. The presentation, for example, of Mr. Justice Darling as a Punch in his box cracking exceedingly poverty stricken jokes, was rather a dismal effort. Some of us in the theatre recalled how incomparably more wittily and prettily the late Sir. W. S. Gilbert chaffed "the judicial humorist" in that fairy play in the Garrick eight years or so back. And if the very elaborate and in many respects beautiful Persian scene in the second part was intended as an allusion to the Russian Ballet and its occasional Oriental luxuriances the right spirit of a Revue was lacking for spectacle might almost as it should have been presented at Covent Garden and was in no respect a skit. However, there could be no two opinions as to the success of the production, and when it has been purged of some of its dull or foolish passages, it will no doubt fill the Alhambra for months to come. The admirable fooling of Mr. Robert Hale will then win even more laughter than it did last night, though his surely rather cruel, and not very tasteful impersonation of Mr. George Grossmith did indeed send not only the audience but the crowd on the stage into transports of laughter. The neat, comic singing of Miss Retford, who, among many songs, has the most tripping of the whole evening in a little thing called "Oh. Oh, Marie!" will also win still more applause. She sang capitally, but a good deal of her speaking was not very audible. Miss Maxwell, on the other hand, Spoke well, but sang rather shakily, and her most notable contribution to the entertainment was her appearance, which, in a number of costumes, was always beautiful. We also liked vastly the large comicality of Miss Englifield, and the very graceful dancing of Miss Bewicke and Miss. Mossetti.

CHILDREN'S THEATRE.

Still another theatre, of quite a novel type, has just been completed in Paris in the Jardin des Plantes: it is a development of the Panch and Judy show. The stage is only ten yards square and six yards high, and the orchestra stalls cost 2d. each. The theatre beats the inscription "Natural History Guignol," and the repertory is to consist of the animal plays of La Fontaine and Florian. Mr. Philippe Garnier, of the Comedie Francaise, one day asked himself whether it was not possible to the children something more intellectual. The Natural History Guignol, all in blue and gold, is the outcome of his meditations. The new theatre has an immense classic fund to draw from—the fables and tales of La Fontaine, Florian, Anderson, and Perrault. The first programme speaks for itself. First there was a prologue spoken by the turkey-cook; next came a funny dialogue between a learned pedant and a bewitching folly. The third item was the feature of the programme: "the election of the president of the Bird Republic." The fourth item was based on the scene of La Fontaine's "Fable of the Heron." Fifth and last, came Florian's fable of "the Rabbit and the teal. The enthusiasm with which juveniles and grown ups alike greeted M. Garnier's effort promises well for the success of the venture. The rough and ready methods of the old punch and judy show have been abandoned. A well-known architect designed the theatre, the painter Haniotte is responsible for the pretty decorated frieze representing the children and the animal creation; the pediment is adorned with a monkey, a stroke, and a seal the work of the sculptor J. tot, the animal actors are the work of Krell and the marionettes are straight from the hand of Paquin.

"LOHENGRIN" AT COVENT GARDEN.

The first performance of "Lohengrin" t Covent Garden in Mail week was up to the average of the German productions this year other than The Ring. As it had not been heard in a grand season since 1907, it was not to be wondered at that there should be a very large audience. Dr. Rottenberg conducted, and he has his good qualities and his limitations. The best thing he has done this season has certainly been "Tristan und Isolde," and his "Lohengrin" last night was not nearly as good. it was heavy in places and lacked atmosphere and concentration. There were, moreover, some rough, places. In "Lohengrin" the chorus is important and last night It was spirited enough, but its intonation often life a good deal to be desired, and ragged entries were not unknown. The cast was strong. Frl. Perard Petzl as Elsa was very interesting and sympathetic. She was womanly, but did not forget that she was a princess, especially at the end of the second act. She sang very finely almost throughout. Mme Kirkby Lunn as Ortrud —to use a familiar phrase—repeated old triumphs. Herr Kiess put more variety into the part of Telramund that most representatives of the part contrive to do. Herr Hensel as Lohengrin was chivalrous and romantic, and sang more smoothly and with better quality of voice—notably in a love duet—than most German tenors of the day. Herr Bader was a fairly good King. and Mr. Goddard declaimed well as the Herald.

GABY'S PROFITABLE TRIP.

The charming Gaby Deslys is back in France after a six months' absence in New York, where she played continuously at the Winter Garden. The "divette" succeeded in attracting a fair share of American spoil, and the six months' engagement was worth £24,000. "There is no one" observed. Gaby, who pays anything like that here. When a comedian of renown 'touches' £8,000 a year he thinks he is doing very well. New York managers give that sum for two months—at least, to some people." Meanwhile, this fortunate artiste consents to remain in Paris for a time. She is likely to appear at an English music-hall in an American sketches, and, later, at the Folies Bergere

THE NEW PRINCE'S THEATRE.

"Brewster's Millions" was put into the bill, at the New Prince's Theatre in Mail week, and, acted with great spirit by Mr. Percy Hutchison and his company, kept large audience always amused and often laughing very heartily. Mr. Hutchison himself impersonated the distracted Brewster in first-rate style; Miss Elsie Stranack made a very charming Peggy; and Miss Lillis Earle, Miss Claire Milvaine, and Mr. Henry Hampson also distinguished themselves in the generally excellent cast. The scene of the yacht is still one of the most brilliant mechanical achivements of the kind on our stage, and yesterday's huge audience gave it a special cheer.

HOW STAGE COSTUMES WERE SECURED.

Canon Hannay Mr. George Birmingham has been telling how the costumes worn by the peasants in "General John Regan" at the Apollo Theatre were secured. The Canon and Mrs. Hannay, who live at Westport county Mayo, when taking their walks abroad, looked out for picturesque types, male and female. When a suitable one was discovered a bargain was immediately struck, the terms being that on presenting themselves at rectory new clothes of a better quality would be provided in exchange for the old, which generally constituted the wearer's entire wardrobe.

"Get-Rich-Quick Wallingford" is pursuing its triumphant career at the Queen's Theatre unchecked by theatrical "slumps." The high expectations entertained from the first by Mr. Arthur Collins in respect of this rollicking farce have been fully realised and the public has endorsed his sound judgment by filling the theatre nightly.

Another play of Transatlantic origin which seems to be finding plenty of favour at the hands of the London public is "Bought and Paid For" which has just reached its fiftieth performance at the New Theatre. Here, too, crowded houses are said to be the rule every night.

Mr. Herbert Swears is engaged in dramatising Mr. Charles Garvice's successful novel "Two Maids and a Man."

It is estimated that over 100,000 people have visited Drury Lane during the first five weeks of Mr. Forbes-Robertson's farewell season. Not only has Mr. Forbes-Robertson found the strain of seven or more performances a week with different plays very severe, but he has other engagements to fulfil, and, with an arduous autumn in prospect, must needs rest.

Mr. Frederick Harrison's future arrangements for the Haymarket Theatre include the production, in conjunction with Sir Herbert Tree and Mr. Michael Faraday, of a new four-act play entitled "Within the Law" by Bayard Veiller, the English version of which has been made by Frederick Fenny and Arthur Wimperis. "Within the Law" will be the next production at the Haymarket Theatre, whenever a successor to "Typhoon" becomes necessary. An interesting feature of this arrangement is that the play will be produced by Sir Herbert Tree himself, who thus returns, for the time being, to the scene of many of his former triumphs.

FRENCH BOYS' VIEWS OF LONDON.

When the party of French boys who have been visiting England left Victoria Station in mail week for Paris there was a large crowd of well-wishers and friends on the platform. As the train left the platform the French lads enthusiastically cheered their hosts.

Some interesting expressions of opinion on the English people and London life and manners were elicited from the lads. All of them were loud in their praises of the splendid time they had been given and which they said, far exceeded any expectations they had. But even in the height of their enjoyment they had not lost the use of their critical faculties. All the French boys had one grievance. They liked English food and English dishes, but none of them could "stand" mint sauce. One of the lads said that they now regarded mint sauce, about which they knew nothing until they came to this country, in very much the same way as he was told English people thought of the snails which French people were supposed to eat.

Opinions as to the London girls were divided. One handsome youngster maintained that the Parisian girls were far more beautiful and far more lovable than their London sisters, but there were others who spoke in loud praise of the English girls,

CHRONIC DIARRHŒA.

Its Dangers and How to Overcome Them.

Uncomfortable, inconvenient, and often painful as is ordinary diarrhœa, these conditions are as nothing if the disease is neglected and allowed to become chronic, for it may end in dysentery or in abscess of the liver, which is no less grave.

While every thinking individual will seek medical advice for this condition, he should always remember to restrain his appetite in spite of the temptation to eat a lot, partly to satisfy the voracious hunger which is invariably present, and partly in the mistaken belief that, by so doing, he will keep up his strength.

The all-important food for chronic diarrhœa is one which is absorbed almost, if not entirely, in the stomach, so that it leaves no solid residue to irritate the already over-irritated and irritable intestine.

Of such foods, the best is undoubtedly Sanatogen, of which that distinguished physician, Dr. Gumpert, has written in one of the leading medical journals of the world: "Sanatogen is absorbed without leaving any residue."

Thousands of doctors and patients have endorsed Sanatogen's power of maintaining the sufferer's strength in acute and chronic diarrhœa. Even when chronic diarrhœa extends to dysentery, Sanatogen's power may be gauged from the following statement of the Rt. Rev. the Bishop of Irina and Vicar Apostolic of Eastern Burmah. His Lordship writes: "Sanatogen has cured me of an obstinate dysentery from which I suffered for a long time, having found all drugs powerless against it. This, perhaps, because I cannot stick to a milk diet, which I abhor."

Sanatogen can be obtained of all Chemists and Bazaars.

BRIEF AND PITHY.

AVIATOR'S WAGER.

At the Royal Aero Club the other day (writes a "P. M. G," correspondent), a group of aviators were discussing the dangers of London streets. One famous aviator bet that he would lie on his back in the middle of the roadway in Piccadilly for five minutes. Soon the aviator had accepted challenges amounting to over £30.

He then left the club and crossed the roadway to the taxi-cab rank. There he entered into conversation with a driver, and it was soon evident that the talk was of engines. The aviator stooped down and examined the chassis of the taxi-cab closely; he got down on his hands and knees, meanwhile conversing with the chauffeur, and then gradually got on his back and wriggled underneath the cab. There he remained while the driver of the, cab bending down, apparently conversed with him.

The five minutes were duly completed, and the aviator wriggled back into the view of his friends at the club window. He gave the driver a tip, and sauntered leisurely back into the Club, where he received the sums due to him. The incident was not noticed by the people in the street.

THE KING AND AN ILLUSTRATION.

The King, says the "Daily Dispatch," was much amused by a weekly paper which had illustrations of his visit to Sandhurst and the presentation of colours. The paper had a photograph which showed the King in the act of presenting the colours. The flag had just been taken from its position on the pile of drums where its position on the pile of drums where it rested during the religious, part of the ceremony, and as it was brought to the perpendicular his Majesty's position was exactly as though he was about to thrust the end of the staff into the ground.

That was just when the photographer caught him, and the superscription in the paper reproducing the picture was "The King plants a flag at Sandhurst." Of course, the letterpress made no mention of "planting," and the King made the eminently practical comment that it would be well if writers and illustrators worked more in co-operation.

AFTERTHOUGHT.

It was not without a sense of fallen pride that the father of a Manchester boy who was away from home for the Whitweek holidays read the brief note sent by young hopeful to his parents yesterday (says the "Manchester Guardian"). It ran:—

Dear father and mother,—I hope bunny is keeping well. I hope you are well, too.—Your loving son Freddie.

WATCH GLASS COINCIDENCE.

How's this for a coincidence? (writes Mr. F. W. Sullivan in the "New Witness") I was in a den of iniquity in the City the other day when a man standing near me pulled out his watch. "I broke the glass of this cussed thing this morning," he remarked. Thereupon a friend of his, happening to glance downwards, caught sight of something glittering in the sawdust on the floor. He picked it up, found it was a watch-glass, tried it on the watch, and found it fitted perfectly. Now call me what you like. I was there and, witnessed the incident. And the only corroborative evidence I will call in support of the story is this: Though the odds against such an event happening are doubtless incalculable, what are the odds against my inventing such a story? I couldn't make it up once in a million years.

N. S. P. C

A lady was recently collecting in one of the Glasgow suburbs on behalf the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. The maid-of-all-work at one house (says the "Glasgow News") had some difficulty in grasping the full title of the society, possibly owing to the noise made by the group of youngsters of various ages who clustered around her at the door. So what she shouted to her mistress, who was nursing the latest arrival upstairs, was: "Please, mem, there's a lady collecting here for the Society for the Prevention of Children." The harassed mother sent down a donation of five shillings.

THOSE WHO CAME TO SCOFF REMAINED TO BLESS. This is what happened in the High Court of Judicature at Bombay where Justice Coram Haward, I.C.S., in delivering judgment against an imitator of SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC remarked "In fact the sales and reputation of Squibb's Ague Specific are hardly denied even by the defendant's witnesses." Remember Squibb's is an undeniable cure for Malaria and other fevers. Of all Chemists—MADON SONS and Co., Crawford Market, Bombay. Phone No. 706.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(Bombay Government Gazette June 5.)

Mr. P. C. Govinden is appointed to act as Deputy Assistant Political Agent, Kathiawar, during the absence on deputation of Mr. Chamanlal Girdharlal Mehta.

Mr. V. N. Sathaye, Huzur Deputy Collector, Bijapur, is appointed to hold charge of the special duty for the settlement of the Criminal Tribes in the Bijapur District, in addition to his own duties, during the absence on leave of Mr. O. H. B. Starte, I. C. S.

Mr. B. A. Dubois, on relief by Mr. Abdul Rashid Khan, is appointed to be Deputy Superintendent of Police, Thana.

Mr. Francis Barlow Ambler, M. B.S. (London), shall, within the limits of the district of Nasik, is be a Medical Officer for the purposes of section 464 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the following appointments are made with effect from the 1st April 1913, consequent on the revision of the grading of the Second Class Subordinate Judges:—

To be Second Class, First Grade, Subordinate Judges:—Dr. N. K. Bapat, Subordinate Judge, Karmala and Madha. Mr. V. R. Kulkarni, Subordinate Judge, Kahimatpur, Khatav and Dahivadi.

Mr. M. H. Wagle, Subordinate Judge, Panvel.

To be Second Class, Second Grade, Subordinate Judges: Mr. R. R. Sane, Joint Subordinate Judge, Dhulia. Mr. S. A. Naik, Subordinate Judge, Rajapur.

To be Second Class, Third Grade, Subordinate Judges:—Mr. N. V. Desai, Subordinate Judge, Vagra, Mr. B. B. Kunte, Subordinate Judge, Yeola. Mr. B. N. Sanjana, Subordinate Judge, Kalyan. Mr. G. M. Kharkar, Subordinate Judge, Yaval. Mr. S. G. Kharkar (seconded). Mr. V. G. Sane, Joint Subordidate Judge Belgaum. Mr. K. V. Desai, Joint Subordinate Judge, Ahmedabad. Mr. S. P. Badami, Subordinate Judge, Dahanu Mr. M. G. Mehta, Additional Subordinate Judge, Ahmedabad. Mr. V. V. Bapat, Subordinate Judge, Haveri Mr. P. C. Desai, Subordinate Judge, Olpad. Mr. S. A. Gupte, Subordinate Judge, Malegaon. Mr. R. B. Khangaonkar, Subordinate Judge, Parner. Mr. B. D. Sabnis, Subordinate Judge, Alibag.

To be Second Class, Fourth Grade, Subordinate Judge:—Mr. B. H. Desai, Subordinate Judge, Anklesvar.

The following substantive pro tem. appointments are made of Second Class Subordinate Judges in the arrangement of the six temporary appointments of Additional First Class, Third Grade, Subordinate Judges existing at present:—

To be substantive "pro tem." Second Class, First Grade, Subordinate Judges Dr. N. K. Bapat, Subordinate Judge, Karmala and Madha. Mr. V. R. Kulkarni, Subordinate Judge, Rahimatpur, Khatav and Dahivadi. Mr. M. H. Wagle, Subordinate Judge, Panvel. Mr. K. G. Desai, on furlough. Mr. N. G. Chapekar, Subordinate Judge, Khed. Mr. G. M. Pandit, Subordinate Judge, Sinnar. Mr. M. M. Bhat, Subordinate Judge. Erandol.

To be substantial pro tem. Second Class, Second Grade, Subordinate Judges: Mr. R. R. Sane, Joint Subordinate Judge, Dhulia. Mr. S. A. Naik, Subordinate Judge, Rajapur. Mr. N. V. Desai, Subordinate Judge, Vagra. Mr. B. B. Kunte, Subordinate Judge, Yeola. Mr. B. N. Sanjana, Subordinate Judge, Kalyan. Mr. G. M. Kharkar, Subordinate Judge, Yaval.

To be substantive pro tem. Second Class, Third Grade, Subordinate Judges:—Mr. B. H. Desai, Subordinate Judge, Anklesvar. Mr. N. N. Master, Subordinate Judge, Dohad. Mr. K. G. Kulkarni, Subordinate Judge, Sangameshwar. Mr. K. A. Sapre, Subordinate Judge, Shevgaon and Nevasa. Mr. A. K. Asundi, Additional Subordinate Judge, Bijapur. Mr. S. A. Hattyangadi, Joint Subordinate Judge, Dharwar, to be substantive pro tem. Second Class, First Grade, Subordinate Judges—Mr. K. J. Desai, on furlough.) Mr. N. G. Chapekar, Subordinate Judge, Khed. Mr. G. M. Pandit, Subordinate Judge, Sinnar. Mr. M. M. Bhat, Subordinate Judge, Erandol. Mr. V. V. Pataskar, Subordinate Judge, Rahuri and Kopargaon. (Mr. G. K. Kale seconded.) Mr. J. A. Saldanha, Subordinate Judge, Kumta. Mr. H. V. Kane, Subordinate Judge, Sangola and Malsiras.

To be substantive pro tem. Second Class, Second Grade Subordinate Judges—Mr. N. V. Desai, Subordinate Judge, Vagra. Mr. B. B. Kunte, Subordinate Judge, Yeola Mr. B. N. Sanjana, Subordinate Judge, Kalyan. Mr. G. M. Kharkar, Subordinate Judge Yaval. (Mr. S. G. Kharkar, seconded.) Mr. V. G. Sane, Joint Subordinate Judge, Belgaum. Mr. K. V. Desai, Joint Subordinate Judge, Ahmedabad.

Assistant Surgeon S. S. Mahomedi, L. M. & S., has been appointed as a Medical Officer in charge Victoria Memorial Hospital, Bahrein, with effect from 1st April vice Assistant Surgeon G. H. K. Monani, L. M. & S., granted leave.

Assistant Surgeon R. S. Tembe, L.M. & S., has been appointed as a Resident Medical Officer at the Narottamdas Madhavdas Lunatic Asylum, Naupada, Thana, with effect from 21st March.

Assistant Surgeon C, D. Chitre, L.M. & S., who granted six months' combined leave has been allowed an extension of six months on medical certificate.

Mr. J. R. Sawant, Mamlatdar of taluka Nandgaon, is granted privilege leave for six weeks, and Mr. V. B. Mayale, Head Karkun taluka Nandgaon is appointed to act in his place.

Mi, D. B. Unde, Chitnis to the Collector of West Khandesh, is granted privilege leave for fifteen days, and Mr. S. T. Yeolekar. Deputy Chitnis, is appointed to act in his place.

Mr. Hari Pandurang Deshmukh, Mamlatdar of Chandor, is granted privilege leave for three months, and Mr. Sakharam Gopal Purohit, Extra Head Karkun, taluka Malegaon, is appointed to act for him.

Mr. V. S. Kulolgi, Mamlatdar of Sampgaon. is granted privilege leave for three weeks with effect from the 16th instant, and Mr. B. Datar, Head Karkun, is appointed to act for him.

Syed Muniruddin Sirajuddin Moulvi is appointed to be President of the Municipality of Chopda in the East Khandesh District.

Mr. Gopal Vasudeo Joshi is appointed to be President of the Municipality of Chopda in the East Khandesh District.

Mr. Narhar Moreshvar Natu is appointed to be President of the Municipality of Betavad in the West Khandesh District.

Mr. Faridodin Jalalodin is appointed to be President of the Municipality of Sindkheda in the West Khandesh District.

In consequence of the return to duty of V. F. Barker, Assistant Secretary to Government, Public Works Department, General Branch, Khan, Khan Bahadur Gustadji Dhanjishaw Kapadia resumed his duties as Acting Assistant Secretary to Government, Public Works Department (Irrigation and Railway Branches), with effect from the 31st May 1912 vice Mr. C. Noronha, J. P., on leave or until further orders.

Mr. Kaikobad Cowasji Dinshaw is appointed to act as a Trustee on the Port of Aden during the absence of Mr. Hormusji Cowasji Dinshaw. M. V. O.

Mr. Ahmed Hussein Mir Sahed Kadri, Probationary Fifth Grade Mamlatdar is Confirmed as Mamlatdar.

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A Celebrated Violiniste

Nervous Fatigue, Headaches, Languor—

The *power to excel*, the *confidence* which ensures her brilliant successes, says the talented violinist, Miss Sybil Keymer, is entirely due to her abundance of vigorous *nerve force* created by Phosferine. How greatly the numerous distinctions and triumphant career of this accomplished musician are promoted by the *brain energy* and *physical stamina* developed by Phosferine, is evident from Miss Keymer's admission that the tonic "enabled me to *do myself justice*." This *power* to excel, this *ability* to make *perfect use* of her skill, depends upon the marvellous *control* and *steadiness* of the *muscle nerves* Phosferine has given her, and to which she owes the entrancing tone and quality of her musical renditions. Naturally, this energising effect of Phosferine was accompanied by the disappearance of the headaches, listlessness, and fatigue, which were the bane of her public appearances, and it is this happy outcome which impels Miss Keymer to testify to the exceptional advantages to be derived from Phosferine.

Promptly Remedied.

Miss Sybil Keymer, "Riversmere," Albany Rd., Leighton Buzzard, Eng., writes: "I think I should inform you that I have recently derived very great benefit from the use of Phosferine. In the course of my profession I have to travel a good deal in getting to my various concerts, and I find that since using Phosferine I am never troubled with the headaches and listlessness which follow a long railway journey, particularly during hot weather. This is of very great importance to me, as frequently only a very little time elapses between reaching my destination and the commencement of a concert, and it is such a relief to feel fresh and ready for playing in public undisturbed by the fatigues of long travelling. It is because I feel that Phosferine enables me to do myself justice as a violinist, preventing any of the unsteadiness of the muscle nerves, which is so harmful to tone and quality, that I confidently commend the tonic at every opportunity."—July 11, 1912.

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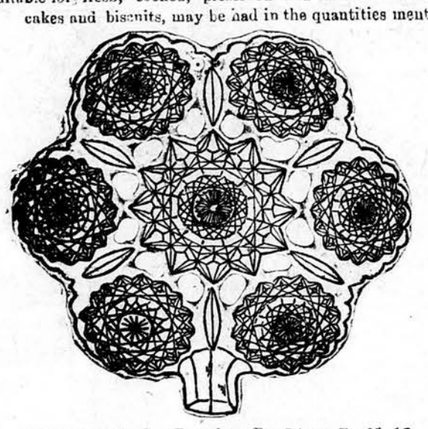
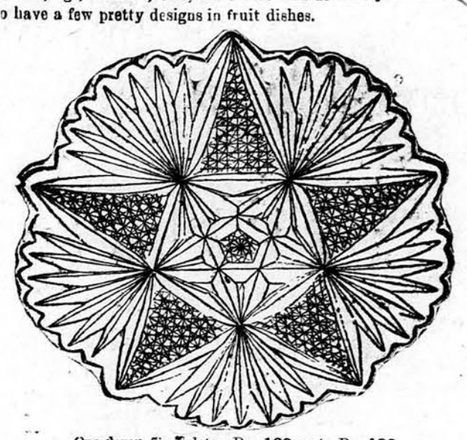


Half dozen 6½in. Bon Bon plate, Rs. 65 net, Rs. 48-12.



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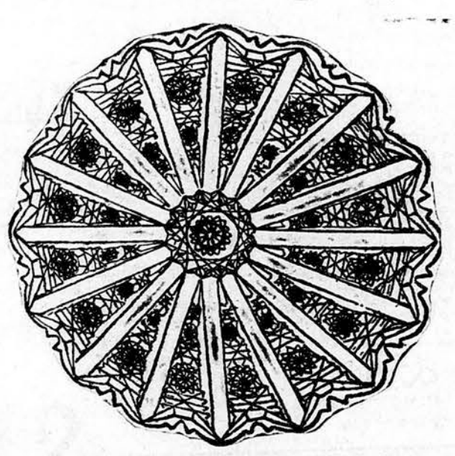

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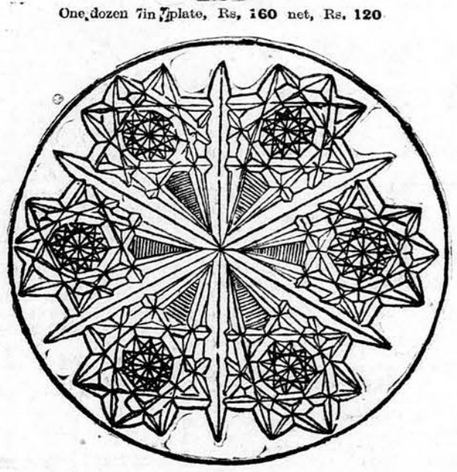

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